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\*Public Law 104-208 104th Congress An Act

Making omnibus consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997, and for other purposes. <&lt;NOTE: Sept. 30, 1996 - [H.R. 3610]

[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-546]]DIVISION NOTE: Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996. C--ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION REFORM AND IMMIGRANT RESPONSIBILITY ACT OF 1996

> SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE OF DIVISION; AMENDMENTS TO IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT; APPLICATION OF DEFINITIONS OF SUCH ACT; TABLE OF CONTENTS OF DIVISION; SEVERABILITY.

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(a) Short < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note. &gt; &gt; Title. -- This division may be
cited as the `Act of 1996''.
                 `Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility
     (b) Amendments < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note. &gt; &gt; to Immigration and
Nationality Act.--Except as otherwise specifically provided--
              (1) whenever in this division an amendment or repeal is
         expressed as the amendment or repeal of a section or other
         provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to that
         section or provision in the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
              (2) amendments to a section or other provision are to such
         section or other provision before any amendment made to such
         section or other provision elsewhere in this division.
    (c) Application & lt; & lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note. & gt; & gt; of Certain Definitions. --
Except as otherwise specifically provided in this division, for purposes of titles I and VI of this division, the terms ``alien'', ``Attorney
of titles I and VI of this division, the terms ``alien'',
General'', ``border crossing identification card'', ``entry'', ``immigrant'', ``immigrant visa'', ``lawfully admitted for permanent residence'', ``national'', ``naturalization'', ``refugee'', ``State''
      `United States'' shall have the meaning given such terms in section
101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
     (d) Table of Contents of Division. -- The table of contents of this
division is as follows:
Sec. 1. Short title of division; amendments to Immigration and
                          Nationality Act; application of definitions of such Act; table of contents of division;
                          severability.
 TITLE I--IMPROVEMENTS TO BORDER CONTROL, FACILITATION OF LEGAL ENTRY,
                            AND INTERIOR ENFORCEMENT
               Subtitle A--Improved Enforcement at the Border
Sec. 101. Border patrol agents and support personnel.
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immigration checkpoints.

Sec. 102. Improvement of barriers at border

Sec. 103. Improved border equipment and technology.

Sec. 104. Improvement in border crossing identification card. Sec. 105. Civil penalties for illegal entry.

Sec. 106. Hiring and training standards. Sec. 107. Report on border strategy.

Sec. 108. Criminal penalties for high speed flights from

Sec. 109. Joint study of automated data collection.

Sec. 110. Automated entry-exit control system.

Sec. 111. Submission of final plan on realignment of border patrol positions

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                      from interior stations.
Sec. 112. Nationwide fingerprinting of apprehended aliens.
                 Subtitle B--Facilitation of Legal Entry
Sec. 121. Land border inspectors.
Sec. 122. Land border inspection and automated permit pilot
                      projects.
Sec. 123. Preinspection at foreign airports.
Sec. 124. Training of airline personnel in detection of fraudulent
                      documents.
Sec. 125. Preclearance authority
                    Subtitle C--Interior Enforcement
Sec. 131. Authorization of appropriations for increase in number
                      of certain investigators.
Sec. 132. Authorization of appropriations for increase in number
                      of investigators of visa overstayers.
Sec. 133. Acceptance of State services to carry out immigration
                      enforcement.
Sec. 134. Minimum State INS presence.
 TITLE II--ENHANCED ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES AGAINST ALIEN SMUGGLING;
                             DOCUMENT FRAUD
 Subtitle A--Enhanced Enforcement and Penalties Against Alien Smuggling
Sec. 201. Wiretap authority for investigations of alien smuggling
                      or document fraud.
Sec. 202. Racketeering offenses relating to alien smuggling.
Sec. 203. Increased criminal penalties for alien smuggling.
Sec. 204. Increased number of assistant United States Attorneys.
Sec. 205. Undercover investigation authority.
                Subtitle B--Deterrence of Document Fraud
Sec. 211. Increased criminal penalties for fraudulent use of
                      government-issued documents.
Sec. 212. New document fraud offenses; new civil penalties for
                      document fraud.
Sec. 213. New criminal penalty for failure to disclose role as
                      preparer of false application for
                      immigration benefits.
Sec. 214. Criminal penalty for knowingly presenting document which
                     fails to contain reasonable basis in law or
                      fact.
Sec. 215. Criminal penalty for false claim to citizenship.
Sec. 216. Criminal penalty for voting by aliens in Federal
                      election.
Sec. 217. Criminal forfeiture for passport and visa related
                      offenses.
Sec. 218. Penalties for involuntary servitude.
Sec. 219. Admissibility of videotaped witness testimony.
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Sec. 220. Subpoena authority in document fraud enforcement.
   TITLE III--INSPECTION, APPREHENSION, DETENTION, ADJUDICATION, AND
              REMOVAL OF INADMISSIBLE AND DEPORTABLE ALIENS
        Subtitle A--Revision of Procedures for Removal of Aliens
Sec. 301. Treating persons present in the United States without
                      authorization as not admitted.
Sec. 302. Inspection of aliens; expedited removal of inadmissible
                      arriving aliens; referral for hearing
                      (revised section 235).
Sec. 303. Apprehension and detention of aliens not lawfully in the
                      United States (revised section 236).
Sec. 304. Removal proceedings; cancellation of removal and
                      adjustment of status; voluntary departure
                      (revised and new sections 239 to 240C).
Sec. 305. Detention and removal of aliens ordered removed (new
                      section 241).
Sec. 306. Appeals from orders of removal (new section 242).
Sec. 307. Penalties relating to removal (revised section 243). Sec. 308. Redesignation and reorganization of other provisions;
                      additional conforming amendments.
Sec. 309. Effective dates; transition.
                  Subtitle B--Criminal Alien Provisions
Sec. 321. Amended definition of aggravated felony.
Sec. 322. Definition of conviction and term of imprisonment.
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Sec. 323. Authorizing registration of aliens on criminal probation
                     or criminal parole.
Sec. 324. Penalty for reentry of deported aliens.
Sec. 325. Change in filing requirement.
Sec. 326. Criminal alien identification system.
Sec. 327. Appropriations for criminal alien tracking center.
Sec. 328. Provisions relating to State criminal alien assistance
                      program.
Sec. 329. Demonstration project for identification of illegal
                      aliens in incarceration facility of Anaheim,
                      California.
Sec. 330. Prisoner transfer treaties.
Sec. 331. Prisoner transfer treaties study.
Sec. 332. Annual report on criminal aliens.
Sec. 333. Penalties for conspiring with or assisting an alien to
                      commit an offense under the Controlled
Substances Import and Export Act. Sec. 334. Enhanced penalties for failure to depart, illegal
                      reentry, and passport and visa fraud.
      Subtitle C--Revision of Grounds for Exclusion and Deportation
Sec. 341. Proof of vaccination requirement for immigrants.
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Sec. 342. Incitement of terrorist activity and provision of false
                      documentation to terrorists as a basis for
                      exclusion from the United States
Sec. 343. Certification requirements for foreign health-care
                      workers.
Sec. 344. Removal of aliens falsely claiming United States
                      citizenship.
Sec. 345. Waiver of exclusion and deportation ground for certain
                      section 274C violators.
Sec. 346. Inadmissibility of certain student visa abusers.
Sec. 347. Removal of aliens who have unlawfully voted.
Sec. 348. Waivers for immigrants convicted of crimes
Sec. 349. Waiver of misrepresentation ground of inadmissibility
                      for certain alien.
Sec. 350. Offenses of domestic violence and stalking as ground for
                      deportation.
Sec. 351. Clarification of date as of which relationship required
                      for waiver from exclusion or deportation for
                      smuggling.
Sec. 352. Exclusion of former citizens who renounced citizenship
                      to avoid United States taxation.
Sec. 353. References to changes elsewhere in division.
      Subtitle D--Changes in Removal of Alien Terrorist Provisions
Sec. 354. Treatment of classified information.
Sec. 355. Exclusion of representatives of terrorist organizations.
Sec. 356. Standard for judicial review of terrorist organization
                     designations.
Sec. 357. Removal of ancillary relief for voluntary departure.
Sec. 358. Effective date.
                  Subtitle E--Transportation of Aliens
Sec. 361. Definition of stowaway.
Sec. 362. Transportation contracts.
                    Subtitle F--Additional Provisions
Sec. 371. Immigration judges and compensation.
Sec. 372. Delegation of immigration enforcement authority.
Sec. 373. Powers and duties of the Attorney General and the
                      Commissioner.
Sec. 374. Judicial deportation.
Sec. 375. Limitation on adjustment of status.
Sec. 376. Treatment of certain fees.
Sec. 377. Limitation on legalization litigation.
Sec. 378. Rescission of lawful permanent resident status.
Sec. 379. Administrative review of orders.
Sec. 380. Civil penalties for failure to depart.
Sec. 381. Clarification of district court jurisdiction.
Sec. 382. Application of additional civil penalties to
                      enforcement.
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Sec. 383. Exclusion of certain aliens from family unity program.
Sec. 384. Penalties for disclosure of information.
Sec. 385. Authorization of additional funds for removal of aliens.
Sec. 386. Increase in INS detention facilities; report on
                      detention space.
Sec. 387. Pilot program on use of closed military bases for the
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detention of inadmissible or deportable
                      aliens.
Sec. 388. Report on interior repatriation program.
        TITLE IV--ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS AGAINST EMPLOYMENT
  Subtitle A--Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation
Sec. 401. Establishment of programs.
Sec. 402. Voluntary election to participate in a pilot program.
Sec. 403. Procedures for participants in pilot programs.
Sec. 404. Employment eligibility confirmation system.
Sec. 405. Reports.
       Subtitle B--Other Provisions Relating to Employer Sanctions
Sec. 411. Limiting liability for certain technical violations of
                      paperwork requirements.
Sec. 412. Paperwork and other changes in the employer sanctions
                      program.
Sec. 413. Report on additional authority or resources needed for
                      enforcement of employer sanctions
                      provisions.
Sec. 414. Reports on earnings of aliens not authorized to work.
Sec. 415. Authorizing maintenance of certain information on
                      aliens.
Sec. 416. Subpoena authority.
       Subtitle C--Unfair Immigration-Related Employment Practices
Sec. 421. Treatment of certain documentary practices as unfair
                      immigration-related employment practices.
              TITLE V--RESTRICTIONS ON BENEFITS FOR ALIENS
  Subtitle A--Eligibility of Aliens for Public Assistance and Benefits
Sec. 501. Exception to ineligibility for public benefits for
                      certain battered aliens.
Sec. 502. Pilot programs on limiting issuance of driver's licenses
                      to illegal aliens.
Sec. 503. Ineligibility of aliens not lawfully present for Social
                      Security benefits.
Sec. 504. Procedures for requiring proof of citizenship for
                     Federal public benefits.
Sec. 505. Limitation on eligibility for preferential treatment of
                      aliens not lawfully present on basis of
                      residence for higher education benefits.
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Sec. 506. Study and report on alien student eligibility for
                      postsecondary Federal student financial
                      assistance.
Sec. 507. Verification of immigration status for purposes of
                      Social Security and higher educational
                      assistance.
Sec. 508. No verification requirement for nonprofit charitable
                      organizations.
Sec. 509. GAO study of provision of means-tested public benefits
                      to aliens who are not qualified aliens on
                      behalf of eligible individuals.
Sec. 510. Transition for aliens currently receiving benefits under
                      the Food Stamp program.
                   Subtitle B--Public Charge Exclusion
Sec. 531. Ground for exclusion.
                    Subtitle C--Affidavits of Support
Sec. 551. Requirements for sponsor's affidavit of support.
Sec. 552. Indigence and battered spouse and child exceptions to
                      Federal attribution of income rule.
Sec. 553. Authority of States and political subdivisions of States
                      to limit assistance to aliens and to
                      distinguish among classes of aliens in
                      providing general cash public assistance.
                  Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Provisions
Sec. 561. Increased maximum criminal penalties for forging or
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# unlawful alien. Sec. 562. Treatment of expenses subject to emergency medical services exception.

Sec. 563. Reimbursement of States and localities for emergency

counterfeiting seal of a Federal department or agency to facilitate benefit fraud by an

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ambulance services.
Sec. 564. Pilot programs to require bonding.
Sec. 565. Reports.
                     Subtitle E--Housing Assistance
Sec. 571. Short title.
Sec. 572. Prorating of financial assistance.
Sec. 573. Actions in cases of termination of financial assistance.
Sec. 574. Verification of immigration status and eligibility for
                     financial assistance.
Sec. 575. Prohibition of sanctions against entities making
                      financial assistance eligibility
                      determinations.
Sec. 576. Eligibility for public and assisted housing.
Sec. 577. Regulations.
                     Subtitle F--General Provisions
Sec. 591. Effective dates.
Sec. 592. Not applicable to foreign assistance.
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Sec. 593. Notification.
Sec. 594. Definitions.
                   TITLE VI--MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
                Subtitle A--Refugees, Parole, and Asylum
Sec. 601. Persecution for resistance to coercive population
                     control methods.
Sec. 602. Limitation on use of parole.
Sec. 603. Treatment of long-term parolees in applying worldwide
                      numerical limitations.
Sec. 604. Asylum reform.
Sec. 605. Increase in asylum officers.
Sec. 606. Conditional repeal of Cuban Adjustment Act.
Subtitle B--Miscellaneous Amendments to the Immigration and Nationality
                                   Act
Sec. 621. Alien witness cooperation.
Sec. 622. Waiver of foreign country residence requirement with
                      respect to international medical graduates.
Sec. 623. Use of legalization and special agricultural worker
                      information.
Sec. 624. Continued validity of labor certifications and
                      classification petitions for professional
                      athletes.
Sec. 625. Foreign students.
Sec. 626. Services to family members of certain officers and
                      agents killed in the line of duty.
   Subtitle C--Provisions Relating to Visa Processing and Consular
                               Efficiency
Sec. 631. Validity of period of visas.
Sec. 632. Elimination of consulate shopping for visa overstays.
Sec. 633. Authority to determine visa processing procedures.
Sec. 634. Changes regarding visa application process.
Sec. 635. Visa waiver program.
Sec. 636. Fee for diversity immigrant lottery.
Sec. 637. Eligibility for visas for certain Polish applicants for
                      the 1995 diversity immigrant program.
                      Subtitle D--Other Provisions
Sec. 641. Program to collect information relating to nonimmigrant
                      foreign students.
Sec. 642. Communication between government agencies and the
                     Immigration and Naturalization Service.
Sec. 643. Regulations regarding habitual residence.
Sec. 644. Information regarding female genital mutilation.
Sec. 645. Criminalization of female genital mutilation.
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Sec. 646. Adjustment of status for certain Polish and Hungarian
                     parolees.
Sec. 647. Support of demonstration projects.
Sec. 648. Sense of Congress regarding American-made products;
                     requirements regarding notice.
Sec. 649. Vessel movement controls during immigration emergency.
Sec. 650. Review of practices of testing entities.
Sec. 651. Designation of a United States customs administrative
                      building.
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Sec. 652. Mail-order bride business.
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Sec. 653. Review and report on H-2A nonimmigrant workers program.

Sec. 654. Report on allegations of harassment by Canadian customs agents.

Sec. 655. Sense of Congress on discriminatory application of New

Brunswick provincial sales tax. Sec. 656. Improvements in identification-related documents.

Sec. 657. Development of prototype of counterfeit-resistant Social Security card.

Sec. 658. Border Patrol Museum.

Sec. 659. Sense of the Congress regarding the mission of the

Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Sec. 660. Authority for National Guard to assist in transportation of certain aliens.

#### Subtitle E--Technical Corrections

Sec. 671. Miscellaneous technical corrections.

(e) Severability.--If <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; any provision of this division or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this division and the application of the provisions of this division to any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

TITLE I--IMPROVEMENTS TO BORDER CONTROL, FACILITATION OF LEGAL ENTRY, AND INTERIOR ENFORCEMENT

Subtitle A--Improved Enforcement at the Border

SEC. 101. BORDER PATROL AGENTS AND SUPPORT PERSONNEL.

- (a) Increased Number of Border Patrol Agents.—The Attorney General in each of fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001 shall increase by not less than 1,000 the number of positions for full-time, activeduty border patrol agents within the Immigration and Naturalization Service above the number of such positions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year.
- (b) Increase in Border Patrol Support Personnel.--The Attorney General, in each of fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000,

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and 2001, may increase by 300 the number of positions for personnel in support of border patrol agents above the number of such positions for which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year.

- which funds were allotted for the preceding fiscal year.

  (c) Deployment of Border Patrol Agents.—The Attorney General shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that additional border patrol agents shall be deployed among Immigration and Naturalization Service sectors along the border in proportion to the level of illegal crossing of the borders of the United States measured in each sector during the preceding fiscal year and reasonably anticipated in the next fiscal year.
  - (d) Forward Deployment.--
    - (1) In general.--The Attorney General shall forward deploy existing border patrol agents in those areas of the border identified as areas of high illegal entry into the United States in order to provide a uniform and visible deterrent to illegal entry on a continuing basis. The previous sentence shall not apply to border patrol agents located at checkpoints.
    - (2) Preservation of law enforcement functions and capabilities in interior states.—The Attorney General shall, when deploying border patrol personnel from interior stations to border stations, coordinate with, and act in conjunction with, State and local law enforcement agencies to ensure that such deployment does not degrade or compromise the law enforcement capabilities and functions currently performed at interior border patrol stations.
    - (3) Report.--Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a report on--
      - (A) the progress and effectiveness of the forward deployment under paragraph (1); and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1$ 
        - (B) the measures taken to comply with paragraph (2).

SEC. 102. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note.&gt;&gt; IMPROVEMENT OF BARRIERS AT BORDER.

- (a) In General.--The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, shall take such actions as may be necessary to install additional physical barriers and roads (including the removal of obstacles to detection of illegal entrants) in the vicinity of the United States border to deter illegal crossings in areas of high illegal entry into the United States.
- (b) Construction of Fencing and Road Improvements in the Border Area Near San Diego, California.--
  - (1) In general.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Attorney General shall provide for the construction along the  $14\,$

miles of the international land border of the United States, starting at the Pacific Ocean and extending eastward, of second and third fences, in addition to the existing reinforced fence, and for roads between the fences.

(2) Prompt acquisition of necessary easements.—The Attorney General, acting under the authority conferred in section 103(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as inserted by subsection (d)), shall promptly acquire such easements as may be necessary to carry out this subsection and shall commence construction of fences immediately following such acquisition (or conclusion of portions thereof).

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- (3) Safety features.--The Attorney General, while constructing the additional fencing under this subsection, shall incorporate such safety features into the design of the fence system as are necessary to ensure the well-being of border patrol agents deployed within or in near proximity to the system.
- (4) Authorization of appropriations.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection not to exceed \$12,000,000. Amounts appropriated under this paragraph are authorized to remain available until expended.
- (c) Waiver.--The provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 are waived to the extent the Attorney General determines necessary to ensure expeditious construction of the barriers and roads under this section.
  - (d) Land Acquisition Authority .--
    - (1) In general.--Section 103 (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended--(A) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d) as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively; and (B) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- ``(b)(1) The Attorney General may contract for or buy any interest in land, including temporary use rights, adjacent to or in the vicinity of an international land border when the Attorney General deems the land essential to control and guard the boundaries and borders of the United States against any violation of this Act.
- ``(2) The Attorney General may contract for or buy any interest in land identified pursuant to paragraph (1) as soon as the lawful owner of that interest fixes a price for it and the Attorney General considers that price to be reasonable.
- ``(3) When the Attorney General and the lawful owner of an interest identified pursuant to paragraph (1) are unable to agree upon a reasonable price, the Attorney General may commence condemnation proceedings pursuant to the Act of August 1, 1888 (Chapter 728; 25 Stat. 357).
- 3577).

  ``(4) The Attorney General may accept for the United States a gift of any interest in land identified pursuant to paragraph (1).''.

  (2) Conforming amendment.—Section 103(e) (as so redesignated by paragraph (1)(A)) is amended by striking ``subsection (c)'' and inserting ``subsection (d)''.
- SEC. 103. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note.&gt;&gt; IMPROVED BORDER EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY.

The Attorney General is authorized to acquire and use, for the purpose of detection, interdiction, and reduction of illegal immigration into the United States, any Federal equipment (including fixed wing aircraft, helicopters, four-wheel drive vehicles, sedans, night vision goggles, night vision scopes, and sensor units) determined available for transfer by any other agency of the Federal Government upon request of the Attorney General.

- SEC. 104. IMPROVEMENT IN BORDER CROSSING IDENTIFICATION CARD.
- (a) In General.--Section 101(a)(6) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following: `Such regulations shall provide that (A) each such document include a biometric identifier (such as the fingerprint or handprint of the alien) that is machine readable and (B) an alien presenting a border crossing

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identification card is not permitted to cross over the border into the United States unless the biometric identifier contained on the card matches the appropriate biometric characteristic of the alien.''.

- (b) Effective <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Dates.--(1) Clause a.--Clause (A) of the sentence added by the amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to documents issued on or after 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (2) Clause b.--Clause (B) of such sentence shall apply to cards presented on or after 3 years after the date of the enactment of this  ${\tt Act.}$

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SEC. 105. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL ENTRY.
         (a) In General.--Section 275 (8 U.S.C. 1325) is amended--
                           (1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections
                  (c) and (d), respectively; and
                           (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
            (b) Any alien who is apprehended while entering (or attempting to
enter) the United States at a time or place other than as designated by immigration officers shall be subject to a civil penalty of-- \,
                           ``(1) at least $50 and not more than $250 for each such
                 entry (or attempted entry); or
   ``(2) twice the amount specified in paragraph (1) in the
                  case of an alien who has been previously subject to a civil
                  penalty under this subsection.
Civil penalties under this subsection are in addition to, and not in
(b) Effective < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1325 note. &gt; &gt; Date. -- The amendments made
by subsection (a) shall apply to illegal entries or attempts to enter
occurring on or after the first day of the sixth month beginning after
the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 106. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note.&gt;&gt; HIRING AND TRAINING STANDARDS.
         (a) Review of Hiring Standards.--Not later than 60 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall complete a
review of all prescreening and hiring standards used by the Commissioner
of Immigration and Naturalization, and, where necessary, revise such
standards to ensure that they are consistent with relevant standards of
professionalism.
        (b) Certification. -- At the conclusion of each of fiscal years 1997.
1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001, the Attorney General shall certify in
writing to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of
Representatives and of the Senate that all personnel hired by the
Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization for such fiscal year were
hired pursuant to the appropriate standards, as revised under subsection
        (c) Review of Training Standards. --
                          (1) Review.--Not later than 180 days after the date of the
                  enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall complete a
                  review of the sufficiency of all training standards used by the
                 Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.
                          (2) Report. --
                                           (A) In general. -- Not later than 90 days after the
                                   completion of the review under paragraph (1), the
                                   Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committees
                                   on the
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                                   Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the
                                   Senate on the results of the review, including-
                                                        (i) a description of the status of efforts to
                                                update and improve training throughout the
                                                Immigration and Naturalization Service; and
                                                        (ii) an estimate of when such efforts are
                                                expected to be completed.
                                            (B) Areas requiring future review. -- The report shall
                                   disclose those areas of training that the Attorney
                                   General determines require further review in the future.
SEC. 107. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note.&gt;&gt; REPORT ON BORDER STRATEGY.
         (a) Evaluation of Strategy.--The Comptroller General of the United
States shall track, monitor, and evaluate the Attorney General's
strategy to deter illegal entry in the United States to determine the
efficacy of such strategy.
        (b) Cooperation .-- The Attorney General, the Secretary of State, and
the Secretary of Defense shall cooperate with the Comptroller General of
the United States in carrying out subsection (a).
         (c) Report. -- Not later than one year after the date of the enactment
of this Act, and every year thereafter for the succeeding 5 years, the
Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report to the
Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the
Senate on the results of the activities undertaken under subsection (a)
during the previous year. Each such report shall include an analysis of
the degree to which the Attorney General's strategy has been effective
in reducing illegal entry. Each such report shall include a collection and systematic analysis of data, including workload indicators, related
to activities to deter illegal entry and recommendations to improve and % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left(
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SEC. 108. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR HIGH SPEED FLIGHTS FROM IMMIGRATION CHECKPOINTS.

increase border security at the border and ports of entry.

(a) Findings.--The <&lt;NOTE: 18 USC 758 note.&gt;&gt; Congress finds as follows:

- $\ensuremath{(1)}$  Immigration checkpoints are an important component of the national strategy to prevent illegal immigration.
- (2) Individuals fleeing immigration checkpoints and leading law enforcement officials on high speed vehicle chases endanger law enforcement officers, innocent bystanders, and the fleeing individuals themselves.
- (3) The pursuit of suspects fleeing immigration checkpoints is complicated by overlapping jurisdiction among Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers.
- (b) High Speed Flight from Immigration Checkpoints.--(1) In general.--Chapter 35 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- ``Sec. 758. High speed flight from immigration checkpoint

``Whoever flees or evades a checkpoint operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, or any other Federal law enforcement agency, in a motor vehicle and flees Federal, State, or local law enforcement agents in excess of the legal speed limit shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than five years, or both.''.

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(2) Clerical amendment.--The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 757 the following:

``758. High speed flight from immigration checkpoint.''.

- (c) Grounds for Deportation.--Section 241(a)(2)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(2)(A)) is amended--
  - (1) by redesignating clause (iv) as clause (v);
  - (2) by inserting after clause (iii) the following: ``(iv) High speed flight.--Any alien who is convicted of a violation of section 758 of title 18, United States Code, (relating to high speed flight from an immigration checkpoint) is deportable.''; and
  - (3) in clause (v) (as so redesignated by paragraph (1)), by striking ``and (iii)'' and inserting ``(iii), and (iv)''.
- SEC. 109. JOINT STUDY OF AUTOMATED DATA COLLECTION.
- (a) Study.--The Attorney General, together with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Treasury, and appropriate representatives of the air transport industry, shall jointly undertake a study to develop a plan for making the transition to automated data collection at ports of entry.
- (b) Report.--Nine months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the outcome of the joint initiative under subsection (a), noting specific areas of agreement and disagreement, and recommending further steps to be taken, including any suggestions for legislation.
- SEC. 110. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1221 note. &gt; &gt; AUTOMATED ENTRY-EXIT CONTROL SYSTEM.
- (a) System.--Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall develop an automated entry and exit control system that will--
  - (1) collect a record of departure for every alien departing the United States and match the records of departure with the record of the alien's arrival in the United States; and
  - (2) enable the Attorney General to identify, through on-line searching procedures, lawfully admitted nonimmigrants who remain in the United States beyond the period authorized by the Attorney General.
  - (b) Report. --
    - (1) Deadline.--Not later than December 31 of each year following the development of the system under subsection (a), the Attorney General shall submit an annual report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate on such system.
    - (2) Information.—The report shall include the following information:
      - (A) The number of departure records collected, with an accounting by country of nationality of the departing alien.
      - (B) The number of departure records that were successfully matched to records of the alien's prior arrival in the United States, with an accounting by the alien's country of nationality and by the alien's classification as an immigrant or nonimmigrant.

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- (C) The number of aliens who arrived as nonimmigrants, or as a visitor under the visa waiver program under section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, for whom no matching departure record has been obtained through the system or through other means as of the end of the alien's authorized period of stay, with an accounting by the alien's country of nationality and date of arrival in the United States.
- (c) Use of Information on Overstays.—Information regarding aliens who have remained in the United Staty beyond their authorized period of stay identified through the system shall be integrated into appropriate data bases of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and the Department of State, including those used at ports of entry and at consular offices.
- SEC. 111. SUBMISSION OF FINAL PLAN ON REALIGNMENT OF BORDER PATROL POSITIONS FROM INTERIOR STATIONS.

Not later than November 30, 1996, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a final plan regarding the redeployment of border patrol personnel from interior locations to the front lines of the border. The final plan shall be consistent with the following:

- (1) The preliminary plan regarding such redeployment submitted by the Attorney General on May 17, 1996, to the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (2) The direction regarding such redeployment provided in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference in the conference report to accompany the Omnibus Consolidated Rescissions and Appropriations Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-134).

#### SEC. 112. NATIONWIDE FINGERPRINTING OF APPREHENDED ALIENS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such additional sums as may be necessary to ensure that the ``IDENT'' program (operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service) is expanded to apply to illegal or criminal aliens apprehended nationwide.

Subtitle B--Facilitation of Legal Entry

SEC. 121. LAND BORDER INSPECTORS.

In order to eliminate undue delay in the thorough inspection of persons and vehicles lawfully attempting to enter the United States, the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury each shall increase, by approximately equal numbers in each of fiscal years 1997 and 1998, the number of full-time land border inspectors assigned to active duty by the Immigration and Naturalization Service and the United States Customs Service to a level adequate to assure full staffing during peak crossing hours of all border crossing lanes currently in use, under construction, or whose construction has been authorized by the Congress, except such low-use lanes as the Attorney General may designate.

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- SEC. 122. LAND BORDER INSPECTION AND AUTOMATED PERMIT PILOT PROJECTS.
- (a) Extension of Land Border Inspection Project Authority; Establishment of Automated Permit Pilot Projects.--Section 286(q) is <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1356.&gt;&gt; amended--

- ``(q) Land Border Inspection Fee Account.--(1)(A)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Attorney General is authorized to establish, by regulation, not more than 6 projects under which a fee may be charged and collected for inspection services provided at one or more land border points of entry. Such projects may include the establishment of commuter lanes to be made available to qualified United States citizens and aliens, as determined by the Attorney General.
- ``(ii) The program authorized in this subparagraph shall terminate on September 30, 2000, unless further authorized by an Act of Congress.
- ``(iii) This subparagraph shall take effect, with respect to any project described in clause (1) that was not authorized to be commenced before the date of the enactment of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, 30 days after submission of a written plan by the Attorney General detailing the proposed implementation of such project.
- ``(iv) The Attorney General shall prepare and submit on a quarterly basis, until September 30, 2000, a status report on each land border inspection project implemented under this subparagraph.
- ``(B) The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, may conduct pilot projects to demonstrate the use of designated ports of entry after working hours through the use of card reading machines or other appropriate technology.''; and

(2) by striking paragraph (5). (b) Conforming amendment. -- The Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1994 (Public Law 103-121, 107 Stat. 1161) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1356 note.&gt;&gt; is amended by striking the fourth proviso under the heading ``Immigration and Naturalization Service, Salaries and Expenses''. SEC. 123. PREINSPECTION AT FOREIGN AIRPORTS. (a) In General. -- The Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by inserting after section 235 the following: ``Sec. 235A. (a) Establishment <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1225a.&gt;&gt; of Preinspection Stations.-``(1) New stations.--Subject to paragraph (5), not later than October 31, 1998, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall establish and maintain preinspection stations in at least 5 of the foreign airports that are among the 10 foreign airports which the Attorney General identifies as serving as last points of departure for the greatest numbers of inadmissible alien passengers who arrive from abroad by air at ports of entry within the United States. Such preinspection stations shall be in addition to any preinspection stations established prior to the date of the enactment of such Act. [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-561]] ``(2) Report.--Not later than October 31, 1998, the Attorney General shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate on the implementation of paragraph (1). (3) Data collection. -- Not later than November 1, 1997, and each subsequent November 1, the Attorney General shall compile data identifying --``(A) the foreign airports which served as last points of departure for aliens who arrived by air at United States ports of entry without valid documentation during the preceding fiscal years; `(B) the number and nationality of such aliens arriving from each such foreign airport; and `(C) the primary routes such aliens followed from their country of origin to the United States. ``(4) Additional stations.--Subject to paragraph (5), not later than October 31, 2000, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall establish preinspection stations in at least 5 additional foreign airports which the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary

`(B) the number and nationality of such aliens arriving from each such foreign airport; and
 `(C) the primary routes such aliens followed from their country of origin to the United States.
 `(4) Additional stations.--Subject to paragraph (5), not later than October 31, 2000, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall establish preinspection stations in at least 5 additional foreign airports which the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, determines, based on the data compiled under paragraph (3) and such other information as may be available, would most effectively reduce the number of aliens who arrive from abroad by air at points of entry within the United States who are inadmissible to the United States. Such preinspection stations shall be in addition to those established prior to the date of the enactment of such Act or pursuant to paragraph (1).
 `(5) Conditions.--Prior to the establishment of a preinspection station, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall ensure that- `(A) employees of the United States stationed at the preinspection station and their accompanying family

members will receive appropriate protection;

``(B) such employees and their families will not be

``(b) Establishment of Carrier Consultant Program.--The Attorney General shall assign additional immigration officers to assist air carriers in the detection of fraudulent documents at foreign airports which, based on the records maintained pursuant to subsection (a)(3), served as a point of departure for a significant number of arrivals at United States ports of entry without valid documentation, but where no preinspection station exists.''.

(b) Clerical Amendment.--The table of contents is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 235 the following:

``Sec. 235A. Preinspection at foreign airports.''.

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# SEC. 124. TRAINING OF AIRLINE PERSONNEL IN DETECTION OF FRAUDULENT DOCUMENTS.

- (a) Use of Funds.--
  - (1) In general.--Section 286(h)(2)(A) (8 U.S.C.

1356(h)(2)(A)) is amended--

- (A) in clause (iv), by inserting ``, including training of, and technical assistance to, commercial airline personnel regarding such detection'' after ``United States''; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:

``The Attorney General shall provide for expenditures for training and assistance described in clause (iv) in an amount, for any fiscal year, not less than 5 percent of the total of the expenses incurred that are described in the previous sentence.''.

- (2) Applicability.--The <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1356 note.&gt;&gt; amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply to expenses incurred during or after fiscal year 1997.
- (b) Compliance With Detection Regulations .--
- (1) In general.—Section 212(f) (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``Whenever the Attorney General finds that a commercial airline has failed to comply with regulations of the Attorney General relating to requirements of airlines for the detection of fraudulent documents used by passengers traveling to the United States (including the training of personnel in such detection), the Attorney General may suspend the entry of some or all aliens transported to the United States by such airline.''.
  - (2) Deadline.--The <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Attorney General shall first issue, in proposed form, regulations referred to in the second sentence of section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by the amendment made by paragraph (1), not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 125. PRECLEARANCE AUTHORITY.

Section 103(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: 
`After consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General may authorize officers of a foreign country to be stationed at preclearance facilities in the United States for the purpose of ensuring that persons traveling from or through the United States to that foreign country comply with that country's immigration and related laws. Those officers may exercise such authority and perform such duties as United States immigration officers are authorized to exercise and perform in that foreign country under reciprocal agreement, and they shall enjoy such reasonable privileges and immunities necessary for the performance of their duties as the government of their country extends to United States immigration officers.''.

## Subtitle C--Interior Enforcement

- SEC. 131. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CERTAIN INVESTIGATORS.
- (a) Authorization.--There are authorized to be appropriated such funds as may be necessary to enable the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization to increase the number of investigators and support personnel to investigate potential violations

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- of sections 274 and 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act by a number equivalent to 300 full-time active-duty investigators in each of fiscal years 1997, 1998, and 1999.
- (b) Allocation of Investigators.--At least one-half of the investigators hired with funds made available under subsection (a) shall be assigned to investigate potential violations of section 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (c) Limitation on Overtime.--None of the funds made available under subsection (a) shall be available for administrative expenses to pay any employee overtime pay in an amount in excess of \$25,000 for any fiscal year.
- SEC. 132. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR INCREASE IN NUMBER OF INVESTIGATORS OF VISA OVERSTAYERS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such funds as may be necessary to enable the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization to increase the number of investigators and support personnel to investigate visa overstayers by a number equivalent to 300 full-time active-duty investigators in fiscal year 1997.

SEC. 133. ACCEPTANCE OF STATE SERVICES TO CARRY OUT IMMIGRATION

#### ENFORCEMENT.

Section 287 (8 U.S.C. 1357) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- ``(g)(1) Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Attorney General may enter into a written agreement with a State, or any political subdivision of a State, pursuant to which an officer or employee of the State or subdivision, who is determined by the Attorney General to be qualified to perform a function of an immigration officer in relation to the investigation, apprehension, or detention of aliens in the United States (including the transportation of such aliens across State lines to detention centers), may carry out such function at the expense of the State or political subdivision and to the extent consistent with State and local law.
- ``(2) An agreement under this subsection shall require that an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State performing a function under the agreement shall have knowledge of, and adhere to, Federal law relating to the function, and shall contain a written certification that the officers or employees performing the function under the agreement have received adequate training regarding the enforcement of relevant Federal immigration laws.
- ``(3) In performing a function under this subsection, an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State shall be subject to the direction and supervision of the Attorney General.
- ``(4) In performing a function under this subsection, an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State may use Federal property or facilities, as provided in a written agreement between the Attorney General and the State or subdivision.
- ``(5) With respect to each officer or employee of a State or political subdivision who is authorized to perform a function under this subsection, the specific powers and duties that may be, or are required to be, exercised or performed by the individual, the duration of the authority of the individual, and the position of the agency of the Attorney General who is required to supervise and direct the individual, shall be set forth in a written agreement between the Attorney General and the State or political subdivision.

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- ``(6) The Attorney General may not accept a service under this
- subsection if the service will be used to displace any Federal employee. ``(7) Except as provided in paragraph (8), an officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State performing functions under this subsection shall not be treated as a Federal employee for any purpose other than for purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, (relating to compensation for injury) and sections 2671 through 2680 of title 28, United States Code (relating to tort claims).
- ``(8) An officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State acting under color of authority under this subsection, or any agreement entered into under this subsection, shall be considered to be acting under color of Federal authority for purposes of determining the liability, and immunity from suit, of the officer or employee in a civil action brought under Federal or State law.
- ``(9) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any State or political subdivision of a State to enter into an agreement with the Attorney General under this subsection.
- ``(10) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require an agreement under this subsection in order for any officer or employee of a State or political subdivision of a State--
  - ``(A) to communicate with the Attorney General regarding the immigration status of any individual, including reporting knowledge that a particular alien is not lawfully present in the United States; or
  - ``(B) otherwise to cooperate with the Attorney General in the identification, apprehension, detention, or removal of aliens not lawfully present in the United States.''.

# SEC. 134. MINIMUM STATE INS PRESENCE.

- (a) In General.--Section 103 (8 U.S.C. 1103), as amended by section 102(e) of this division, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- ``(f) The Attorney General shall allocate to each State not fewer than 10 full-time active duty agents of the Immigration and Naturalization Service to carry out the functions of the Service, in order to ensure the effective enforcement of this Act.''.
- (b) Effective < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note. &gt; &gt; Date. -- The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act

# TITLE II--ENHANCED ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES AGAINST ALIEN SMUGGLING; ${\tt DOCUMENT\ FRAUD}$

- Subtitle A--Enhanced Enforcement and Penalties Against Alien Smuggling
- SEC. 201. WIRETAP AUTHORITY FOR INVESTIGATIONS OF ALIEN SMUGGLING OR DOCUMENT FRAUD.

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Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
              (1) in paragraph (c), by striking ``or section 1992
          (relating to wrecking trains)'' and inserting
                                                                   `section 1992
          (relating to
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         wrecking trains), a felony violation of section 1028 (relating
          to production of false identification documentation), section
          1425 (relating to the procurement of citizenship or
          nationalization unlawfully), section 1426 (relating to the
          reproduction of naturalization or citizenship papers), section
          1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship
         papers), section 1541 (relating to passport issuance without
          authority), section 1542 (relating to false statements in
          passport applications), section 1543 (relating to forgery or
         false use of passports), section 1544 (relating to misuse of passports), or section 1546 (relating to fraud and misuse of
         visas, permits, and other documents)'';
(2) by striking ``or'' at the end of paragraph (1);
               (3) by redesignating paragraphs (m), (n), and (o) as
          paragraphs (n), (o), and (p), respectively; and
               (4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new
         paragraph:
                `(m) a violation of section 274, 277, or 278 of the
          Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324, 1327, or 1328)
          (relating to the smuggling of aliens);''
SEC 202 RACKETEERING OFFENSES RELATING TO ALIEN SMIGGLING
    Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, as amended by
section 433 of Public Law 104-132, is amended--
              (1) by striking `if the act indictable under section 1028
          was committed for the purpose of financial gain'';
   (2) by inserting ``section 1425 (relating to the procurement
          of citizenship or nationalization unlawfully), section 1426
          (relating to the reproduction of naturalization or citizenship
         papers), section 1427 (relating to the sale of naturalization or citizenship papers), ' after `section 1344 (relating to financial institution fraud),'';

(3) by striking `if the act indictable under section 1542
         was committed for the purpose of financial gain''; (4) by striking ``if the act indictable under section 1543 \,
         was committed for the purpose of financial gain'';
    (5) by striking ``if the act indictable under section 1544
         was committed for the purpose of financial gain''; and
(6) by striking `if the act indictable under section 1546
          was committed for the purpose of financial gain''.
SEC. 203. INCREASED CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR ALIEN SMUGGLING.
    (a) Commercial Advantage.--Section 274(a)(1)(B)(i) (8 U.S.C. 4(a)(1)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting ``or in the case of a
1324(a)(1)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting ``or in the case of a violation of subparagraph (A)(ii), (iii), or (iv) in which the offense
was done for the purpose of commercial advantage or private financial
gain'' after ``subparagraph (A)(i)''.
    (b) Additional Offenses. -- Section 274(a) (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)) is
amended--
               (1) in paragraph (1)(A)-
                        (A) by striking ``or'' at the end of clause (iii);
                        (B) by striking the comma at the end of clause (iv)
                   and inserting ``; or''; and
                        (C) by adding at the end the following new clause:
               (v)(I) engages in any conspiracy to commit any of the
         preceding acts, or
                `(II) aids or abets the commission of any of the preceding
          acts,'';
               (2) in paragraph (1)(B)--
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                        (A) in clause (i), by inserting ``or (v)(I)'' after
                     `(A)(i)'';
                   (B) in clause (ii), by striking ``or (iv)'' and inserting ``(iv), or (v)(II)'';
                   (C) in clause (iii), by striking ``or (iv)'' and inserting ``(iv), or (v)''; and
                   (D) in clause (iv), by striking ``or (iv)'' and inserting ``(iv), or (v)'';
         (3) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking ``be fined'' and all that follows and inserting the following: ``be fined under title
          18, United States Code, and shall be imprisoned, in the case of
          a first or second violation of subparagraph (B)(iii), not more
          than 10 years, in the case of a first or second violation of
          subparagraph (B)(i) or (B)(ii), not less than 3 nor more than 10
          years, and for any other violation, not less than 5 nor more
          than 15 years.''; and
               (4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
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- ``(3)(A) Any person who, during any 12-month period, knowingly hires for employment at least 10 individuals with actual knowledge that the individuals are aliens described in subparagraph (B) shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.

  ``(B) An alien described in this subparagraph is an alien who--
  - (B) An alien described in this subparagraph is an alien who`(i) is an unauthorized alien (as defined in section 274A(h)(3)), and
    - ``(ii) has been brought into the United States in violation of this subsection.''.
- (c) Smuggling of Aliens Who Will Commit Crimes.--Clause (i) of section 274(a)(2)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)(2)(B)) is amended to read as follows:
  - ``(i) an offense committed with the intent or with reason to believe that the alien unlawfully brought into the United States will commit an offense against the United States or any State punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year,''.
- (d) Applying Certain Penalties on a Per Alien Basis.—Section 274(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)(2)) is amended by striking ``for each transaction constituting a violation of this paragraph, regardless of the number of aliens involved' and inserting ``for each alien in respect to whom a violation of this paragraph occurs''.
  - (e) Sentencing < &lt; NOTE: 28 USC 994 note. &gt; &gt; Guidelines.—
    (1) In general.—Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall promulgate sentencing guidelines or amend existing sentencing guidelines for offenders convicted of offenses related to smuggling, transporting, harboring, or inducing aliens in violation of section 274(a) (1)(A) or (2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)(1)(A), (2)(B)) in accordance with this subsection.
    - (2) Requirements.--In carrying out this subsection, the Commission shall, with respect to the offenses described in paragraph (1)--
      - (A) increase the base offense level for such offenses at least 3 offense levels above the applicable level in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
      - (B) review the sentencing enhancement for the number of aliens involved (U.S.S.G. 2L1.1(b)(2)), and increase the sentencing enhancement by at least 50 percent above the

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applicable enhancement in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;

- (C) impose an appropriate sentencing enhancement upon an offender with 1 prior felony conviction arising out of a separate and prior prosecution for an offense that involved the same or similar underlying conduct as the current offense, to be applied in addition to any sentencing enhancement that would otherwise apply pursuant to the calculation of the defendant's criminal history category;
- (D) impose an additional appropriate sentencing enhancement upon an offender with 2 or more prior felony convictions arising out of separate and prior prosecutions for offenses that involved the same or similar underling conduct as the current offense, to be applied in addition to any sentencing enhancement that would otherwise apply pursuant to the calculation of the defendant's criminal history category;
- (E) impose an appropriate sentencing enhancement on a defendant who, in the course of committing an offense described in this subsection--
  - (i) murders or otherwise causes death, bodily injury, or serious bodily injury to an individual;
  - (ii) uses or brandishes a firearm or other dangerous weapon; or
  - (iii) engages in conduct that consciously or recklessly places another in serious danger of death or serious bodily injury;
- (F) consider whether a downward adjustment is appropriate if the offense is a first offense and involves the smuggling only of the alien's spouse or child; and
- (G) consider whether any other aggravating or mitigating circumstances warrant upward or downward sentencing adjustments.
- (3) Emergency authority to sentencing commission.—The Commission shall promulgate the guidelines or amendments provided for under this subsection as soon as practicable in accordance with the procedure set forth in section 21(a) of the

Sentencing Act of 1987, as though the authority under that Act had not expired.

(f) Effective < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1324 note. &gt; &gt; Date. -- This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to offenses occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 204. INCREASED NUMBER OF ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS.

(a) In General. -- The number of Assistant United States Attorneys employed by the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1997 shall be increased by at least 25 above the number of Assistant United States Attorneys that were authorized to be employed as of September 30, 1996.

(b) Assignment. -- Individuals employed to fill the additional positions described in subsection (a) shall prosecute persons who bring into the United States or harbor illegal aliens or violate other criminal statutes involving illegal aliens.

SEC. 205. UNDERCOVER INVESTIGATION AUTHORITY.

(a) In General. -- Title II is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

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``Sec. 294. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1363a.&gt;&gt; (a) In General.--With respect to any undercover investigative operation of the Service which is necessary for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States--

`(1) sums appropriated for the Service may be used for leasing space within the United States and the territories and possessions of the United States without regard to the following

U.S.C. 1341), (B) section 3732(a) of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 11(a)),

`(C) section 305 of the Act of June 30, 1949 (63

Stat. 396; 41 U.S.C. 255),

``(D) the third undesignated paragraph under the heading `Miscellaneous' of the Act of March 3, 1877 (19

Stat. 370; 40 U.S.C. 34), ``(E) section 3648 of the Revised Statutes (31

U.S.C. 3324), (F) section 3741 of the Revised Statutes (41

U.S.C. 22), and "(G) subsections (a) and (c) of section 304 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 395; 41 U.S.C. 254 (a) and (c));

``(2) sums appropriated for the Service may be used to establish or to acquire proprietary corporations or business entities as part of an undercover operation, and to operate such corporations or business entities on a commercial basis, without regard to the provisions of section 304 of the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 9102);

``(3) sums appropriated for the Service, and the proceeds from the undercover operation, may be deposited in banks or other financial institutions without regard to the provisions of section 648 of title 18, United States Code, and of section 3639 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 3302); and

(4) the proceeds from the undercover operation may be used to offset necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in such operation without regard to the provisions of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 3302).

The authority set forth in this subsection may be exercised only upon written certification of the Commissioner, in consultation with the Deputy Attorney General, that any action authorized by paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) is necessary for the conduct of the undercover operation.

``(b) Disposition of Proceeds No Longer Required.--As soon as practicable after the proceeds from an undercover investigative operation, carried out under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a), are no longer necessary for the conduct of the operation, the proceeds or the balance of the proceeds remaining at the time shall be deposited into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts

`(c) Disposition of Certain Corporations and Business Entities.--If a corporation or business entity established or acquired as part of an  $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{$ undercover operation under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) with a net value of over \$50,000 is to be liquidated, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the Service, as much in advance

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as the Commissioner or Commissioner's designee determines practicable, shall report the circumstances to the Attorney General, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the Comptroller General. The proceeds of the liquidation, sale, or other disposition, after obligations are met, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United

States as miscellaneous receipts.

- ``(d) Financial Audits.--The Service shall conduct detailed financial audits of closed undercover operations on a quarterly basis and shall report the results of the audits in writing to the Deputy Attorney General.''.
- (b) Clerical Amendment.--The table of contents is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 293 the following:
- "Sec. 294. Undercover investigation authority.''.

Subtitle B--Deterrence of Document Fraud

- SEC. 211. INCREASED CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR FRAUDULENT USE OF GOVERNMENT-ISSUED DOCUMENTS.
- (a) Fraud and Misuse of Government-Issued Identification Documents.--(1) Section 1028(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended--
  - (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ``except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4),'' after ``(1)'' and by striking ``five years'' and inserting ``15 years'';
  - (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting `except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4),'' after ``(2)'' and by striking ``and'' at the end;
    - (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (5); and (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new
  - (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraphs:
  - ``(3) a fine under this title or imprisonment for not more than 20 years, or both, if the offense is committed to facilitate a drug trafficking crime (as defined in section 929(a)(2) of this title);
  - ``(4) a fine under this title or imprisonment for not more than 25 years, or both, if the offense is committed to facilitate an act of international terrorism (as defined in section 2331(1) of this title); and ''.
- (2) Sections 1425 through 1427, sections 1541 through 1544, and section 1546(a) of title 18, United States Code, are each amended by striking `imprisoned not more' and all that follows through `years' each place it appears and inserting the following: `imprisoned not more than 25 years (if the offense was committed to facilitate an act of international terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of this title)), 20 years (if the offense was committed to facilitate a drug trafficking crime (as defined in section 929(a) of this title)), 10 years (in the case of the first or second such offense, if the offense was not committed to facility such an act of international terrorism or a drug trafficking crime), or 15 years (in the case of any other offense)''.
  - (b) Changes <&lt;NOTE: 28 USC 994 note.&gt;&gt; to the Sentencing Levels.--(1) In general.--Pursuant to the Commission's authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall promulgate sentencing guidelines or amend existing sentencing guidelines for offenders

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convicted of violating, or conspiring to violate, sections 1028(b)(1), 1425 through 1427, 1541 through 1544, and 1546(a) of title 18, United States Code, in accordance with this subsection.

- (2) Requirements.--In carrying out this subsection, the Commission shall, with respect to the offenses referred to in paragraph (1)--
  - (A) increase the base offense level for such offenses at least 2 offense levels above the level in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
  - (B) review the sentencing enhancement for number of documents or passports involved (U.S.S.G. 2L2.1(b)(2)), and increase the upward adjustment by at least 50 percent above the applicable enhancement in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
  - (C) impose an appropriate sentencing enhancement upon an offender with 1 prior felony conviction arising out of a separate and prior prosecution for an offense that involved the same or similar underlying conduct as the current offense, to be applied in addition to any sentencing enhancement that would otherwise apply pursuant to the calculation of the defendant's criminal history category;
  - (D) impose an additional appropriate sentencing enhancement upon an offender with 2 or more prior felony convictions arising out of separate and prior prosecutions for offenses that involved the same or similar underlying conduct as the current offense, to be applied in addition to any sentencing enhancement that would otherwise apply pursuant to the calculation of the defendant's criminal history category; and
  - $(\mathtt{E})$  consider whether any other aggravating or mitigating circumstances warrant upward or downward

# sentencing adjustments. (3) Emergency authority to sentencing commission. -- The Commission shall promulgate the guidelines or amendments provided for under this subsection as soon as practicable in accordance with the procedure set forth in section 21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987, as though the authority under that Act had not expired. (c) Effective <&lt;NOTE: 18 USC 1028 note.&gt;&gt; Date.--This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to offenses occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. SEC. 212. NEW DOCUMENT FRAUD OFFENSES; NEW CIVIL PENALTIES FOR DOCUMENT (a) Activities Prohibited. -- Section 274C(a) (8 U.S.C. 1324c(a)) is amended --(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting before the comma at the end the following: ``or to obtain a benefit under this Act'';(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting before the comma at the end the following: ``or to obtain a benefit under this Act''; (3) in paragraph (3)--(A) by inserting ``or with respect to'' after ``issued to''; (B) by adding before the comma at the end the following: ``or obtaining a benefit under this Act''; (C) by striking ``or'' at the end; (4) in paragraph (4)--(A) by inserting ``or with respect to'' after

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- ``issued to'';
- (B) by adding before the period at the end the following: ``or obtaining a benefit under this Act'';
- (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting ``, or''; and
- (5) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs: `(5) to prepare, file, or assist another in preparing or filing, any application for benefits under this Act, or any document required under this Act, or any document submitted in connection with such application or document, with knowledge or in reckless disregard of the fact that such application or document was falsely made or, in whole or in part, does not relate to the person on whose behalf it was or is being submitted, or
- `(6)(A) to present before boarding a common carrier for the purpose of coming to the United States a document which relates to the alien's eligibility to enter the United States, and (B) to fail to present such document to an immigration officer upon arrival at a United States port of entry.''.
- (b) Definition of Falselv Make. -- Section 274C (8 U.S.C. 1324c), as amended by section 213 of this division, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- `(f) Falsely Make.--For purposes of this section, the term `falsely make' means to prepare or provide an application or document, with knowledge or in reckless disregard of the fact that the application or document contains a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or material representation, or has no basis in law or fact, or otherwise fails to state a fact which is material to the purpose for which it was submitted.''
- (c) Conforming Amendment.--Section 274C(d)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1324c(d)(3)) is amended by striking ``each document used, accepted, or created and each instance of use, acceptance, or creation'' each place it appears and inserting ``each document that is the subject of a violation under subsection (a)''.
- (d) Waiver by Attorney General. -- Section 274C(d) (8 U.S.C. 1324c(d))
- is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
   ``(7) Waiver by attorney general.--The Attorney General may waive the penalties imposed by this section with respect to an alien who knowingly violates subsection (a)(6) if the alien is granted asylum under section 208 or withholding of deportation under section 243(h).''.
- (e) Effective < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1324c note. &gt; &gt; Date. -- Section 274C(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subsection (b), applies to the preparation of applications before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 213. NEW CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO DISCLOSE ROLE AS PREPARER OF FALSE APPLICATION FOR IMMIGRATION BENEFITS.
- Section 274C (8 U.S.C. 1324c) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
  - `(e) Criminal Penalties for Failure To Disclose Role as Document

Preparer.--(1) Whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of the Service, knowingly and willfully fails to disclose, conceals, or covers up the fact that they have, on behalf of any person and for a fee or other remuneration, prepared or assisted

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in preparing an application which was falsely made (as defined in subsection (f)) for immigration benefits, shall be fined in accordance with title 18, United States Code, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both, and prohibited from preparing or assisting in preparing, whether or not for a fee or other remuneration, any other such application.

``(2) Whoever, having been convicted of a violation of paragraph (1), knowingly and willfully prepares or assists in preparing an application for immigration benefits pursuant to this Act, or the regulations promulgated thereunder, whether or not for a fee or other remuneration and regardless of whether in any matter within the jurisdiction of the Service, shall be fined in accordance with title 18, United States Code, imprisoned for not more than 15 years, or both, and prohibited from preparing or assisting in preparing any other such application.''.

SEC. 214. CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR KNOWINGLY PRESENTING DOCUMENT WHICH FAILS TO CONTAIN REASONABLE BASIS IN LAW OR FACT.

The fourth paragraph of section 1546(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking ``containing any such false statement'' and inserting ``which contains any such false statement or which fails to contain any reasonable basis in law or fact''.

SEC. 215. CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR FALSE CLAIM TO CITIZENSHIP.

Section 1015 of title 18, United States Code, is amended-(1) by striking the dash at the end of paragraph (d) and inserting ``; or'', and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (d) the following:

``(e) Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or claim that he is, or at any time has been, a citizen or national of the United States, with the intent to obtain on behalf of himself, or any other person, any Federal or State benefit or service, or to engage unlawfully in employment in the United States; or

``(f) Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or claim that he is a citizen of the United States in order to register to vote or to vote in any Federal, State, or local election (including an initiative, recall, or referendum)--''.

SEC. 216. CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR VOTING BY ALIENS IN FEDERAL ELECTION.

(a) In General.--Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section  $610\ {\rm the}\ {\rm following:}$ 

``Sec. 611. Voting by aliens

``(a) It shall be unlawful for any alien to vote in any election held solely or in part for the purpose of electing a candidate for the office of President, Vice President, Presidential elector, Member of the Senate, Member of the House of Representatives, Delegate from the District of Columbia, or Resident Commissioner, unless--

``(1) the election is held partly for some other purpose;
 ``(2) aliens are authorized to vote for such other purpose under a State constitution or statute or a local ordinance; and
 ``(3) voting for such other purpose is conducted
 independently of voting for a candidate for such Federal offices, in such a manner that an alien has the opportunity to vote for

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such other purpose, but not an opportunity to vote for a candidate for any one or more of such Federal offices.

``(b) Any person who violates this section shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than one year, or both.''.

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 29 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 610 the following new item:

``611. Voting by aliens.''.

SEC. 217. CRIMINAL FORFEITURE FOR PASSPORT AND VISA RELATED OFFENSES.

Section 982(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph: ``(6)(A) The court, in imposing sentence on a person convicted of a violation of, or conspiracy to violate, section 1425, 1426, 1427, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, or 1546 of this title, or a violation of, or

conspiracy to violate, section 1028 of this title if committed in connection with passport or visa issuance or use, shall order that the person forfeit to the United States, regardless of any provision of State law--

``(i) any conveyance, including any vessel, vehicle, or aircraft used in the commission of a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate, subsection (a); and

`(ii) any property real or personal- ``(I) that constitutes, or is derived from or is traceable to the proceeds obtained directly or indirectly from the commission of a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate, subsection (a), section 274A(a)(1) or 274A(a)(2) of the Immigration and

Nationality Act, or section 1028, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, or 1546 of this title; or ``(II) that is used to facilitate, or is intended to be used to facilitate, the commission of a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate, subsection (a), section 274A(a)(1) or 274A(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, or section 1028, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, or 1546 of this title.

The court, in imposing sentence on such person, shall order that the person forfeit to the United States all property described in this subparagraph.

``(B) The criminal forfeiture of property under subparagraph (A), including any seizure and disposition of the property and any related administrative or judicial proceeding, shall be governed by the provisions of section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 853), other than subsections (a) and (d) of such section 413.''.

SEC. 218. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR INVOLUNTARY SERVITUDE.

- (a) Amendments to Title 18.--Sections 1581, 1583, 1584, and 1588 of title 18, United States Code, are amended by striking ``five'' each place it appears and inserting ``10''.
- (b) Review < &lt; NOTE: 28 USC 994 note. &gt; &gt; of Sentencing Guidelines. -- The United States Sentencing Commission shall ascertain whether there exists an unwarranted disparity --

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- (1) between the sentences for peonage, involuntary servitude, and slave trade offenses, and the sentences for kidnapping offenses in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (2) between the sentences for peonage, involuntary servitude, and slave trade offenses, and the sentences for alien smuggling offenses in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and after the amendment made by subsection (a).
- (c) Amendment of Sentencing Guidelines .--
  - (1) In general.--Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall review its guidelines on sentencing for peonage, involuntary servitude, and slave trade offenses under sections 1581 through 1588 of title 18, United States Code, and shall amend such guidelines as necessary to--
    - (A) reduce or eliminate any unwarranted disparity found under subsection (b) that exists between the sentences for peonage, involuntary servitude, and slave trade offenses, and the sentences for kidnapping offenses and alien smuggling offenses;
    - (B) ensure that the applicable guidelines for defendants convicted of peonage, involuntary servitude, and slave trade offenses are sufficiently stringent to deter such offenses and adequately reflect the heinous nature of such offenses; and
    - (C) ensure that the guidelines reflect the general appropriateness of enhanced sentences for defendants whose peonage, involuntary servitude, or slave trade offenses involve--
      - (i) a large number of victims;(ii) the use or threatened use of a dangerous weapon; or
      - (iii) a prolonged period of peonage or involuntary servitude.
  - (2) Emergency authority to sentencing commission.—The Commission shall promulgate the guidelines or amendments provided for under this subsection as soon as practicable in accordance with the procedure set forth in section 21(a) of the Sentencing Act of 1987, as though the authority under that Act had not expired.
- (d) Effective < &lt; NOTE: 18 USC 1581 note. &gt; &gt; Date. -- This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to offenses occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 219. ADMISSIBILITY OF VIDEOTAPED WITNESS TESTIMONY.
    Section 274 (8 U.S.C. 1324) is amended by adding at the end thereof
the following new subsection:
``(d) Notwithstanding any provision of the Federal Rules of Evidence, the videotaped (or otherwise audiovisually preserved)
deposition of a witness to a violation of subsection (a) who has been
deported or otherwise expelled from the United States, or is otherwise
unable to testify, may be admitted into evidence in an action brought
for that violation if the witness was available for cross examination
and the deposition otherwise complies with the Federal Rules of
Evidence.''.
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SEC. 220. SUBPOENA AUTHORITY IN DOCUMENT FRAUD ENFORCEMENT.
    Section 274C(d)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1324c(d)(1)) is amended-(1) by striking ``and'' at the end of subparagraph (A);
            (2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B)
        and inserting ``, and''; and
            (3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:
                    ``(C) immigration officers designated by the
                Commissioner may compel by subpoena the attendance of
                witnesses and the production of evidence at any
                designated place prior to the filing of a complaint in a
                case under paragraph (2).''.
   TITLE III -- INSPECTION, APPREHENSION, DETENTION, ADJUDICATION, AND
              REMOVAL OF INADMISSIBLE AND DEPORTABLE ALIENS
        Subtitle A--Revision of Procedures for Removal of Aliens
SEC. 301. TREATING PERSONS PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES WITHOUT
            AUTHORIZATION AS NOT ADMITTED.
    (a) ``Admission'' Defined.--Paragraph (13) of section 101(a) (8
U.S.C. 1101(a)) is amended to read as follows:
      (13)(A) The terms `admission' and `admitted' mean, with respect to
an alien, the lawful entry of the alien into the United States after
inspection and authorization by an immigration officer
     {\bf \hat{}}(B) An alien who is paroled under section 212(d)(5) or permitted
to land temporarily as an alien crewman shall not be considered to have
United States shall not be regarded as seeking an admission into the
United States for purposes of the immigration laws unless the alien--
             `(i) has abandoned or relinquished that status,
            ``(ii) has been absent from the United States for a
        continuous period in excess of 180 days,
             `(iii) has engaged in illegal activity after having
        departed the United States,
             `(iv) has departed from the United States while under legal
        process seeking removal of the alien from the United States.
        including removal proceedings under this Act and extradition
        proceedings,
             \dot{} (v) has committed an offense identified in section
        212(a)(2), unless since such offense the alien has been granted
        relief under section 212(h) or 240A(a), or
             ``(vi) is attempting to enter at a time or place other than
        as designated by immigration officers or has not been admitted
       (b) Inadmissibility of Aliens Previously Removed and Unlawfully
Present. --
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            (1) In general. -- Section 212(a) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is
        amended by redesignating paragraph (9) as paragraph (10) and by
        inserting after paragraph (8) the following new paragraph:
             ``(9) Aliens previously removed.--
                      (A) Certain aliens previously removed .--
                           `(i) Arriving aliens.--Any alien who has been
                      ordered removed under section 235(b)(1) or at the
                      end of proceedings under section 240 initiated
                      upon the alien's arrival in the United States and
                      who again seeks admission within 5 years of the
                      date of such removal (or within 20 years in the
                      case of a second or subsequent removal or at any
                      time in the case of an alien convicted of an
                      aggravated felony) is inadmissible.
                          ``(ii) Other aliens.--Any alien not described
                      in clause (i) who--
                                    ``(I) has been ordered removed under
                                section 240 or any other provision of
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law, or \verb|``(II)| departed the United States|
                                while an order of removal was
                                outstanding,
                      and who seeks admission within 10 years of the
                      date of such alien's departure or removal (or
                      within 20 years of such date in the case of a
                      second or subsequent removal or at any time in the
                      case of an alien convicted of an aggravated
                      felony) is inadmissible.
                           (iii) Exception.--Clauses (i) and (ii) shall
                      not apply to an alien seeking admission within a
                      period if, prior to the date of the alien's
                      reembarkation at a place outside the United States
                      or attempt to be admitted from foreign contiguous
                      territory, the Attorney General has consented to
                      the alien's reapplying for admission.
                    ``(B) Aliens unlawfully present.--
                            `(i) In general.--Any alien (other than an
                      alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence)
                      who--
                                    ``(I) was unlawfully present in the
                                United States for a period of more than
                                180 days but less than 1 year,
                                voluntarily departed the United States
                                (whether or not pursuant to section
                                244(e)) prior to the commencement of
                                proceedings under section 235(b)(1) or
                                section 240, and again seeks admission
                                within 3 years of the date of such
                                alien's departure or removal, or
                                     `(II) has been unlawfully present
                                in the United States for one year or
                                more, and who again seeks admission
                                within 10 years of the date of such
                                alien's departure or removal from the
                                United States,
                      is inadmissible.
                           `(ii) Construction of unlawful presence.--For
                      purposes of this paragraph, an alien is deemed to
                      be unlawfully present in the United States if the
                      alien is present in the United States after the
                      expiration of the period of stay authorized by the
                      Attorney General or is present in the United
                      States without being admitted or paroled.
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                          ``(iii) Exceptions.--
                                      `(I) Minors.--No period of time in
                                which an alien is under 18 years of age
                                shall be taken into account in
                                determining the period of unlawful
                                presence in the United States under
                                clause (i).
                                     ``(II) Asylees.--No period of time
                                in which an alien has a bona fide
                                application for asylum pending under
                                section 208 shall be taken into account
                                in determining the period of unlawful
                                presence in the United States under
                                clause (i) unless the alien during such
                                period was employed without
                                authorization in the United States.
                                      `(III) Family unity.--No period of
                                time in which the alien is a beneficiary
                                of family unity protection pursuant to
                                section 301 of the Immigration Act of
                                1990 shall be taken into account in
                                determining the period of unlawful
                                presence in the United States under
                                clause (i).
                                     ``(IV) Battered women and
                                children.--Clause (i) shall not apply to
                                an alien who would be described in
                                paragraph (6)(A)(ii) if `violation of
                                the terms of the alien's nonimmigrant
                                visa' were substituted for `unlawful
                                entry into the United States' in
                                subclause (III) of that paragraph.
                          ``(iv) Tolling for good cause.--In the case of
                      an alien who--
``(I) has been lawfully admitted or
                                paroled into the United States,
                                     ``(II) has filed a nonfrivolous
                                application for a change or extension of
                                status before the date of expiration of
                                the period of stay authorized by the
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Attorney General, and
                                       `(III) has not been employed
                                 without authorization in the United
                                 States before or during the pendency of
                                 such application,
                       the calculation of the period of time specified in clause (i)(I) shall be tolled during the pendency
                       of such application, but not to exceed 120 days.
                            `(v) Waiver.--The Attorney General has sole
                       discretion to waive clause (i) in the case of an
                       immigrant who is the spouse or son or daughter of
                       a United States citizen or of an alien lawfully
                       admitted for permanent residence, if it is
                       established to the satisfaction of the Attorney
                       General that the refusal of admission to such
                       immigrant alien would result in extreme hardship
                       to the citizen or lawfully resident spouse or
                       parent of such alien. No court shall have
                       jurisdiction to review a decision or action by the
                       Attorney General regarding a waiver under this
                       clause.
                     ``(C) Aliens unlawfully present after previous
                immigration violations.-
                            ``(i) In general.--Any alien who--
                                       `(I) has been unlawfully present in
                                 the United States for an aggregate
                                 period of more than 1 year, or
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                                      ``(II) has been ordered removed
                                 under section 235(b)(1), section 240, or
                                 any other provision of law,
                       and who enters or attempts to reenter the United
                       States without being admitted is inadmissible.
                            ``(ii) Exception.--Clause (i) shall not apply
                       to an alien seeking admission more than 10 years
                       after the date of the alien's last departure from
                       the United States if, prior to the alien's
                       reembarkation at a place outside the United States
                       or attempt to be readmitted from a foreign
                       contiguous territory, the Attorney General has
                       consented to the alien's reapplying for
                       admission.''.
        (2) Limitation on change of status.--Section 248 (8 U.S.C. 1258) is amended by inserting ``and who is not inadmissible
        under section 212(a)(9)(B)(i) (or whose inadmissibility under
        such section is waived under section 212(a)(9)(B)(v))'' after
          `maintain that status''
            (3) Treatment <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; of unlawful
        presence before effective date. -- In applying section
        212(a)(9)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as inserted
        by paragraph (1), no period before the title III-A effective
        date shall be included in a period of unlawful presence in the
        United States.
    (c) Revision to Ground of Inadmissibility for Illegal Entrants and
Immigration Violators .-
            (1) In general. -- Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section
        212(a)(6) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)) are amended to read as follows:
                     ``(A) Aliens present without admission or parole.-
                            ``(i) In general.--An alien present in the
                       United States without being admitted or paroled,
                       or who arrives in the United States at any time or
                       place other than as designated by the Attorney
                       General, is inadmissible.
                       '(ii) Exception for certain battered women and children.--Clause (i) shall not apply to an
                       alien who demonstrates that --
                                      ``(I) the alien qualifies for
                                  immigrant status under subparagraph
                                 (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii)
                                 of section 204(a)(1),
                                      ``(II)(a) the alien has been
                                 battered or subjected to extreme cruelty
                                 by a spouse or parent, or by a member of
                                 the spouse's or parent's family residing
                                 in the same household as the alien and
                                 the spouse or parent consented or
                                 acquiesced to such battery or cruelty,
                                 or (b) the alien's child has been
                                 battered or subjected to extreme cruelty
                                 by a spouse or parent of the alien
                                  (without the active participation of the
                                 alien in the battery or cruelty) or by a
                                 member of the spouse's or parent's
                                 family residing in the same household as
                                 the alien when the spouse or parent
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consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty and the alien did not actively participate in such battery or cruelty, and

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``(III) there was a substantial connection between the battery or cruelty described in subclause (I) or (II) and the alien's unlawful entry into the United States.

``(B) Failure to attend removal proceeding.--Any alien who without reasonable cause fails or refuses to attend or remain in attendance at a proceeding to determine the alien's inadmissibility or deportability and who seeks admission to the United States within 5 years of such alien's subsequent departure or removal is inadmissible. ''.

- (2) Transition <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; for battered spouse or child provision.—The requirements of subclauses (II) and (III) of section 212(a)(6)(A)(ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as inserted by paragraph (1), shall not apply to an alien who demonstrates that the alien first arrived in the United States before the title III—A effective date (described in section 309(a) of this division).
- (d) Adjustment in Grounds for Deportation.--Section 241 (8 U.S.C. 1251), before redesignation as section 237 by section 305(a)(2) of this division, is amended--
  - (1) in the matter before paragraph (1) of subsection (a), by striking ``in the United States'' and inserting ``in and admitted to the United States'';
  - (2) in subsection (a)(1), by striking `Excludable'' each
    place it appears and inserting `Inadmissible'';
  - (3) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking ``excludable'' and inserting ``inadmissible''; and
  - (4) by amending subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1) to read as follows:
    - ``(B) Present in violation of law.--Any alien who is present in the United States in violation of this Act or any other law of the United States is deportable.
- SEC. 302. INSPECTION OF ALIENS; EXPEDITED REMOVAL OF INADMISSIBLE ARRIVING ALIENS; REFERRAL FOR HEARING (REVISED SECTION 235).
  - (a) In General.--Section 235 (8 U.S.C. 1225) is amended to read as follows:

``Sec. 235. (a) Inspection.--

- (1) Aliens treated as applicants for admission.—An alien present in the United States who has not been admitted or who arrives in the United States (whether or not at a designated port of arrival and including an alien who is brought to the United States after having been interdicted in international or United States waters) shall be deemed for purposes of this Act an applicant for admission.
- ``(2) Stowaways.--An arriving alien who is a stowaway is not eligible to apply for admission or to be admitted and shall be ordered removed upon inspection by an immigration officer. Upon such inspection if the alien indicates an intention to apply for asylum under section 208 or a fear of persecution, the officer shall refer the alien for an interview under subsection (b)(1)(B). A stowaway may apply for asylum only if

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the stowaway is found to have a credible fear of persecution under subsection (b)(1)(B). In no case may a stowaway be considered an applicant for admission or eligible for a hearing under section 240.

- under section 240.

  ``(3) Inspection.--All aliens (including alien crewmen) who are applicants for admission or otherwise seeking admission or readmission to or transit through the United States shall be inspected by immigration officers.
- ``(4) Withdrawal of application for admission.--An alien applying for admission may, in the discretion of the Attorney General and at any time, be permitted to withdraw the application for admission and depart immediately from the United States
- ``(5) Statements.--An applicant for admission may be required to state under oath any information sought by an immigration officer regarding the purposes and intentions of the applicant in seeking admission to the United States, including the applicant's intended length of stay and whether the applicant intends to remain permanently or become a United States citizen, and whether the applicant is inadmissible.

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``(b) Inspection of Applicants for Admission.--
             `(1) Inspection of aliens arriving in the united states and
        certain other aliens who have not been admitted or paroled.-
                     (A) Screening.--
``(i) In general.--If an immigration officer
                      determines that an alien (other than an alien
                      described in subparagraph (F)) who is arriving in
                      the United States or is described in clause (iii)
                      is inadmissible under section 212(a)(6)(C) or
                      212(a)(7), the officer shall order the alien
                      removed from the United States without further
                      hearing or review unless the alien indicates
                      either an intention to apply for asylum under
                      section 208 or a fear of persecution.
                           `(ii) Claims for asylum.--If an immigration
                      officer determines that an alien (other than an
                      alien described in subparagraph (F)) who is
                      arriving in the United States or is described in
                      clause (iii) is inadmissible under section
                      212(a)(6)(C) or 212(a)(7) and the alien indicates
                      either an intention to apply for asylum under
                      section 208 or a fear of persecution, the officer
                      shall refer the alien for an interview by an
                      asylum officer under subparagraph (B).
                           `(iii) Application to certain other aliens.--
                                     ``(I) In general.--The Attorney
                                General may apply clauses (i) and (ii)
                                of this subparagraph to any or all
                                aliens described in subclause (II) as
                                designated by the Attorney General. Such
                                designation shall be in the sole and
                                unreviewable discretion of the Attorney
                                General and may be modified at any time.
                                       (II) Aliens described. -- An alien
                                described in this clause is an alien who
                                is not described in subparagraph (F),
                                who has not been admitted or paroled
                                into the United States, and who has not
                                affirmatively shown, to the satisfaction
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-581]]
                                immigration officer, that the alien has
                                been physically present in the United
                                States continuously for the 2-year
                                period immediately prior to the date of
                                the determination of inadmissibility
                                under this subparagraph.
                    ``(B) Asylum interviews.--
                            (i) Conduct by asylum officers. -- An asylum
                      officer shall conduct interviews of aliens
                      referred under subparagraph (A)(ii), either at a
                      port of entry or at such other place designated by
                      the Attorney General.
                            (ii) Referral of certain aliens .-- If the
                      officer determines at the time of the interview
                      that an alien has a credible fear of persecution
                      (within the meaning of clause (v)), the alien
                      shall be detained for further consideration of the
                      application for asylum.
                           `(iii) Removal without further review if no
                      credible fear of persecution.-
                                      `(I) In general.--Subject to
                                subclause (III), if the officer
                                determines that an alien does not have a
                                credible fear of persecution, the
                                officer shall order the alien removed
                                from the United States without further
                                hearing or review.
                                      (II) Record of determination .-- The
                                officer shall prepare a written record
                                of a determination under subclause (I).
                                Such record shall include a summary of
                                the material facts as stated by the
                                applicant, such additional facts (if
                                any) relied upon by the officer, and the
                                officer's analysis of why, in the light
                                of such facts, the alien has not
                                established a credible fear of
                                persecution. A copy of the officer's
                                interview notes shall be attached to the
                                written summary.
                                     ``(III) Review of determination.--
                                The Attorney General shall provide by
                                regulation and upon the alien's request
                                for prompt review by an immigration
                                judge of a determination under subclause
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(I) that the alien does not have a
                    credible fear of persecution. Such
                    review shall include an opportunity for
                    the alien to be heard and questioned by
                    the immigration judge, either in person
                    or by telephonic or video connection.
                    Review shall be concluded as
                    expeditiously as possible, to the
                    maximum extent practicable within 24
                    hours, but in no case later than 7 days
                    after the date of the determination
                    under subclause (I).
    ``(IV) Mandatory detention.--Any
                    alien subject to the procedures under
                    this clause shall be detained pending a
                    final determination of credible fear of
                    persecution and, if found not to have
                    such a fear, until removed.
              ``(iv) Information about interviews.--The
         Attorney General shall provide information
         concerning the asylum interview described in this
         subparagraph to aliens who may be eligible. An
         alien who is eligible for such interview may
         consult with a person or persons of the alien's
         choosing prior to the interview or any review
         thereof, according to regulations prescribed
         by the Attorney General. Such consultation shall be at no expense to the Government and shall not
         For purposes of this subparagraph, the term
          `credible fear of persecution' means that there is
         a significant possibility, taking into account the
         credibility of the statements made by the alien in
         support of the alien's claim and such other facts
         as are known to the officer, that the alien could
         establish eligibility for asylum under section
        ``(C) Limitation on administrative review.--Except
   as provided in subparagraph (B)(iii)(III), a removal
   order entered in accordance with subparagraph (A)(i) or
    (B)(iii)(I) is not subject to administrative appeal,
   except that the Attorney General shall provide by
   regulation for prompt review of such an order under
   subparagraph (A)(i) against an alien who claims under
   oath, or as permitted under penalty of perjury under
   section 1746 of title 28, United States Code, after
   having been warned of the penalties for falsely making
   such claim under such conditions, to have been lawfully
   admitted for permanent residence, to have been admitted
   as a refugee under section 207, or to have been granted
   asylum under section 208.
        ``(D) Limit on collateral attacks.--In any action
   brought against an alien under section 275(a) or section
   276, the court shall not have jurisdiction to hear any
   claim attacking the validity of an order of removal
   entered under subparagraph (A)(i) or (B)(iii).
        ``(E) Asylum officer defined.--As used in this
   paragraph, the term `asylum officer' means an
   immigration officer who-

``(i) has had professional training in country
         conditions, asylum law, and interview techniques
         comparable to that provided to full-time
         adjudicators of applications under section 208,
              ``(ii) is supervised by an officer who meets
          the condition described in clause (i) and has had
         substantial experience adjudicating asylum
         applications.
         `(F) Exception.--Subparagraph (A) shall not apply
   to an alien who is a native or citizen of a country in
   the Western Hemisphere with whose government the United
   States does not have full diplomatic relations and who
   arrives by aircraft at a port of entry.
``(2) Inspection of other aliens.--
         `(A) In general.--Subject to subparagraphs (B) and
    (C), in the case of an alien who is an applicant for
   admission, if the examining immigration officer
   determines that an alien seeking admission is not
   clearly and beyond a doubt entitled to be admitted, the
   alien shall be detained for a proceeding under section
   240. ``(B) Exception.--Subparagraph (A) shall not apply
   to an alien--
``(i) who is a crewman,
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and

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``(ii) to whom paragraph (1) applies, or
                          ``(iii) who is a stowaway.
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                    \cdot (C) Treatment of aliens arriving from contiguous
                territory .-- In the case of an alien described in
                subparagraph (A) who is arriving on land (whether or not
                at a designated port of arrival) from a foreign
                territory contiguous to the United States, the Attorney
                General may return the alien to that territory pending a
                proceeding under section 240.
            ``(3) Challenge of decision.--The decision of the examining
        immigration officer, if favorable to the admission of any alien,
        shall be subject to challenge by any other immigration officer
        and such challenge shall operate to take the alien whose
        privilege to be admitted is so challenged, before an immigration
        judge for a proceeding under section 240.
    ``(c) Removal of Aliens Inadmissible on Security and Related
Grounds. --
           ``(1) Removal without further hearing.--If an immigration
        officer or an immigration judge suspects that an arriving alien
        may be inadmissible under subparagraph (A) (other than clause
        (ii)), (B), or (C) of section 212(a)(3), the officer or judge
                    ``(A) order the alien removed, subject to review
                under paragraph (2); \label{eq:condition} ``(B) \ \text{report the order of removal to the Attorney}
                General; and
                    ``(C) not conduct any further inquiry or hearing
                until ordered by the Attorney General.
            ``(2) Review of order.--(A) The Attorney General shall
        review orders issued under paragraph (1).
             `(B) If the Attorney General--
``(i) is satisfied on the basis of confidential
                information that the alien is inadmissible under
                subparagraph (A) (other than clause (ii)), (B), or (C)
                of section 212(a)(3), and
                     `(ii) after consulting with appropriate security
                agencies of the United States Government, concludes that
                disclosure of the information would be prejudicial to
                the public interest, safety, or security,
        the Attorney General may order the alien removed without further
        inquiry or hearing by an immigration judge.
            ``(C) If the Attorney General does not order the removal of
        the alien under subparagraph (B), the Attorney General shall
        specify the further inquiry or hearing that shall be conducted
            ``(3) Submission of statement and information.--The alien or
        the alien's representative may submit a written statement and
        additional information for consideration by the Attorney
        General.
    ``(d) Authority Relating to Inspections.--
             `(1) Authority to search conveyances. -- Immigration officers
        are authorized to board and search any vessel, aircraft, railway
        car, or other conveyance or vehicle in which they believe aliens
        are being brought into the United States.
             `(2) Authority to order detention and delivery of arriving
        aliens. -- Immigration officers are authorized to order an owner,
        agent, master, commanding officer, person in charge, purser, or
        consignee of a vessel or aircraft bringing an alien (except an
        alien crewmember) to the United States--
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-584]]
                    airport of arrival, and
                    ``(B) to deliver the alien to an immigration officer
                for inspection or to a medical officer for examination.
            ``(3) Administration of oath and consideration of
        evidence. -- The Attorney General and any immigration officer
        shall have power to administer oaths and to take and consider
        evidence of or from any person touching the privilege of any
        alien or person he believes or suspects to be an alien to enter,
        reenter, transit through, or reside in the United States or
        concerning any matter which is material and relevant to the
        enforcement of this Act and the administration of the Service.
             `(4) Subpoena authority. -- (A) The Attorney General and any
        immigration officer shall have power to require by subpoena the
        attendance and testimony of witnesses before immigration
        officers and the production of books, papers, and documents
        relating to the privilege of any person to enter, reenter,
        reside in, or pass through the United States or concerning any
        matter which is material and relevant to the enforcement of this
        Act and the administration of the Service, and to that end may
        invoke the aid of any court of the United States.
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``(B) Any United States district court within the
                 jurisdiction of which investigations or inquiries are being
                 conducted by an immigration officer may, in the event of neglect
                 or refusal to respond to a subpoena issued under this paragraph
                or refusal to testify before an immigration officer, issue an
                order requiring such persons to appear before an immigration % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)
                officer, produce books, papers, and documents if demanded, and
                 testify, and any failure to obey such order of the court may be
                punished by the court as a contempt thereof.''.
        (b) GAO < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1225 note. &gt; &gt; Study on Operation of Expedited
Removal Procedures.
                          (1) Study. -- The Comptroller General shall conduct a study on
                 the implementation of the expedited removal procedures under
                 section 235(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as
                 amended by subsection (a). The study shall examine-
                                         (A) the effectiveness of such procedures in
                                 deterring illegal entry,
                                         (B) the detention and adjudication resources saved
                                 as a result of the procedures,
                                          (C) the administrative and other costs expended to
                                  comply with the provision,
                                          (D) the effectiveness of such procedures in
                                 processing asylum claims by undocumented aliens who
                                 assert a fear of persecution, including the accuracy of
                                 credible fear determinations, and
                                          ({\tt E}) the cooperation of other countries and air
                                 carriers in accepting and returning aliens removed under
                                 such procedures.
                          (2) Report.--By not later than 18 months after the date of
                the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit
                 to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of
                Representatives and the Senate a report on the study conducted
                under paragraph (1).
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SEC. 303. APPREHENSION AND DETENTION OF ALIENS (REVISED SECTION 236).
        (a) In General. -- Section 236 (8 U.S.C. 1226) is amended to read as
                                                                   follows:
        ``Sec. 236. (a) Arrest, Detention, and Release.--On a warrant issued
by the Attorney General, an alien may be arrested and detained pending a
decision on whether the alien is to be removed from the United States.
Except as provided in subsection (c) and pending such decision, the
Attorney General--
                          ``(1) may continue to detain the arrested alien; and
                         ``(2) may release the alien on--

``(A) bond of at least $1,500 with security approved
                                 by, and containing conditions prescribed by, the
                                 Attorney General; or
                                             `(B) conditional parole; but
                          (including an `employment authorized' endorsement or other
                 appropriate work permit), unless the alien is lawfully admitted
                 for permanent residence or otherwise would (without regard to
                 removal proceedings) be provided such authorization.
         ``(b) Revocation of Bond or Parole.--The Attorney General at any
time may revoke a bond or parole authorized under subsection (a)
rearrest the alien under the original warrant, and detain the alien.
           `(c) Detention of Criminal Aliens.-
                            `(1) Custody.--The Attorney General shall take into custody
                any alien who-- ``(A) is inadmissible by reason of having committed
                                 any offense covered in section 212(a)(2),
                                             `(B) is deportable by reason of having committed
                                 any offense covered in section 237(a)(2)(A)(ii),
                                 (A)(iii), (B), (C), or (D),
                                           ``(C) is deportable under section 237(a)(2)(A)(i) on
                                 the basis of an offense for which the alien has been
                                 sentence to a term of imprisonment of at least 1 year,
                                          ``(D) is inadmissible under section 212(a)(3)(B) or
                                 deportable under section 237(a)(4)(B),
                 when the alien is released, without regard to whether the alien
                 is released on parole, supervised release, or probation, and
                 without regard to whether the alien may be arrested or
                 imprisoned again for the same offense.
                          ``(2) Release.--The Attorney General may release an alien
                 described in paragraph (1) only if the Attorney General decides
                pursuant to section 3521 of title 18, United States Code, that
                 release of the alien from custody is necessary to provide
                protection to a witness, a potential witness, a person
                 cooperating with an investigation into major criminal activity,
                 or an immediate family member or close associate of a witness,
                potential witness, or person cooperating with such an
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investigation, and the alien satisfies the Attorney General that
        the alien will not pose a danger to the safety of other persons
        or of property and is likely to appear for any scheduled
        proceeding. A decision relating to such release shall take place
        in accordance with
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-586]]
        a procedure that considers the severity of the offense committed
    ``(d) Identification of Criminal Aliens. -- (1) The Attorney General
shall devise and implement a system--
             `(A) to make available, daily (on a 24-hour basis), to
        Federal, State, and local authorities the investigative
        resources of the Service to determine whether individuals
        arrested by such authorities for aggravated felonies are aliens;
             `(B) to designate and train officers and employees of the
        Service to serve as a liaison to Federal, State, and local law enforcement and correctional agencies and courts with respect to
        the arrest, conviction, and release of any alien charged with an
        aggravated felony; and
             `(C) which uses computer resources to maintain a current
        record of aliens who have been convicted of an aggravated
        felony, and indicates those who have been removed
    ``(2) The record under paragraph (1)(C) shall be made available--
             agents at sector headquarters for purposes of immediate
        identification of any alien who was previously ordered removed
        and is seeking to reenter the United States, and
             ``(B) to officials of the Department of State for use in its
        automated visa lookout system.
    ``(3) Upon the request of the governor or chief executive officer of
any State, the Service shall provide assistance to State courts in the
identification of aliens unlawfully present in the United States pending
criminal prosecution.
    ``(e) Judicial Review.--The Attorney General's discretionary
judgment regarding the application of this section shall not be subject
to review. No court may set aside any action or decision by the Attorney
General under this section regarding the detention or release of any
(1) In general. -- The amendment made by subsection (a) shall
        become effective on the title III-A effective date.
            (2) Notification regarding custody. -- If the Attorney
        General, not later than 10 days after the date of the enactment
        of this Act, notifies in writing the Committees on the Judiciary
        of the House of Representatives and the Senate that there is
        insufficient detention space and Immigration and Naturalization
        Service personnel available to carry out section 236(c) of the
        Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by subsection (a),
        or the amendments made by section 440(c) of Public Law 104-132, the provisions in paragraph (3) shall be in effect for a 1-year
        period beginning on the date of such notification, instead of
        such section or such amendments. The Attorney General may extend
        such 1-year period for an additional year if the Attorney
        General provides the same notice not later than 10 days before
        the end of the first 1-year period. After the end of such 1-year
        or 2-year periods, the provisions of such section 236(c) shall
        apply to individuals released after such periods.
            (3) Transition period custody rules.-
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                    (A) In general.--During the period in which this
                paragraph is in effect pursuant to paragraph (2), the
                Attorney General shall take into custody any alien who--
                          (i) has been convicted of an aggravated felony
                      (as defined under section 101(a)(43) of the
                      Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by
                      section 321 of this division),
                          (ii) is inadmissible by reason of having
                      committed any offense covered in section 212(a)(2)
                      of such Act,
                          (iii) is deportable by reason of having
                      committed any offense covered in section
                      241(a)(2)(A)(ii), (A)(iii), (B), (C), or (D) of
                      such Act (before redesignation under this
                      subtitle), or
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(iv) is inadmissible under section 212(a)(3)(B) of such Act or deportable under section 241(a)(4)(B) of such Act (before redesignation under this subtitle), when the alien is released, without regard to whether the alien is released on parole, supervised release, or probation, and without regard to whether the alien may

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be arrested or imprisoned again for the same offense.
                    (B) Release.--The Attorney General may release the
                alien only if the alien is an alien described in
                subparagraph (A)(ii) or (A)(iii) and--
                          (i) the alien was lawfully admitted to the
                      United States and satisfies the Attorney General
                      that the alien will not pose a danger to the
                      safety of other persons or of property and is
                      likely to appear for any scheduled proceeding, or
                          (ii) the alien was not lawfully admitted to
                      the United States, cannot be removed because the
                      designated country of removal will not accept the
                      alien, and satisfies the Attorney General that the
                      alien will not pose a danger to the safety of
                      other persons or of property and is likely to
                      appear for any scheduled proceeding.
SEC. 304. REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS; CANCELLATION OF REMOVAL AND ADJUSTMENT OF
            STATUS; VOLUNTARY DEPARTURE (REVISED AND NEW SECTIONS 239 TO
    (a) In General. -- Chapter 4 of title II is amended --
            (1) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1224.&gt;&gt; by redesignating section 239 (8
        U.S.C. 1229) as section 234 and by moving such section to
        immediately follow section 233;
            (2) by redesignating section 240 (8 U.S.C. 1230) as section
        240C; and
            (3) by inserting after section 238 the following new
                                    sections:
    ``Sec. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1229.&gt;&gt; 239. (a) Notice to Appear.--
             `(1) In general.--In removal proceedings under section 240,
        written notice (in this section referred to as a `notice to
        appear') shall be given in person to the alien (or, if personal
       service is not practicable, through service by mail to the alien
        or to the alien's counsel of record, if any) specifying the
                    alien.
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-588]]
                    ``(B) The legal authority under which the
                proceedings are conducted.
                     (C) The acts or conduct alleged to be in violation
               of law.
                    ``(D) The charges against the alien and the
                statutory provisions alleged to have been violated.
                    ``(E) The alien may be represented by counsel and
                the alien will be provided (i) a period of time to
                secure counsel under subsection (b)(1) and (ii) a
                current list of counsel prepared under subsection
                (b)(2).
                     (F)(i) The requirement that the alien must
                immediately provide (or have provided) the Attorney
                General with a written record of an address and
                telephone number (if any) at which the alien may be
                contacted respecting proceedings under section 240.
                    ``(ii) The requirement that the alien must provide
                the Attorney General immediately with a written record
                of any change of the alien's address or telephone
                number.
                    ``(iii) The consequences under section 240(b)(5) of
                failure to provide address and telephone information
                pursuant to this subparagraph.
                     will be held.
                      (ii) The consequences under section 240(b)(5) of
                the failure, except under exceptional circumstances, to
                appear at such proceedings.
            ``(2) Notice of change in time or place of proceedings .-
                    ``(A) In general.--In removal proceedings under
                section 240, in the case of any change or postponement
                in the time and place of such proceedings, subject to
                subparagraph (B) a written notice shall be given in
                person to the alien (or, if personal service is not
                practicable, through service by mail to the alien or to
                the alien's counsel of record, if any) specifying--
``(i) the new time or place of the
                      proceedings, and
                          \lq\lq(ii) the consequences under section
                      240(b)(5) of failing, except under exceptional circumstances, to attend such proceedings.
                    ``(B) Exception.--In the case of an alien not in
                detention, a written notice shall not be required under
                this paragraph if the alien has failed to provide the
                address required under paragraph (1)(F).
            ``(3) Central address files.--The Attorney General shall
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create a system to record and preserve on a timely basis notices
        of addresses and telephone numbers (and changes) provided under
        paragraph (1)(F).
    ``(b) Securing of Counsel.--
              `(1) In general. -- In order that an alien be permitted the
        opportunity to secure counsel before the first hearing date in
        proceedings under section 240, the hearing date shall not be
        scheduled earlier than 10 days after the service of the notice
        to appear, unless the alien requests in writing an earlier
        hearing date.
             ``(2) Current lists of counsel.--The Attorney General shall
        provide for lists (updated not less often than quarterly) of
        persons who have indicated their availability to represent
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-589]]
        pro bono aliens in proceedings under section 240. Such lists
        shall be provided under subsection (a)(1)(E) and otherwise made
        generally available.
             `(3) Rule of construction. -- Nothing in this subsection may
        be construed to prevent the Attorney General from proceeding
        against an alien pursuant to section 240 if the time period
        described in paragraph (1) has elapsed and the alien has failed
        to secure counsel.
    ``(c) Service by Mail.--Service by mail under this section shall be
sufficient if there is proof of attempted delivery to the last address
provided by the alien in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(F).
     `(d) Prompt Initiation of Removal.--(1) In the case of an alien who
is convicted of an offense which makes the alien deportable, the
Attorney General shall begin any removal proceeding as expeditiously as
possible after the date of the conviction.
      (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to create any
substantive or procedural right or benefit that is legally enforceable
by any party against the United States or its agencies or officers or
                            any other person.
    ``Sec. 240. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1229a.&gt;&gt; (a) Proceeding.--
              `(1) In general.--An immigration judge shall conduct
        proceedings for deciding the inadmissibility or deportability of
        an alien.
              `(2) Charges. -- An alien placed in proceedings under this
        section may be charged with any applicable ground of inadmissibility under section 212(a) or any applicable ground of
        deportability under section 237(a).
             `(3) Exclusive procedures. -- Unless otherwise specified in
        this Act, a proceeding under this section shall be the sole and
        exclusive procedure for determining whether an alien may be
        admitted to the United States or, if the alien has been so
        admitted, removed from the United States. Nothing in this
        section shall affect proceedings conducted pursuant to section
    ``(b) Conduct of Proceeding.--
              `(1) Authority of immigration judge. -- The immigration judge
        shall administer oaths, receive evidence, and interrogate,
        examine, and cross-examine the alien and any witnesses. The
        immigration judge may issue subpoenas for the attendance of
        witnesses and presentation of evidence. The immigration judge
        shall have authority (under regulations prescribed by the
        Attorney General) to sanction by civil money penalty any action
        (or inaction) in contempt of the judge's proper exercise of
        authority under this Act.
             `(2) Form of proceeding.--
``(A) In general.--The proceeding may take place--
                          ``(i) in person,
``(ii) where agreed to by the parties, in the
                       absence of the alien,
                           ``(iii) through video conference, or
                           ``(iv) subject to subparagraph (B), through
                       telephone conference.
                      `(B) Consent required in certain cases.--An
                evidentiary hearing on the merits may only be conducted
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-590]]
                through a telephone conference with the consent of the
                alien involved after the alien has been advised of the
                right to proceed in person or through video conference.
             ``(3) Presence of alien.--If it is impracticable by reason
        of an alien's mental incompetency for the alien to be present at
        the proceeding, the Attorney General shall prescribe safeguards
        to protect the rights and privileges of the alien.
             `(4) Aliens rights in proceeding. -- In proceedings under
        this section, under regulations of the Attorney General-
``(A) the alien shall have the privilege of being
                represented, at no expense to the Government, by counsel
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of the alien's choosing who is authorized to practice in such proceedings,

``(B) the alien shall have a reasonable opportunity to examine the evidence against the alien, to present evidence on the alien's own behalf, and to cross-examine witnesses presented by the Government but these rights shall not entitle the alien to examine such national security information as the Government may proffer in opposition to the alien's admission to the United States or to an application by the alien for discretionary relief under this Act, and

``(C) a complete record shall be kept of all testimony and evidence produced at the proceeding. ``(5) Consequences of failure to appear.--

``(A) In general.--Any alien who, after written notice required under paragraph (1) or (2) of section 239(a) has been provided to the alien or the alien's counsel of record, does not attend a proceeding under this section, shall be ordered removed in absentia if the Service establishes by clear, unequivocal, and convincing evidence that the written notice was so provided and that the alien is removable (as defined in subsection (e)(2)). The written notice by the Attorney General shall be considered sufficient for purposes of this subparagraph if provided at the most recent address provided under section 239(a)(1)(F).

``(B) No notice if failure to provide address information.--No written notice shall be required under subparagraph (A) if the alien has failed to provide the address required under section 239(a)(1)(F).

``(C) Rescission of order.--Such an order may be rescinded only--

``(i) upon a motion to reopen filed within 180 days after the date of the order of removal if the alien demonstrates that the failure to appear was because of exceptional circumstances (as defined in subsection (e)(1)), or

``(ii) upon a motion to reopen filed at any time if the alien demonstrates that the alien did not receive notice in accordance with paragraph (1) or (2) of section 239(a) or the alien demonstrates that the alien was in Federal or State custody and the failure to appear was through no fault of the alien.

The filing of the motion to reopen described in clause (i) or (ii) shall stay the removal of the alien pending disposition of the motion by the immigration judge.

``(D) Effect on judicial review.--Any petition for review under section 242 of an order entered in absentia

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under this paragraph shall (except in cases described in section 242(b)(5)) be confined to (i) the validity of the notice provided to the alien, (ii) the reasons for the alien's not attending the proceeding, and (iii) whether or not the alien is removable.

``(E) Additional application to certain aliens in contiguous territory.--The preceding provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all aliens placed in proceedings under this section, including any alien who remains in a contiguous foreign territory pursuant to section 235(b)(2)(C).

``(6) Treatment of frivolous behavior.--The Attorney General shall, by regulation--

``(A) define in a proceeding before an immigration judge or before an appellate administrative body under this title, frivolous behavior for which attorneys may be sanctioned.

``(B) specify the circumstances under which an administrative appeal of a decision or ruling will be considered frivolous and will be summarily dismissed, and

``(C) impose appropriate sanctions (which may include suspension and disbarment) in the case of frivolous behavior.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the authority of the Attorney General to take actions with respect to inappropriate behavior.

``(7) Limitation on discretionary relief for failure to appear.—Any alien against whom a final order of removal is entered in absentia under this subsection and who, at the time of the notice described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 239(a), was provided oral notice, either in the alien's native language or in another language the alien understands, of the time and place of the proceedings and of the consequences under this paragraph of failing, other than because of exceptional

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circumstances (as defined in subsection (e)(1)) to attend a
       proceeding under this section, shall not be eligible for relief
        under section 240A, 240B, 245, 248, or 249 for a period of 10
       years after the date of the entry of the final order of removal.
    ``(c) Decision and Burden of Proof .--
             `(1) Decision.--
                    ``(A) In general. -- At the conclusion of the
                proceeding the immigration judge shall decide whether an
                alien is removable from the United States. The
                determination of the immigration judge shall be based
                only on the evidence produced at the hearing.
                     `(B) Certain medical decisions.--If a medical
                officer or civil surgeon or board of medical officers
                has certified under section 232(b) that an alien has a
                disease, illness, or addiction which would make the
                alien inadmissible under paragraph (1) of section
                212(a), the decision of the immigration judge shall be
               based solely upon such certification.
            ``(2) Burden on alien.--In the proceeding the alien has the
       burden of establishing--
                    ``(A) if the alien is an applicant for admission,
                that the alien is clearly and beyond doubt entitled to
                be admitted and is not inadmissible under section 212;
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                    alien is lawfully present in the United States pursuant
                to a prior admission.
        In meeting the burden of proof under subparagraph (B), the alien
       shall have access to the alien's visa or other entry document,
        if any, and any other records and documents, not considered by
        the Attorney General to be confidential, pertaining to the
        alien's admission or presence in the United States.
            `(3) Burden on service in cases of deportable aliens.--
                     `(A) In general.--In the proceeding the Service has
                the burden of establishing by clear and convincing
                evidence that, in the case of an alien who has been
                admitted to the United States, the alien is deportable.
                No decision on deportability shall be valid unless it is
                based upon reasonable, substantial, and probative
                evidence.
                     (B) Proof of convictions .-- In any proceeding under
                this Act, any of the following documents or records (or
                a certified copy of such an official document or record)
                shall constitute proof of a criminal conviction:
                           `(i) An official record of judgment and
                      conviction.
                           `(ii) An official record of plea, verdict,
                      and sentence.
                           `(iii) A docket entry from court records that
                      indicates the existence of the conviction.
                           `(iv) Official minutes of a court proceeding
                     or a transcript of a court hearing in which the
                     court takes notice of the existence of the
                     conviction.
                          ``(v) An abstract of a record of conviction
                     prepared by the court in which the conviction was
                      entered, or by a State official associated with
                      the State's repository of criminal justice
                      records, that indicates the charge or section of
                     law violated, the disposition of the case, the
                      existence and date of conviction, and the
                     sentence.
                           `(vi) Any document or record prepared by, or
                     under the direction of, the court in which the
                     conviction was entered that indicates the
                     existence of a conviction.
                           `(vii) Any document or record attesting to
                      the conviction that is maintained by an official
                      of a State or Federal penal institution, which is
                      the basis for that institution's authority to
                      assume custody of the individual named in the
                      record.
                     `(C) Electronic records.--In any proceeding under
                this Act, any record of conviction or abstract that has
                been submitted by electronic means to the Service from a
                State or court shall be admissible as evidence to prove
                a criminal conviction if it is--
                           (i) certified by a State official associated
                      with the State's repository of criminal justice
                      records as an official record from its repository
                      or by a court official from the court in which the
                      conviction was entered as an official record from
                     its repository, and ``(ii) certified in writing by a Service
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official as having been received electronically
                      from the State's record repository or the court's
                      record repository.
                A certification under clause (i) may be by means of a
                computer-generated signature and statement of
                authenticity.
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            alien is removable and orders the alien to be removed, the judge
        shall inform the alien of the right to appeal that decision and
        of the consequences for failure to depart under the order of
        removal, including civil and criminal penalties.
             `(5) Motions to reconsider.--
``(A) In general.--The alien may file one motion to
                reconsider a decision that the alien is removable from
                the United States.
                     `(B) Deadline.--The motion must be filed within 30
                days of the date of entry of a final administrative
                order of removal.
                    ``(C) Contents.--The motion shall specify the errors
                of law or fact in the previous order and shall be
                supported by pertinent authority.
            ``(6) Motions to reopen.--
                     ``(A) In general. -- An alien may file one motion to
                reopen proceedings under this section.
                     `(B) Contents. -- The motion to reopen shall state
                the new facts that will be proven at a hearing to be
                held if the motion is granted, and shall be supported by
                affidavits or other evidentiary material.
                      `(C) Deadline.--
                          ``(i) In general.--Except as provided in this
                      subparagraph, the motion to reopen shall be filed
                      within 90 days of the date of entry of a final
                      administrative order of removal.
                           ``(ii) Asylum.--There is no time limit on the
                      filing of a motion to reopen if the basis of the
                      motion is to apply for relief under sections 208
                      or 241(b)(3) and is based on changed country
                      conditions arising in the country of nationality
                      or the country to which removal has been ordered,
                      if such evidence is material and was not available
                      and would not have been discovered or presented at
                      the previous proceeding.
                           `(iii) Failure to appear. -- The filing of a
                      motion to reopen an order entered pursuant to
                      subsection (b)(5) is subject to the deadline
                      specified in subparagraph (C) of such subsection.
    ``(d) Stipulated Removal.--The Attorney General shall provide by
regulation for the entry by an immigration judge of an order of removal
stipulated to by the alien (or the alien's representative) and the
Service. A stipulated order shall constitute a conclusive determination of the alien's removability from the United States.
      (e) Definitions. -- In this section and section 240A:
            ``(1) Exceptional circumstances.--The term `exceptional
        circumstances' refers to exceptional circumstances (such as
        serious illness of the alien or serious illness or death of the
        spouse, child, or parent of the alien, but not including less
        compelling circumstances) beyond the control of the alien.
             `(2) Removable.--The term `removable' means-
                     `(A) in the case of an alien not admitted to the
                United States, that the alien is inadmissible under
                section 212, or
                     (B) in the case of an alien admitted to the United
                States, that the alien is deportable under section 237.
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      Sec. 240A. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1229b. &gt; &gt; (a) Cancellation of Removal for
Certain Permanent Residents. -- The Attorney General may cancel removal in
the case of an alien who is inadmissible or deportable from the United
States if the alien--
``(1) has been an alien lawfully admitted for permanent
        residence for not less than 5 years,
              `(2) has resided in the United States continuously for 7
        years after having been admitted in any status, and
              `(3) has not been convicted of any aggravated felony.
    ``(b) Cancellation of Removal and Adjustment of Status for Certain
Nonpermanent Residents.--
             ``(1) In general.--The Attorney General may cancel removal
        in the case of an alien who is inadmissible or deportable from
        the United States if the alien--
                     `(A) has been physically present in the United
                States for a continuous period of not less than 10 years
                immediately preceding the date of such application;
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during such period;
                      (C) has not been convicted of an offense under
                section 212(a)(2), 237(a)(2), or 237(a)(3); and
                     `(D) establishes that removal would result in
                exceptional and extremely unusual hardship to the
                alien's spouse, parent, or child, who is a citizen of
                the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for
                permanent residence.
            ``(2) Special rule for battered spouse or child.--The
       Attorney General may cancel removal in the case of an alien who
        is inadmissible or deportable from the United States if the
        alien demonstrates that-
                    ``(A) the alien has been battered or subjected to
                extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or
                parent who is a United States citizen or lawful
                permanent resident (or is the parent of a child of a
                United States citizen or lawful permanent resident and
                the child has been battered or subjected to extreme
                cruelty in the United States by such citizen or
                permanent resident parent);
                    ``(B) the alien has been physically present in the
                United States for a continuous period of not less than 3
                years immediately preceding the date of such
                application;
                    \cdot (C) the alien has been a person of good moral
                character during such period;
                     `(D) the alien is not inadmissible under paragraph
                (2) or (3) of section 212(a), is not deportable under
                paragraph (1)(G) or (2) through (4) of section 237(a),
                and has not been convicted of an aggravated felony; and
                     `(E) the removal would result in extreme hardship
                to the alien, the alien's child, or (in the case of an
                alien who is a child) to the alien's parent.
        In acting on applications under this paragraph, the Attorney
        General shall consider any credible evidence relevant to the
        application. The determination of what evidence is credible and
        the weight to be given that evidence shall be within the sole
       discretion of the Attorney General.
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            ``(3) Adjustment of status. -- The Attorney General may adjust
        to the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent
       residence any alien who the Attorney General determines meets
        the requirements of paragraph (1) or (2). The number of
        adjustments under this paragraph shall not exceed 4,000 for any
        fiscal year. The Attorney General shall record the alien's
        lawful admission for permanent residence as of the date the
       Attorney General's cancellation of removal under paragraph (1)
        or (2) or determination under this paragraph.
    ``(c) Aliens Ineligible for Relief.--The provisions of subsections
subsequent to June 30, 1964.
             (2) An alien who was admitted to the United States as a
       nonimmigrant exchange alien as defined in section 101(a)(15)(J),
       or has acquired the status of such a nonimmigrant exchange alien
        after admission, in order to receive graduate medical education
       or training, regardless of whether or not the alien is subject
        to or has fulfilled the two-year foreign residence requirement
       of section 212(e).
             `(3) An alien who--
                     `(A) was admitted to the United States as a
                nonimmigrant exchange alien as defined in section
                101(a)(15)(J) or has acquired the status of such a
                nonimmigrant exchange alien after admission other than
                to receive graduate medical education or training.
                    ``(B) is subject to the two-year foreign residence
                requirement of section 212(e), and
                    ``(C) has not fulfilled that requirement or received
                a waiver thereof.
            ``(4) An alien who is inadmissible under section 212(a)(3)
        or deportable under section 237(a)(4).
             `(5) An alien who is described in section 241(b)(3)(B)(i).
            ``(6) An alien whose removal has previously been cancelled
       under this section or whose deportation was suspended under
        section 244(a) or who has been granted relief under section
       212(c), as such sections were in effect before the date of the enactment of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant
       Responsibility Act of 1996.
    ``(d) Special Rules Relating to Continuous Residence or Physical
Presence.-
           ``(1) Termination of continuous period.--For purposes of
        this section, any period of continuous residence or continuous
        physical presence in the United States shall be deemed to end
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``(B) has been a person of good moral character

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when the alien is served a notice to appear under section 239(a)
        or when the alien has committed an offense referred to in
        section 212(a)(2) that renders the alien inadmissible to the
        United States under section 212(a)(2) or removable from the
        United States under section 237(a)(2) or 237(a)(4), whichever is
        earliest.
            ``(2) Treatment of certain breaks in presence. -- An alien
        shall be considered to have failed to maintain continuous
        physical presence in the United States under subsections (b)(1)
        and (b)(2) if the alien has departed from the United States for
        any period in excess of 90 days or for any periods in the
        aggregate exceeding 180 days.
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            ``(3) Continuity not required because of honorable service
        in armed forces and presence upon entry into service.—The
        requirements of continuous residence or continuous physical
        presence in the United States under subsections (a) and (b)
       shall not apply to an alien who--
``(A) has served for a minimum period of 24 months
                in an active-duty status in the Armed Forces of the
                United States and, if separated from such service, was
                separated under honorable conditions, and
                    ``(B) at the time of the alien's enlistment or
                induction was in the United States.
    ``(e) Annual Limitation.--The Attorney General may not cancel the
removal and adjust the status under this section, nor suspend the
deportation and adjust the status under section 244(a) (as in effect
before the enactment of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant
Responsibility Act of 1996), of a total of more than 4,000 aliens in any
fiscal year. The previous sentence shall apply regardless of when an
alien applied for such cancellation and adjustment and whether such an
alien had previously applied for suspension of deportation under such
                             section 244(a).
    ``Sec. 240B. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1229c.&gt;&gt; (a) Certain Conditions.--
             `(1) In general.--The Attorney General may permit an alien
        voluntarily to depart the United States at the alien's own
        expense under this subsection, in lieu of being subject to
        proceedings under section 240\ \mathrm{or} prior to the completion of such
        proceedings, if the alien is not deportable under section
        237(a)(2)(A)(iii) or section 237(a)(4)(B).
              (2) Period. -- Permission to depart voluntarily under this
        subsection shall not be valid for a period exceeding 120 days.
             `(3) Bond.--The Attorney General may require an alien
        permitted to depart voluntarily under this subsection to post a
        voluntary departure bond, to be surrendered upon proof that the
        alien has departed the United States within the time specified.
             `(4) Treatment of aliens arriving in the united states.--In
        the case of an alien who is arriving in the United States and
        with respect to whom proceedings under section 240 are (or would
        otherwise be) initiated at the time of such alien's arrival,
        paragraph (1) shall not apply. Nothing in this paragraph shall
        be construed as preventing such an alien from withdrawing the
        application for admission in accordance with section 235(a)(4).
    ``(b) At Conclusion of Proceedings.--
             `(1) In general.--The Attorney General may permit an alien
        voluntarily to depart the United States at the alien's own
        expense if, at the conclusion of a proceeding under section 240,
        the immigration judge enters an order granting voluntary
        departure in lieu of removal and finds that--
                     `(A) the alien has been physically present in the
                United States for a period of at least one year
                immediately preceding the date the notice to appear was served under section 239(a);
                     `(B) the alien is, and has been, a person of good
                moral character for at least 5 years immediately
                preceding the alien's application for voluntary
                departure;
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                    237(a)(2)(A)(iii) or section 237(a)(4); and
                     `(D) the alien has established by clear and
                convincing evidence that the alien has the means to
                depart the United States and intends to do so.
            ``(2) Period.--Permission to depart voluntarily under this
        subsection shall not be valid for a period exceeding 60 days.
             ``(3) Bond.--An alien permitted to depart voluntarily under
        this subsection shall be required to post a voluntary departure
        bond, in an amount necessary to ensure that the alien will
        depart, to be surrendered upon proof that the alien has departed
        the United States within the time specified.
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``(c) Aliens Not Eligible.--The Attorney General shall not permit an
alien to depart voluntarily under this section if the alien was
previously permitted to so depart after having been found inadmissible
under section 212(a)(6)(A).
      (d) Civil Penalty for Failure to Depart.--If an alien is permitted
to depart voluntarily under this section and fails voluntarily to depart the United States within the time period specified, the alien shall be
subject to a civil penalty of not less than $1,000 and not more than
$5,000, and be ineligible for a period of 10 years for any further relief under this section and sections 240A, 245, 248, and 249. The
order permitting the alien to depart voluntarily shall inform the alien
of the penalties under this subsection.
     `(e) Additional Conditions. -- The Attorney General may by regulation
limit eligibility for voluntary departure under this section for any
class or classes of aliens. No court may review any regulation issued
under this subsection.
      `(f) Judicial Review.--No court shall have jurisdiction over an
appeal from denial of a request for an order of voluntary departure
under subsection (b), nor shall any court order a stay of an alien's
removal pending consideration of any claim with respect to voluntary
departure.''.
    (b) Repeal of Section 212(c).--Section 212(c) (8 U.S.C. 1182(c)) is
repealed.
    (c) Streamlining Removal of Criminal Aliens. --
             (1) In general.--Section 242A(b)(4) (8 U.S.C. 1252a(b)(4)),
        as amended by section 442(a) of Public Law 104-132 and before
        redesignation by section 308(b)(5) of this division, is
        amended--
                      (A) by striking subparagraph (D);
                     (B) by amending subparagraph (E) to read as follows:
``(D) a determination is made for the record that
                 the individual upon whom the notice for the proceeding
                 under this section is served (either in person or by
                 mail) is, in fact, the alien named in such notice;'
                 and
                     (C) by redesignating subparagraphs (F) and (G) as
                 subparagraph (E) and (F), respectively.
             (2) Effective <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1252a note.&gt;&gt; date.--The
        amendments made by paragraph (1) shall be effective as if
        included in the enactment of section 442(a) of Public Law 104-
SEC. 305. DETENTION AND REMOVAL OF ALIENS ORDERED REMOVED (NEW SECTION
             241).
    (a) In General. -- Title II is further amended --
             (1) by striking section 237 (8 U.S.C. 1227),
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             (2) by redesignating section 241 (8 U.S.C. 1251) as section
        237 and <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1227.&gt;&gt; by moving such section to
        immediately follow section 236, and
             (3) by inserting after section 240C (as redesignated by
         section 304(a)(2)) of this division the following new section:
    ``Sec. 241. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1231.&gt;&gt; (a) Detention, Release, and
Removal of Aliens Ordered Removed .--
             ``(1) Removal period.--
                       `(A) In general.--Except as otherwise provided in
                 this section, when an alien is ordered removed, the
                 Attorney General shall remove the alien from the United
                 States within a period of 90 days (in this section
                 referred to as the `removal period').
                 ``(B) Beginning of period.—The removal period begins on the latest of the following:
                            ``(i) The date the order of removal becomes
                       administratively final.
                             `(ii) If the removal order is judicially
                       reviewed and if a court orders a stay of the
                       removal of the alien, the date of the court's
                       final order.
    ``(iii) If the alien is detained or confined
                        (except under an immigration process), the date
                       the alien is released from detention or
                        confinement.
                     ``(C) Suspension of period.--The removal period
                 shall be extended beyond a period of 90 days and the
                 alien may remain in detention during such extended
                 period if the alien fails or refuses to make timely
                 application in good faith for travel or other documents
                 necessary to the alien's departure or conspires or acts
                 to prevent the alien's removal subject to an order of
             ``(2) Detention.--During the removal period, the Attorney
        General shall detain the alien. Under no circumstance during the
        removal period shall the Attorney General release an alien who
        has been found inadmissible under section 212(a)(2) or
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212(a)(3)(B) or deportable under section 237(a)(2) or
       alien, pending removal, shall be subject to supervision under
       regulations prescribed by the Attorney General. The regulations shall include provisions requiring the alien-
                     (A) to appear before an immigration officer
                periodically for identification;
                    `(B) to submit, if necessary, to a medical and
                psychiatric examination at the expense of the United
                States Government;
                    ``(C) to give information under oath about the
                alien's nationality, circumstances, habits,
                associations, and activities, and other information the
                Attorney General considers appropriate; and
                     alien's conduct or activities that the Attorney General
               prescribes for the alien.
            \tilde{(4)} Aliens imprisoned, arrested, or on parole, supervised
       release, or probation .--
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                    ``(A) In general.--Except as provided in section
                343(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
                259(a)) and paragraph (2), the Attorney General may not
                remove an alien who is sentenced to imprisonment until
                the alien is released from imprisonment. Parole,
                supervised release, probation, or possibility of arrest
                or further imprisonment is not a reason to defer
                removal.
                    ``(B) Exception for removal of nonviolent offenders
                prior to completion of sentence of imprisonment. -- The
                Attorney General is authorized to remove an alien in
                accordance with applicable procedures under this Act
                before the alien has completed a sentence of
                imprisonment --
                          ``(i) in the case of an alien in the custody
                      of the Attorney General, if the Attorney General
                     determines that (I) the alien is confined pursuant
                      to a final conviction for a nonviolent offense
                      (other than an offense related to smuggling or
                     harboring of aliens or an offense described in
                      section \overline{101}(a)(43)(B), (C), (E), (I), or (L) and
                      (II) the removal of the alien is appropriate and
                      in the best interest of the United States; or
                          ``(ii) in the case of an alien in the custody
                      of a State (or a political subdivision of a
                      State), if the chief State official exercising
                      authority with respect to the incarceration of the
                      alien determines that (I) the alien is confined
                     pursuant to a final conviction for a nonviolent
                      offense (other than an offense described in
                     section 101(a)(43)(C) or (E)), (II) the removal is
                      appropriate and in the best interest of the State,
                      and (III) submits a written request to the
                     Attorney General that such alien be so removed.
                    ``(C) Notice. -- Any alien removed pursuant to this
                paragraph shall be notified of the penalties under the
                laws of the United States relating to the reentry of
                deported aliens, particularly the expanded penalties for
                aliens removed under subparagraph (B).
                     `(D) No private right.--No cause or claim may be
                asserted under this paragraph against any official of
                the United States or of any State to compel the release,
                removal, or consideration for release or removal of any
                alien.
            ``(5) Reinstatement of removal orders against aliens
        illegally reentering .-- If the Attorney General finds that an
        alien has reentered the United States illegally after having
        been removed or having departed voluntarily, under an order of
        removal, the prior order of removal is reinstated from its
        original date and is not subject to being reopened or reviewed,
        the alien is not eligible and may not apply for any relief under
        this Act, and the alien shall be removed under the prior order
        at any time after the reentry.
             (6) Inadmissible or criminal aliens. -- An alien ordered
        removed who is inadmissible under section 212, removable under
       section 237(a)(1)(C), 237(a)(2), or 237(a)(4) or who has been
       determined by the Attorney General to be a risk to the community
        or unlikely to comply with the order of removal, may be detained
       beyond the removal period and, if released, shall be subject to
        the terms of supervision in paragraph (3).
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``(7) Employment authorization.--No alien ordered removed

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shall be eligible to receive authorization to be employed in the
        United States unless the Attorney General makes a specific
        finding that --
                    of all countries designated by the alien or under this
                section to receive the alien, or
   ``(B) the removal of the alien is otherwise
                impracticable or contrary to the public interest.
    ``(b) Countries to Which Aliens May Be Removed. --
             `(1) Aliens arriving at the united states. -- Subject to
       paragraph (3)--
``(A) In general.--Except as provided by
                subparagraphs (B) and (C), an alien who arrives at the
                United States and with respect to whom proceedings under
                section 240 were initiated at the time of such alien's
                arrival shall be removed to the country in which the
                alien boarded the vessel or aircraft on which the alien
                arrived in the United States.
                     `(B) Travel from contiguous territory.--If the
                alien boarded the vessel or aircraft on which the alien
                arrived in the United States in a foreign territory
                contiguous to the United States, an island adjacent to
                the United States, or an island adjacent to a foreign
                territory contiguous to the United States, and the alien
                is not a native, citizen, subject, or national of, or
                does not reside in, the territory or island, removal
                shall be to the country in which the alien boarded the
                vessel that transported the alien to the territory or
                island.
                     `(C) Alternative countries .-- If the government of
                the country designated in subparagraph (A) or (B) is
                unwilling to accept the alien into that country's
                territory, removal shall be to any of the following
                countries, as directed by the Attorney General:
    ``(i) The country of which the alien is a
                      citizen, subject, or national.
                           `(ii) The country in which the alien was
                      residence. ``(iv) A country with a government that will
                      accept the alien into the country's territory if
                      removal to each country described in a previous
                      clause of this subparagraph is impracticable,
                      inadvisable, or impossible.
            ``(2) Other aliens.--Subject to paragraph (3)--
                     ``(A) Selection of country by alien.--Except as
                otherwise provided in this paragraph--
                           ``(i) any alien not described in paragraph (1)
                      who has been ordered removed may designate one
                      country to which the alien wants to be removed,
                          ``(ii) the Attorney General shall remove the
                      alien to the country the alien so designates.
                    ``(B) Limitation on designation.--An alien may
                designate under subparagraph (A)(i) a foreign territory
                contiguous to the United States, an adjacent island, or
                an island adjacent to a foreign territory contiguous to
                the United States as the place to which the alien is to
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                only if the alien is a native, citizen, subject, or
                national of, or has resided in, that designated
                territory or island.
                     ``(C) Disregarding designation.--The Attorney
                General may disregard a designation under subparagraph
                (A)(i) if-- \label{eq:country} ``(i) \  \, \text{the alien fails to designate a country}
                      promptly;
   ``(ii) the government of the country does not
                      inform the Attorney General finally, within 30
                      days after the date the Attorney General first
                      inquires, whether the government will accept the
                      alien into the country;
                           `(iii) the government of the country is not
                      willing to accept the alien into the country; or
                            `(iv) the Attorney General decides that
                      removing the alien to the country is prejudicial
                      to the United States.
                    ``(D) Alternative country.--If an alien is not
                removed to a country designated under subparagraph
                (A)(i), the Attorney General shall remove the alien to a
                country of which the alien is a subject, national, or
                citizen unless the government of the country--
                           `(i) does not inform the Attorney General or
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the Attorney General first inquires or within
                      another period of time the Attorney General
                      decides is reasonable, whether the government will
                      accept the alien into the country; or
                           `(ii) is not willing to accept the alien into
                      the country.
                    not removed to a country under the previous
                subparagraphs of this paragraph, the Attorney General
                shall remove the alien to any of the following
                          ``(i) The country from which the alien was
                      admitted to the United States.
                           `(ii) The country in which is located the
                      foreign port from which the alien left for the
                      United States or for a foreign territory
                      contiguous to the United States.
                            `(iii) A country in which the alien resided
                      before the alien entered the country from which
                      the alien entered the United States.
                           `(iv) The country in which the alien was
                      born.
    ``(v) The country that had sovereignty over
                      the alien's birthplace when the alien was born.
                           `(vi) The country in which the alien's
                      birthplace is located when the alien is ordered
                      removed.
'`(vii) If impracticable, inadvisable, or
                      impossible to remove the alien to each country described in a previous clause of this
                      subparagraph, another country whose government
                      will accept the alien into that country.
                      (F) Removal country when united states is at
                war. -- When the United States is at war and the Attorney
                General decides that it is impracticable, inadvisable,
                inconvenient, or impossible to remove an alien under
                this subsection because of the war, the Attorney General
                may remove the alien--
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                          ``(i) to the country that is host to a
                      government in exile of the country of which the
                      alien is a citizen or subject if the government of
                      the host country will permit the alien's entry; or
                          ``(ii) if the recognized government of the
                      country of which the alien is a citizen or subject
                      is not in exile, to a country, or a political or
                      territorial subdivision of a country, that is very
                      near the country of which the alien is a citizen
                      or subject, or, with the consent of the government
                      of the country of which the alien is a citizen or
                      subject, to another country.
            ``(3) Restriction on removal to a country where alien's life
        or freedom would be threatened .--
                     `(A) In general. -- Notwithstanding paragraphs (1)
                and (2), the Attorney General may not remove an alien to
                a country if the Attorney General decides that the
                alien's life or freedom would be threatened in that
                country because of the alien's race, religion,
                nationality, membership in a particular social group, or
                political opinion.
                     `(B) Exception.--Subparagraph (A) does not apply to
                an alien deportable under section 237(a)(4)(D) or if the
                Attorney General decides that --
                          ``(i) the alien ordered, incited, assisted, or
                      otherwise participated in the persecution of an
                      individual because of the individual's race,
                      religion, nationality, membership in a particular
                      social group, or political opinion;
                          ``(ii) the alien, having been convicted by a
                      final judgment of a particularly serious crime is
                      a danger to the community of the United States;
                            `(iii) there are serious reasons to believe
                      that the alien committed a serious nonpolitical
                      crime outside the United States before the alien
                      arrived in the United States; or
                           `(iv) there are reasonable grounds to believe
                      that the alien is a danger to the security of the
                      United States.
                For purposes of clause (ii), an alien who has been
                convicted of an aggravated felony (or felonies) for
                which the alien has been sentenced to an aggregate term
                of imprisonment of at least 5 years shall be considered
                to have committed a particularly serious crime. The
                previous sentence shall not preclude the Attorney
                General from determining that, notwithstanding the
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the alien finally, within 30 days after the date

(iv), an alien who is described in section 237(a)(4)(B) shall be considered to be an alien with respect to whom there are reasonable grounds for regarding as a danger to the security of the United States. ``(c) Removal of Aliens Arriving at Port of Entry .--`(1) Vessels and aircraft. -- An alien arriving at a port of entry of the United States who is ordered removed either without a hearing under section 235(b)(1) or 235(c) or pursuant to proceedings under section 240 initiated at the time of such alien's arrival shall be removed immediately on a vessel or aircraft owned by the owner of the vessel or aircraft on which the alien arrived in the United States, unless--[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-603]] of those vessels or aircraft within a reasonable time, ``(B) the alien is a stowaway--``(i) who has been ordered removed in accordance with section 235(a)(1),  $\dot{}$  (ii) who has requested asylum, and ``(iii) whose application has not been adjudicated or whose asylum application has been denied but who has not exhausted all appeal rights. ``(2) Stay of removal.--(A) In general. -- The Attorney General may stay the removal of an alien under this subsection if the Attorney General decides that--``(i) immediate removal is not practicable or proper; or ``(ii) the alien is needed to testify in the prosecution of a person for a violation of a law of the United States or of any State. `(B) Payment of detention costs.--During the period an alien is detained because of a stay of removal under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Attorney General may pay from the appropriation `Immigration and Naturalization Service--Salaries and Expenses'--``(i) the cost of maintenance of the alien; ``(ii) a witness fee of \$1 a day. ``(C) Release during stay. -- The Attorney General may release an alien whose removal is stayed under subparagraph (A)(ii) on--``(i) the alien's filing a bond of at least \$500 with security approved by the Attorney General;
``(ii) condition that the alien appear when required as a witness and for removal; and ``(iii) other conditions the Attorney General may prescribe. ``(3) Costs of detention and maintenance pending removal.--`(A) In general.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B) and subsection (d), an owner of a vessel or aircraft bringing an alien to the United States shall pay the costs of detaining and maintaining the alien-'`(i) while the alien is detained under subsection (d)(1), and  $\dot{}$  (ii) in the case of an alien who is a stowaway, while the alien is being detained pursuant to--``(I) subsection (d)(2)(A) or (d)(2)(B)(i), ``(II) subsection (d)(2)(B)(ii) or (iii) for the period of time reasonably necessary for the owner to arrange for repatriation or removal of the stowaway, including obtaining necessary travel documents, but not to extend beyond the date on which it is ascertained that such travel documents cannot be obtained from the country to which the stowaway is to be returned, or
 ``(III) section 235(b)(1)(B)(ii), for a period not to exceed 15 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) commencing on the first such day which begins on the earlier of 72 hours after the [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-604]]

length of sentence imposed, an alien has been convicted of a particularly serious crime. For purposes of clause

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time of the initial presentation of the
                                stowaway for inspection or at the time
                                the stowaway is determined to have a
                                credible fear of persecution.
                    ``(B) Nonapplication.--Subparagraph (A) shall not
               apply if--
``(i) the alien is a crewmember;
                          ``(ii) the alien has an immigrant visa;
                          ``(iii) the alien has a nonimmigrant visa or
                      other documentation authorizing the alien to apply
                      for temporary admission to the United States and
                      applies for admission not later than 120 days
                      after the date the visa or documentation was
                      issued;
                          applies for admission not later than 120 days
                      after the date of the alien's last inspection and
                      admission;
                           \dot{}(v)(I) the alien has a nonimmigrant visa or
                      other documentation authorizing the alien to apply
                      for temporary admission to the United States or a
                      reentry permit;
                          ``(II) the alien applies for admission more
                      than 120 days after the date the visa or
                      documentation was issued or after the date of the
                      last inspection and admission under the reentry
                      permit; and
                           ``(III) the owner of the vessel or aircraft
                      satisfies the Attorney General that the existence
                      of the condition relating to inadmissibility could
                      not have been discovered by exercising reasonable
                      care before the alien boarded the vessel or
                      aircraft; or
                            `(vi) the individual claims to be a national
                      of the United States and has a United States
     ``(d) Requirements of Persons Providing Transportation.--
             `(1) Removal at time of arrival. -- An owner, agent, master,
        commanding officer, person in charge, purser, or consignee of a
        vessel or aircraft bringing an alien (except an alien
       crewmember) to the United States shall-- ``(\mathtt{A}) receive an alien back on the vessel or
                aircraft or another vessel or aircraft owned or operated
                by the same interests if the alien is ordered removed
                under this part; and ``(B) take the alien to the foreign country to which
                the alien is ordered removed.
            ``(2) Alien stowaways.--An owner, agent, master, commanding
        officer, charterer, or consignee of a vessel or aircraft
        arriving in the United States with an alien stowaway--
                     `(A) shall detain the alien on board the vessel or
                aircraft, or at such place as the Attorney General shall
                designate, until completion of the inspection of the
                alien by an immigration officer;
                      (B) may not permit the stowaway to land in the
                United States, except pursuant to regulations of the
                Attorney General temporarily--
                          ``(i) for medical treatment,
                          ``(ii) for detention of the stowaway by the
                      Attorney General, or
                           `(iii) for departure or removal of the
                      stowaway; and
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                    \cdot (C) if ordered by an immigration officer, shall
                remove the stowaway on the vessel or aircraft or on
                another vessel or aircraft.
        The Attorney General shall grant a timely request to remove the
        stowaway under subparagraph (C) on a vessel or aircraft other
        than that on which the stowaway arrived if the requester has
        obtained any travel documents necessary for departure or
        repatriation of the stowaway and removal of the stowaway will
        not be unreasonably delayed.
             `(3) Removal upon order.--An owner, agent, master,
        commanding officer, person in charge, purser, or consignee of a
        vessel, aircraft, or other transportation line shall comply with
        an order of the Attorney General to take on board, guard safely,
        and transport to the destination specified any alien ordered to
        be removed under this Act.
    ``(e) Payment of Expenses of Removal.--
             `(1) Costs of removal at time of arrival.--In the case of
        an alien who is a stowaway or who is ordered removed either
        without a hearing under section 235(a)(1) or 235(c) or pursuant
        to proceedings under section 240 initiated at the time of such
        alien's arrival, the owner of the vessel or aircraft (if any) on
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which the alien arrived in the United States shall pay the transportation cost of removing the alien. If removal is on a vessel or aircraft not owned by the owner of the vessel or aircraft on which the alien arrived in the United States, the Attorney General may--
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- ``(A) pay the cost from the appropriation  ${\rm `Immigration}$  and Naturalization Service--Salaries and Expenses'; and
- ``(B) recover the amount of the cost in a civil action from the owner, agent, or consignee of the vessel or aircraft (if any) on which the alien arrived in the United States.
- ``(2) Costs of removal to port of removal for aliens admitted or permitted to land.-- In the case of an alien who has been admitted or permitted to land and is ordered removed, the cost (if any) of removal of the alien to the port of removal shall be at the expense of the appropriation for the enforcement of this Act.
- ``(3) Costs of removal from port of removal for aliens admitted or permitted to land.--  $\,$ 
  - ``(A) Through appropriation.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), in the case of an alien who has been admitted or permitted to land and is ordered removed, the cost (if any) of removal of the alien from the port of removal shall be at the expense of the appropriation for the enforcement of this Act.
    - ``(B) Through owner.--
      - ``(i) In general.--In the case of an alien described in clause (ii), the cost of removal of the alien from the port of removal may be charged to any owner of the vessel, aircraft, or other transportation line by which the alien came to the United States.
      - ``(ii) Aliens described.--An alien described in this clause is an alien who--  $\ \ \, \text{``(I)} \ \text{is admitted to the United}$ 
        - ``(I) is admitted to the United States (other than lawfully admitted for permanent residence) and is ordered removed within 5 years of the date

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- of admission based on a ground that existed before or at the time of admission, or
- ``(II) is an alien crewman permitted to land temporarily under section 252 and is ordered removed within 5 years of the date of landing.
- ``(C) Costs of removal of certain aliens granted voluntary departure.--In the case of an alien who has been granted voluntary departure under section 240B and who is financially unable to depart at the alien's own expense and whose removal the Attorney General deems to be in the best interest of the United States, the expense of such removal may be paid from the appropriation for the enforcement of this Act.
- ``(f) Aliens Requiring Personal Care During Removal.- ``(1) In general.--If the Attorney General believes that an alien being removed requires personal care because of the alien's mental or physical condition, the Attorney General may employ a suitable person for that purpose who shall accompany and care for the alien until the alien arrives at the final destination.
  - "(2) Costs.--The costs of providing the service described in paragraph (1) shall be defrayed in the same manner as the expense of removing the accompanied alien is defrayed under this section.
- ``(g) Places of Detention.--
  - ``(1) In general.--The Attorney General shall arrange for appropriate places of detention for aliens detained pending removal or a decision on removal. When United States Government facilities are unavailable or facilities adapted or suitably located for detention are unavailable for rental, the Attorney General may expend from the appropriation `Immigration and Naturalization Service--Salaries and Expenses', without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5), amounts necessary to acquire land and to acquire, build, remodel, repair, and operate facilities (including living quarters for immigration officers if not otherwise available) necessary for detention.
  - ``(2) Detention facilities of the immigration and naturalization service.--Prior to initiating any project for the construction of any new detention facility for the Service, the Commissioner shall consider the availability for purchase or lease of any existing prison, jail, detention center, or other

``(h) Statutory Construction.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to create any substantive or procedural right or benefit that is legally enforceable by any party against the United States or its agencies or officers or any other person.''. (b) Reentry of Alien Removed Prior to Completion of Term of Imprisonment.--Section 276(b) (8 U.S.C. 1326(b)), as amended by section 321(b) of this division, is amended--(1) by striking ``or'' at the end of paragraph (2),(2) by adding ``or'' at the end of paragraph (3), and (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph: (4) who was removed from the United States pursuant to section 241(a)(4)(B) who thereafter, without the permission of the Attorney General, enters, attempts to enter, or is at any time found in, the United States (unless the Attorney [[Page 110 STAT, 3009-607]] General has expressly consented to such alien's reentry) shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both. (c) Miscellaneous Conforming Amendment.--Section 212(a)(4) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(4)), as amended by section 621(a) of this division, is amended by striking ``241(a)(5)(B)'' each place it appears and inserting `237(a)(5)(B)''. SEC. 306. APPEALS FROM ORDERS OF REMOVAL (NEW SECTION 242). (a) In General. -- Section 242 (8 U.S.C. 1252) is amended --(1) by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (i) and by moving such subsection and adding it at the end of section 241, as inserted by <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1231.&gt;&gt; section 305(a)(3) of this division; and (2) by amending the remainder of section 242 to read as follows: ``Sec. 242. (a) Applicable Provisions.-- $\(1)$  General orders of removal.--Judicial review of a final order of removal (other than an order of removal without a hearing pursuant to section 235(b)(1)) is governed only by chapter 158 of title 28 of the United States Code, except as provided in subsection (b) and except that the court may not order the taking of additional evidence under section 2347(c) of `(2) Matters not subject to judicial review .-``(A) Review relating to section 235(b)(1).--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no court shall have jurisdiction to review--`(i) except as provided in subsection (e), any individual determination or to entertain any other cause or claim arising from or relating to the implementation or operation of an order of removal pursuant to section 235(b)(1), ``(ii) except as provided in subsection (e), a decision by the Attorney General to invoke the provisions of such section, `(iii) the application of such section to individual aliens, including the determination made under section 235(b)(1)(B), or `(iv) except as provided in subsection (e), procedures and policies adopted by the Attorney General to implement the provisions of section 235(b)(1). (B) Denials of discretionary relief .--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no court shall have jurisdiction to review-``(i) any judgment regarding the granting of relief under section 212(h), 212(i), 240A, 240B, or 245, or ``(ii) any other decision or action of the Attorney General the authority for which is specified under this title to be in the discretion of the Attorney General, other than the granting of relief under section 208(a). ``(C) Orders against criminal aliens.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no court shall have jurisdiction to review any final order of removal against an alien who is removable by reason of having committed a criminal offense covered in section 212(a)(2) or [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-608]] 237(a)(2)(A)(iii), (B), (C), or (D), or any offense covered by section 237(a)(2)(A)(ii) for which both

comparable facility suitable for such use.

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predicate offenses are, without regard to their date of
commission, otherwise covered by section
237(a)(2)(A)(i).
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``(3) Treatment of certain decisions.--No alien shall have a right to appeal from a decision of an immigration judge which is based solely on a certification described in section 240(c)(1)(B).

``(b) Requirements for Review of Orders of Removal. -- With respect to review of an order of removal under subsection (a)(1), the following requirements apply:

`(1) Deadline.--The petition for review must be filed not later than 30 days after the date of the final order of removal. (2) Venue and forms. -- The petition for review shall be filed with the court of appeals for the judicial circuit in which the immigration judge completed the proceedings. The record and briefs do not have to be printed. The court of appeals shall review the proceeding on a typewritten record and on typewritten briefs.

(3) Service.--

``(A) In general. -- The respondent is the Attorney General. The petition shall be served on the Attorney General and on the officer or employee of the Service in charge of the Service district in which the final order of removal under section 240 was entered.

``(B) Stay of order.--Service of the petition on the officer or employee does not stay the removal of an alien pending the court's decision on the petition, unless the court orders otherwise.

`(C) Alien's brief. -- The alien shall serve and file a brief in connection with a petition for judicial review not later than 40 days after the date on which the administrative record is available, and may serve and file a reply brief not later than 14 days after service of the brief of the Attorney General, and the court may not extend these deadlines except upon motion for good cause shown. If an alien fails to file a brief within the time provided in this paragraph, the court shall dismiss the appeal unless a manifest injustice would result.

``(4) Scope and standard for review.--Except as provided in paragraph (5)(B)--

`(A) the court of appeals shall decide the petition only on the administrative record on which the order of removal is based,

``(B) the administrative findings of fact are conclusive unless any reasonable adjudicator would be compelled to conclude to the contrary,

 $\dot{}$  (C) a decision that an alien is not eligible for admission to the United States is conclusive unless manifestly contrary to law, and

`(D) the Attorney General's discretionary judgment whether to grant relief under section 208(a) shall be conclusive unless manifestly contrary to the law and an abuse of discretion.

``(5) Treatment of nationality claims.--

``(A) Court determination if no issue of fact.--If the petitioner claims to be a national of the United

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States and the court of appeals finds from the pleadings and affidavits that no genuine issue of material fact about the petitioner's nationality is presented, the court shall decide the nationality claim.
 ``(B) Transfer if issue of fact.--If the petitioner

claims to be a national of the United States and the court of appeals finds that a genuine issue of material fact about the petitioner's nationality is presented, the court shall transfer the proceeding to the district court of the United States for the judicial district in which the petitioner resides for a new hearing on the nationality claim and a decision on that claim as if an action had been brought in the district court under section 2201 of title 28, United States Code.

`(C) Limitation on determination. -- The petitioner may have such nationality claim decided only as provided in this paragraph.

``(6) Consolidation with review of motions to reopen or reconsider.--When a petitioner seeks review of an order under this section, any review sought of a motion to reopen or reconsider the order shall be consolidated with the review of the order.

`(7) Challenge to validity of orders in certain criminal

proceedings.-``(A) In general.--If the validity of an order of removal has not been judicially decided, a defendant in a criminal proceeding charged with violating section

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243(a) may challenge the validity of the order in the
criminal proceeding only by filing a separate motion
before trial. The district court, without a jury, shall
decide the motion before trial.
     (B) Claims of united states nationality .-- If the
defendant claims in the motion to be a national of the
United States and the district court finds that --
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``(i) no genuine issue of material fact about the defendant's nationality is presented, the court shall decide the motion only on the administrative record on which the removal order is based and the administrative findings of fact are conclusive if supported by reasonable, substantial, and probative evidence on the record considered as a whole; or

`(ii) a genuine issue of material fact about the defendant's nationality is presented, the court shall hold a new hearing on the nationality claim and decide that claim as if an action had been brought under section 2201 of title 28, United States Code.

The defendant may have such nationality claim decided only as provided in this subparagraph.

`(C) Consequence of invalidation. -- If the district court rules that the removal order is invalid, the court shall dismiss the indictment for violation of section 243(a). The United States Government may appeal the dismissal to the court of appeals for the appropriate circuit within 30 days after the date of the dismissal. (D) Limitation on filing petitions for review .--

The defendant in a criminal proceeding under section 243(a) may not file a petition for review under subsection (a) during the criminal proceeding.

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- ``(8) Construction. -- This subsection --
  - `(A) does not prevent the Attorney General, after a final order of removal has been issued, from detaining the alien under section 241(a);
  - `(B) does not relieve the alien from complying with section 241(a)(4) and section 243(g); and ``(C) does not require the Attorney General to defer removal of the alien.
- ``(9) Consolidation of questions for judicial review .--Judicial review of all questions of law and fact, including interpretation and application of constitutional and statutory provisions, arising from any action taken or proceeding brought to remove an alien from the United States under this title shall be available only in judicial review of a final order under this
- ``(c) Requirements for Petition.--A petition for review or for habeas corpus of an order of removal --
  - (1) shall attach a copy of such order, and ``(2) shall state whether a court has upheld the validity of the order, and, if so, shall state the name of the court, the date of the court's ruling, and the kind of proceeding.
- ``(d) Review of Final Orders.--A court may review a final order of
- removal only if-
  ``(1) the alien has exhausted all administrative remedies available to the alien as of right, and
  - `(2) another court has not decided the validity of the order, unless the reviewing court finds that the petition presents grounds that could not have been presented in the prior judicial proceeding or that the remedy provided by the prior proceeding was inadequate or ineffective to test the validity of the order.
  - ``(e) Judicial Review of Orders Under Section 235(b)(1).--`(1) Limitations on relief.--Without regard to the nature of the action or claim and without regard to the identity of the party or parties bringing the action, no court may--
    - ``(A) enter declaratory, injunctive, or other equitable relief in any action pertaining to an order to exclude an alien in accordance with section 235(b)(1) except as specifically authorized in a subsequent paragraph of this subsection, or
    - `(B) certify a class under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in any action for which judicial review is authorized under a subsequent paragraph of this subsection.
    - ``(2) Habeas corpus proceedings.--Judicial review of any determination made under section 235(b)(1) is available in habeas corpus proceedings, but shall be limited to determinations of --

- ``(A) whether the petitioner is an alien, ``(B) whether the petitioner was ordered removed under such section, and `(C) whether the petitioner can prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner is an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, has been admitted as a refugee under section 207, or has been granted asylum under section 208, such status not having been terminated, and is entitled to such further inquiry as prescribed by the Attorney General pursuant to section 235(b)(1)(C). [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-611]]
  - ``(3) Challenges on validity of the system.--`(A) In general.--Judicial review of determinations under section 235(b) and its implementation is available in an action instituted in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, but shall be limited to determinations of --
    - `(i) whether such section, or any regulation issued to implement such section, is constitutional; or
    - ``(ii) whether such a regulation, or a written policy directive, written policy guideline, or written procedure issued by or under the authority of the Attorney General to implement such section, is not consistent with applicable provisions of this title or is otherwise in violation of law. ``(B) Deadlines for bringing actions.--Any action
    - instituted under this paragraph must be filed no later than 60 days after the date the challenged section, regulation, directive, guideline, or procedure described in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A) is first  ${\tt implemented.}$
    - ``(C) Notice of appeal. -- A notice of appeal of an order issued by the District Court under this paragraph may be filed not later than 30 days after the date of issuance of such order.
    - `(D) Expeditious consideration of cases.--It shall be the duty of the District Court, the Court of Appeals, and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of any case considered under this paragraph.
  - ``(4) Decision.--In any case where the court determines that the petitioner-
    - ``(A) is an alien who was not ordered removed under section 235(b)(1), or
    - `(B) has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that the alien is an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, has been admitted as a refugee under section 207, or has been granted asylum under section 208, the court may order no remedy or relief other than to require that the petitioner be provided a hearing in accordance with section 240. Any alien who is provided a hearing under section 240 pursuant to this paragraph may thereafter obtain judicial review of any resulting final order of removal pursuant to subsection
  - ``(5) Scope of inquiry.--In determining whether an alien has been ordered removed under section 235(b)(1), the court's inquiry shall be limited to whether such an order in fact was issued and whether it relates to the petitioner. There shall be no review of whether the alien is actually inadmissible or entitled to any relief from removal.
  - claim or of the identity of the party or parties bringing the action, no court (other than the Supreme Court) shall have jurisdiction or authority to enjoin or restrain the operation of the provisions of chapter 4 of title II, as amended by the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, other than with respect to the application of such
- [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-612]]
  - provisions to an individual alien against whom proceedings under such chapter have been initiated.
  - `(2) Particular cases .-- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no court shall enjoin the removal of any alien pursuant to a final order under this section unless the alien shows by clear and convincing evidence that the entry or execution of such order is prohibited as a matter of law.
- and notwithstanding any other provision of law, no court shall have

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jurisdiction to hear any cause or claim by or on behalf of any alien arising from the decision or action by the Attorney General to commence proceedings, adjudicate cases, or execute removal orders against any alien under this Act.''.
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- (b) Repeal of Section 106.--Section 106 (8 U.S.C. 1105a) is repealed.
  - (c) Effective <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note.&gt;&gt; Date.-
    (1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2), the amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply to all final orders of deportation or removal and motions to reopen filed on or after the date of the enactment of this Act and subsection (g) of section 242 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by subsection (a)), shall apply without limitation to claims arising from all past, pending, or future exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings under such Act.
    - (2) Limitation.--Paragraph (1) shall not be considered to invalidate or to require the reconsideration of any judgment or order entered under section 106 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 440 of Public Law 104-132.
- (d) Technical Amendment.--Effective as if included in the enactment of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132), subsections (a), (c), (d), (g), and (h) of section <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1105a, 1182, 1252, 1252a.&gt;&gt; 440 of such Act are amended by striking `any offense covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(ii) for which both predicate offenses are covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(i)' and inserting `any offense covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(ii) for which both predicate offenses are, without regard to the date of their commission, otherwise covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(i)''.
- SEC. 307. PENALTIES RELATING TO REMOVAL (REVISED SECTION 243).
  - (a) In General.--Section 243 (8 U.S.C. 1253) is amended to read as follows:
  - "Sec. 243. (a) Penalty for Failure To Depart.--
    - ``(1) In general.--Any alien against whom a final order of removal is outstanding by reason of being a member of any of the classes described in section 237(a), who--
      - ``(A) willfully fails or refuses to depart from the United States within a period of 90 days from the date of the final order of removal under administrative processes, or if judicial review is had, then from the date of the final order of the court,
      - ``(B) willfully fails or refuses to make timely application in good faith for travel or other documents necessary to the alien's departure,
- [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-613]]
  - ``(C) connives or conspires, or takes any other action, designed to prevent or hamper or with the purpose of preventing or hampering the alien's departure pursuant to such, or
  - ``(D) willfully fails or refuses to present himself or herself for removal at the time and place required by the Attorney General pursuant to such order,
  - shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned not more than four years (or 10 years if the alien is a member of any of the classes described in paragraph (1)(E), (2), (3), or (4) of section 237(a)), or both.
  - ``(2) Exception.--It is not a violation of paragraph (1) to take any proper steps for the purpose of securing cancellation of or exemption from such order of removal or for the purpose of securing the alien's release from incarceration or custody.
  - ``(3) Suspension.--The court may for good cause suspend the sentence of an alien under this subsection and order the alien's release under such conditions as the court may prescribe. In determining whether good cause has been shown to justify releasing the alien, the court shall take into account such factors again.
  - - ``(B) the effect of the alien's release upon the national security and public peace or safety;
    - ``(C) the likelihood of the alien's resuming or following a course of conduct which made or would make the alien deportable;
    - ``(D) the character of the efforts made by such alien himself and by representatives of the country or countries to which the alien's removal is directed to expedite the alien's departure from the United States;
    - ``(E) the reason for the inability of the Government of the United States to secure passports, other travel documents, or removal facilities from the country or countries to which the alien has been ordered removed; and

``(F) the eligibility of the alien for discretionary relief under the immigration laws.

``(b) Willful Failure To Comply with Terms of Release Under Supervision .-- An alien who shall willfully fail to comply with regulations or requirements issued pursuant to section 241(a)(3) or knowingly give false information in response to an inquiry under such section shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(c) Penalties Relating To Vessels and Aircraft.--

`(1) Civil penalties.--

``(A) Failure to carry out certain orders.--If the Attorney General is satisfied that a person has violated subsection (d) or (e) of section 241, the person shall pay to the Commissioner the sum of \$2,000 for each violation.

`(B) Failure to remove alien stowaways. -- If the Attorney General is satisfied that a person has failed to remove an alien stowaway as required under section  $241(d)\,(2)$ , the person shall pay to the Commissioner the sum of \$5,000 for each alien stowaway not removed.

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``(C) No compromise.--The Attorney General may not compromise the amount of such penalty under this paragraph.

``(2) Clearing vessels and aircraft.-``(A) Clearance before decision on liability.--A vessel or aircraft may be granted clearance before a decision on liability is made under paragraph (1) only if a bond approved by the Attorney General or an amount sufficient to pay the civil penalty is deposited with the Commissioner.

``(B) Prohibition on clearance while penalty unpaid. -- A vessel or aircraft may not be granted clearance if a civil penalty imposed under paragraph (1) is not paid.

``(d) Discontinuing Granting Visas to Nationals of Country Denying or Delaying Accepting Alien.--On being notified by the Attorney General that the government of a foreign country denies or unreasonably delays  $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) ^{2}$ accepting an alien who is a citizen, subject, national, or resident of that country after the Attorney General asks whether the government will accept the alien under this section, the Secretary of State shall order consular officers in that foreign country to discontinue granting immigrant visas or nonimmigrant visas, or both, to citizens, subjects, nationals, and residents of that country until the Attorney General notifies the Secretary that the country has accepted the alien.''.

SEC. 308. REDESIGNATION AND REORGANIZATION OF OTHER PROVISIONS; ADDITIONAL CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

- (a) Conforming Amendment to Table of Contents; Overview of Reorganized Chapters.--The table of contents, as amended by sections 123(b) and 671(e)(1) of this division, is amended--
  - (1) by striking the item relating to section 106, and

(2) by striking the item relating to chapter 4 of title II and all that follows through the item relating to section 244A and inserting the following:

``Sec. 231. Lists of alien and citizen passengers arriving or departing; record of resident aliens and citizens leaving permanently for foreign country.

`Sec. 232. Detention of aliens for physical and mental

 $\qquad \qquad \text{examination.} \\ \texttt{``Sec. 233. Entry through or from foreign territory and adjacent} \\$ islands; landing stations.

``Sec. 234. Designation of ports of entry for aliens arriving by civil aircraft.

``Sec. 235. Inspection by immigration officers; expedited removal of inadmissible arriving aliens; referral for hearing.

``Sec. 235A. Preinspection at foreign airports.

``Sec. 236. Apprehension and detention of aliens not lawfully in the United States.

``Sec. 237. General classes of deportable aliens.

`Sec. 238. Expedited removal of aliens convicted of committing aggravated felonies.

"Sec. 239. Initiation of removal proceedings.

``Sec. 240. Removal proceedings.

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`Sec. 240A. Cancellation of removal; adjustment of status.

``Sec. 240B. Voluntary departure.

``Sec. 240C. Records of admission.

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"Sec. 241. Detention and removal of aliens ordered removed.
``Sec. 242. Judicial review of orders of removal.
 `Sec. 243. Penalties relating to removal.
                `Sec. 244. Temporary protected status.
    (b) Reorganization of Other Provisions. -- Chapters 4 and 5 of title
II are amended as follows:
             (1) Amending chapter heading. -- Amend the heading for chapter
         4 of title II to read as follows:
   ``Chapter 4--Inspection, Apprehension, Examination, Exclusion, and
                                  Removal''.
             (2) Redesignating section 232 as section 232(a).--Amend
        section 232 (8 U.S.C. 1222)--

(A) by inserting ``(a) Detention of Aliens.--''

after ``Sec. 232.'', and
                      (B) by amending the section heading to read as
                                            follows:
             (3) Redesignating section 234 as section 232(b).--Amend
         section 234 (8 U.S.C. 1224)--
                 (A) by striking the heading,
(B) by striking ``Sec. 234.'' and inserting the
following: ``(b) Physical and Mental Examination.--''
                     (C) by moving such provision to the end of section
                 232. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1222.&gt;&gt;
             (4) Redesignating section 238 as section 233.--Redesignate
         section 238 <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1223.&gt;&gt; (8 U.S.C. 1228) as section 233
         and move the section to immediately follow section 232.
             (5) Redesignating section 242a as section 238.--Redesignate
        (5) Redesignating Section 2128 as Section 238. Redesignate
section <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1228.&gt;&gt; 242A as section 238, strike
``deportation'' in its heading and insert ``removal'', and move
         the section to immediately follow section 237 (as redesignated
         by section 305(a)(2)).
             (6) Striking section 242b.--Strike section 242B (8 U.S.C.
         1252b).
            (7) Striking section 244 and redesignating section 244a as
         section 244.--Strike section 244 (8 U.S.C. 1254) and redesignate
         section <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1254a.&gt;&gt; 244A as section 244.
             (8) Amending chapter heading. -- Amend the heading for chapter
         5 of title II to read as follows:
              "Chapter 5--Adjustment and Change of Status' '.
    (c) Additional Conforming Amendments. --
             (1) Expedited procedures for aggravated felons (former
         section 242a).--Section 238 (which, previous to redesignation
         under section 308(b)(5) of this division, was section 242A) is
         amended--
                 (A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking ``section 242'' and inserting ``section 240'';
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                 (B) in subsection (a)(2), by striking ``section 242(a)(2)'' and inserting ``section 236(c)''; and
                      (C) in subsection (b)(1), by striking ``section
                 241(a)(2)(A)(iii)'' and inserting ``section 237(a)(2)(A)(iii)''.
             (2) Treatment of certain helpless aliens .--
                      (A) Certification of helpless aliens. -- Section 232
                  (8 U.S.C. 1222), as amended by section 308(b)(2) of this
                 division, is further amended by adding at the end the
                 following new subsection:
    ``(c) Certification of Certain Helpless Aliens.--If an examining
medical officer determines that an alien arriving in the United States
is inadmissible, is helpless from sickness, mental or physical
disability, or infancy, and is accompanied by another alien whose
protection or guardianship may be required, the officer may certify such
fact for purposes of applying section 212(a)(10)(B) with respect to the
other alien.''.
                      (B) Ground of inadmissibility for protection and
                 guardianship of aliens denied admission for health or
                  infancy.--Subparagraph (B) of section 212(a)(10) (8
                 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)), as redesignated by section
                 301(a)(1) of this division, is amended to read as
                 follows:
                      ``(B) Guardian required to accompany helpless
                 alien.--Any alien--
``(i) who is accompanying another alien who is
                        inadmissible and who is certified to be helpless
                        from sickness, mental or physical disability, or
                        infancy pursuant to section 232(c), and
                            ``(ii) whose protection or guardianship is
                        determined to be required by the alien described
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in clause (i),
                   is inadmissible.''.
              (3) Contingent consideration in relation to removal of
         aliens.--Section 273(a) (8 U.S.C. 1323(a)) is amended-- (A) by inserting ``(1)'' after ``(a)'', and
                        (B) by adding at the end the following new
                   paragraph:
``(2) It is unlawful for an owner, agent, master, commanding officer, person in charge, purser, or consignee of a vessel or aircraft
who is bringing an alien (except an alien crewmember) to the United
States to take any consideration to be kept or returned contingent on
whether an alien is admitted to, or ordered removed from, the United
States ''
              (4) Clarification.--(A) Section 238(a)(1), which, previous
         to redesignation under section 308(b)(5) of this division, was
         section 242A(a)(1), is amended <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1228.&gt;&gt; by adding
         at the end the following: ``Nothing in this section shall be
         construed to create any substantive or procedural right or benefit that is legally enforceable by any party against the
         United States or its agencies or officers or any other
              (B) Section 225 of the Immigration and Nationality Technical
          Corrections Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-416) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101
          note.>> is amended by striking ``and nothing in'' and all that
          follows up to ``shall''.
     (d) Additional Conforming Amendments Relating to Exclusion and
Inadmissibility.--
              (1) Section 212. -- Section 212 (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is
          amended --
                        (A) in the heading, by striking ``excluded from''
                   and inserting `ineligible for'';
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                   (B) in the matter in subsection (a) before paragraph (1), by striking all that follows ``(a)'' and inserting the following: ``Classes of Aliens Ineligible for Visas
                   or Admission.--Except as otherwise provided in this Act,
                   aliens who are inadmissible under the following
                   paragraphs are ineligible to receive visas and
                   ineligible to be admitted to the United States: '';
                        (C) in subsection (a), by striking ``is excludable''
                   and inserting ``is inadmissible'' each place it appears;
                        (D) in subsections (a)(5)(C) (before redesignation
                   by section 343(c)(1) of this division), (d)(1), and (k),
                   by striking ``exclusion'' and inserting
                     `inadmissibility'';
                   (E) in subsections (b), (d)(3), (h)(1)(A)(i), and
(k), by striking ``excludable'' each place it appears
and inserting ``inadmissible'';
                        (F) in subsection (b)(2), by striking ``or
                   ineligible for entry'';
                   (G) in subsection (d)(7), by striking ``excluded from'' and inserting ``denied''; and
                        (H) in subsection (h)(1)(B), by striking
                    ``exclusion'' and inserting ``denial of admission''.
              (2) Section 241.--Section 241 (8 U.S.C. 1251), before
          redesignation as section 237 by section 305(a)(2) of this
         division, is amended --
                        (A) in subsection (a)(1)(H), by striking
                     `excludable'' and inserting ``inadmissible'';
(B) in subsection (a)(4)(C)(ii), by striking
                   ``excludability'' and inserting ``inadmissibility'';
(C) in subsection (c), by striking ``exclusion'' and
                   (C) in subsection (c), by striking `
inserting ``inadmissibility''; and
                        (D) effective upon enactment of this Act, by
                   striking subsection (d), as added by section 414(a) of
                   the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of
                   1996 (P.L. 104-132).
         (3) Other general references.--The following provisions are amended by striking ``excludability'' and ``excludable'' each
         place each appears and inserting ``inadmissibility'' and
           `inadmissible'', respectively:
                   (A) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101, 1183, 1224, 1251, 1322, 1327, 1356.&gt;&gt; Sections 101(f)(3), 213, 234 (before
                   redesignation by section 308(b) of this division),
                   241(a)(1) (before redesignation by section 305(a)(2) of this division), 272(a), 277,\ 286(h)(2)(A)(v), and
                   286(h)(2)(A)(vi).
                        (B) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note. &gt; &gt; Section 601(c) of the
                   Immigration Act of 1990.
                        (C) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Section 128 of the
                   Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992
                   and 1993 (Public Law 102-138).
                        (D) Section 1073 of the National Defense
                   Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103-
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(E) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Section 221 of the
                   Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections Act of
                   1994 (Public Law 103-416).
               (4) Related terms. --
                   (A) Section 101(a)(17) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)) is amended by striking ``or expulsion'' and inserting
                     `expulsion, or removal''
                        (B) Section 102 (8 U.S.C. 1102) is amended by
                   striking ``exclusion or deportation'' and inserting
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                   (C) Section 103(c)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1103(c)(2)) is amended by striking `been excluded or deported' and inserting `not been admitted or have been removed'.

(D) Section 206 (8 U.S.C. 1156) is amended by
                    striking ``excluded from admission to the United States
                   and deported'' and inserting ``denied admission to the
                   United States and removed''.
                        (E) Section 216(f) (8 U.S.C. 1186a) is amended by
                   striking ``exclusion'' and inserting
                     `inadmissibility''.
                        (F) Section 217 (8 U.S.C. 1187) is amended by
                   striking ``excluded from admission'' and inserting
                     `denied admission at the time of arrival'' each place
                   it appears.
                        (G) Section 221(f) (8 U.S.C. 1201) is amended by
                   striking ``exclude'' and inserting ``deny admission
                   to''.
                        (H) Section 232(a) (8 U.S.C. 1222(a)), as
                   redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended by striking ``excluded by'' and ``the excluded classes''
                   and inserting ``inadmissible under'' and ``inadmissible
                   classes'', respectively.
                        (I)(i) Section 272 (8 U.S.C. 1322) is amended--
(I) by striking ``exclusion'' in the heading
                           and inserting ``denial of admission'',
                           (II) in subsection (a), by striking ``excluding condition'' and inserting `causing inadmissibility'', and
                                                                           `condition
                               (III) in subsection (c), by striking
                           ``excluding''
                         (ii) The item in the table of contents relating to
                   such section is amended by striking ``exclusion'' and
                    inserting ``denial of admission''.
                        (J) Section 276(a) (8 U.S.C. 1326(a)) is amended--
                                (i) in paragraph (1), as amended by section
                           324(a) of this division--
                                            (I) by striking ``arrested and
                                       deported, has been excluded and deported,'' and inserting ``denied
                                       admission, excluded, deported, or
                                       removed'', and
                                       (II) by striking ``exclusion or deportation'' and inserting ``exclusion,
                               deportation, or removal (ii) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking ``denied
                                       deportation, or removal''; and
                           ``excluded and deported'' and inserting
                           admission and removed''.
                         (K) Section 286(h)(2)(A)(vi) (8 U.S.C.
                   1356(h)(2)(A)(vi)) is amended by striking ``exclusion''
                   each place it appears and inserting ``removal''.

(L) Section 287 (8 U.S.C. 1357) is amended--
                               (i) in subsection (a), by striking
                           expulsion' each place it appears and inserting 
``expulsion, or removal', and 
(ii) in subsection (c), by striking
                           ``exclusion from'' and inserting ``denial of
                           admission to'
                         (M) Section 290(a) (8 U.S.C. 1360(a)) is amended by
                   striking `admitted to the United States, or excluded therefrom' each place it appears and inserting
                     `admitted or denied admission to the United States''.
                        (N) Section 291 (8 U.S.C. 1361) is amended by
                                `subject to exclusion'' and inserting
                   striking
                     `inadmissible'' each place it appears.
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                        (O) Section 292 (8 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by
                   striking ``exclusion or deportation'' each place it appears and inserting ``removal''.
                        (P) Section 360 (8 U.S.C. 1503) is amended-
                                (i) in subsection (a), by striking
                           ``exclusion'' each place it appears and inserting
                           ``removal'', and
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(ii) in subsection (c), by striking ``excluded from'' and inserting ``denied''.
                      (Q) Section 507(b)(2)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1537(b)(2)(D)) is
                 amended by striking ``exclusion because such alien is excludable'' and inserting ``removal because such alie
                                                 `removal because such alien
                 is inadmissible'
                      (R) Section 301(a)(1) of < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1255a
                 note.>> the Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by
                 striking ``exclusion'' and inserting
                   `inadmissibility''.
                      (S) Section < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1522 note. &gt; &gt; 401(c) of
                 the Refugee Act of 1980 is amended by striking
                   `deportation or exclusion'' and inserting ``removal''.
                      (T) Section 501(e)(2) of the Refugee Education
                 Assistance Act of <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1522 note.&gt;&gt; 1980
                 (Public Law 96-422) is amended--
                            (i) by striking ``exclusion or deportation''
                        each place it appears and inserting
                                                                  `removal'',
                            (ii) by striking ``deportation or exclusion'
n place it appears and inserting ``removal''.
                        each place it appears and inserting
                      (U) Section 4113(c) of title 18, United States Code
                  is amended by striking
                                            ``exclusion and deportation'' and
                 inserting ``removal''.
             (5) Repeal of superseded provision. -- Effective as of the
         date of the enactment of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death
         Penalty Act <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1225, 1225 note, 1227.&gt;&gt; of 1996,
         section 422 of such Act is repealed and the Immigration and
        Nationality Act shall be applied as if such section had not been
        enacted.
    (e) Revision of Terminology Relating to Deportation .-
            ision of Terminology Relating to Depote (1) Each of the following is amended by striking

(1) Each of the following is amended by striking ``removal'':
         ``deportation'' each place it appears and inserting
                      (A) Subparagraphs (A)(iii)(II), (A)(iv)(II), and
                  (B)(iii)(II) of section 204(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1154(a)(1)).
                      (B) Section 212(d)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(1)).
                      (C) Section 212(d)(11) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(11))
                      (D) Section 214(k)(4)(C) (8 U.S.C. 1184(k)(4)(C)),
                 as redesignated by section 671(a)(3)(A) of this
                 division.
                      (E) Section 241(a)(1)(H) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(1)(H)),
                 before redesignation as section 237 by section 305(a)(2)
                 of this division.
                      (F) Section 242A (8 U.S.C. 1252a), before
                 redesignation as section 238 by subsection (b)(5).
                      (G) Subsections (a)(3) and (b)(5)(B) of section 244A
                  (8 U.S.C. 1254a), before redesignation as section 244 by
                  subsection (b)(7)
                      (H) Section 246(a) (8 U.S.C. 1256(a)).
                      (I) Section 254 (8 U.S.C. 1284).
                      (J) Section 263(a)(4) (8 U.S.C. 1303(a)(4)).
                      (K) Section 276(b) (8 U.S.C. 1326(b)).
                      (L) Section 286(h)(2)(A)(v) (8 U.S.C.
                 1356(h)(2)(A)(v)).
                      (M) Section 287(g) (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)) (as added by
                 section 122 of this division).
                      (N) Section 291 (8 U.S.C. 1361).
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                      (O) Section 318 (8 U.S.C. 1429).
                      (P) Section 130005(a) of the Violent Crime Control
                 and Law <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1158 note.&gt;&gt; Enforcement Act of
                 1994 (Public Law 103-322).
                     (Q) Section 4113(b) of title 18, United States Code.
         (2) Each of the following is amended by striking
``deported'' each place it appears and inserting ``removed'':
                     (A) Section 212(d)(7) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(7)).
                      (B) Section 214(d) (8 U.S.C. 1184(d)).
(C) Section 241(a) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)), before
                 redesignation as section 237 by section 305(a)(2) of
                 this division.
                      (D) Section 242A(c)(2)(D)(iv) (8 U.S.C.
                 1252a(c)(2)(D)(iv)), as amended by section 671(b)(13) of
                 this division but before redesignation as section 238 by
                 subsection (b)(5).
                      (E) Section 252(b) (8 U.S.C. 1282(b)).
                      (F) Section 254 (8 U.S.C. 1284).
                      (G) Subsections (b) and (c) of section 266 (8 U.S.C.
                 1306).
                      (H) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1225a note. &gt; &gt; Section 301(a)(1) of
                 the Immigration Act of 1990.
                      (I) Section 4113 of title 18, United States Code.
             (3) Section 101(g) (8 U.S.C. 1101(g)) is amended by orting ``or removed'' after ``deported'' each place it
         inserting
         appears.
             (4) Section 103(c)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1103(c)(2)) is amended by
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striking ``suspension of deportation'' and inserting
            `cancellation of removal''.
               (5) Section 201(b)(1)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(1)(D)) is amended
          by striking ''deportation is suspended'' and inserting ''removal is canceled''.
          (6) Section 212(1)(2)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1182(1)(2)(B)) is amended by striking ``deportation against'' and inserting ``removal
                (7) Subsections (b)(2), (c)(2)(B), (c)(3)(D), (c)(4)(A), and
          (d)(2)(C) of section 216 (8 U.S.C. 1186a) are each amended by striking ``deportation'', ``deportation'', ``deport'', and
           ``deported'' each place each appears and inserting ``removal'',
          ``removal'', ``remove'', and ``removed'', respectively.
               (8) Subsections (b)(2), (c)(2)(B), (c)(3)(D), and (d)(2)(C)
          of section 216A (8 U.S.C. 1186b) are each amended by striking ``deportation'', ``deportation'', ``deported' and inserting ``removal'', ``removal'', ``remove'', and
                                                                              ``deported''
            removed'', respectively.
          (9) Section 217(b)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1187(b)(2)) is amended by striking ``deportation against'' and inserting ``removal of''
               (10) Section 242A (8 U.S.C. 1252a), before redesignation as
          section 238 by subsection (b)(6), is amended, in the headings to various subdivisions, by striking ``Deportation'' and
           ``deportation'' and inserting ``Removal'' and ``removal''
          respectively.
                (11) Section 244A(a)(1)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1254a(a)(1)(A)), before
          redesignation as section 244 by subsection (b)(8), is amended--
                    (A) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking ``deport'' and inserting ``remove'', and
(B) in subsection (e), by striking ``Suspension of Deportation'' and inserting ``Cancellation of Removal''.
                (12) Section 254 (8 U.S.C. 1284) is amended by striking
          ``deport'' each place it appears and inserting ``remove'
                (13) Section 273(d) (8 U.S.C. 1323(d)) is repealed.
(14)(A) Section 276 (8 U.S.C. 1326) is amended by striking
          ``deported'' and inserting ``removed''.
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          (B) The item in the table of contents relating to such section is amended by striking ``deported'' and inserting ``removed''.
            (15) Section 318 (8 U.S.C. 1429) is amended by striking `suspending' and inserting `canceling'.
                (16) Section 301(a) of <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255a note.&gt;&gt; the
          Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by striking ``Deportation' and inserting ``Removal''.
               (17) The heading of section 130005 of the Violent Crime
          Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-
          322) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1158 note.&gt;&gt; is amended by striking ``DEPORTATION'' and inserting ``REMOVAL''.
          (18) Section 9 of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2508) is amended by striking `deported' and all that follows through `Deportation' and inserting `removed pursuant to chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act'.
                (19) Section 8(c) of the Foreign Agents Registration Act (22
          U.S.C. 618(c)) is amended by striking `deportation' and all that follows and inserting `removal pursuant to chapter 4 of
          title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act.''
     (f) Revision of References to Entry .--
               (1) The following provisions are amended by striking
          ``entry'' and inserting ``admission'' each place it appears:

(A) Section 101(a)(15)(K) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(K)).
                          (B) Section 101(a)(30) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(30)).
                          (C) Section 212(a)(2)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(D)).
                          (D) Section 212(a)(6)(C)(i) (8 U.S.C.
                     1182(a)(6)(C)(i))
                          (E) Section 212(h)(1)(A)(i) (8 U.S.C.
                     1182(h)(1)(A)(i)).
                          (F) Section 212(j)(1)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1182(j)(1)(D)).
                          (G) Section 214(c)(2)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(2)(A)).
                          (H) Section 214(d) (8 U.S.C. 1184(d)).
                          (I) Section 216(b)(1)(A)(i) (8 U.S.C.
                     1186a(b)(1)(A)(i)).
                          (J) Section 216(d)(1)(A)(i)(III) (8 U.S.C.
                     1186a(d)(1)(A)(i)(III)).
                          (K) Subsection (b) of section 240 (8 U.S.C. 1230),
                     before redesignation as section 240C by section
                     304(a)(2) of this division.
                          (L) Subsection (a)(1)(G) of section 241 (8 U.S.C.
                     1251), before redesignation as section 237 by section
                     305(a)(2) of this division.
                          (M) Subsection (a)(1)(H) of section 241 (8 U.S.C.
                     1251), before redesignation as section 237 by section
                     305(a)(2) of this division, other than the last time it
                     appears.
                          (N) Paragraphs (2) and (4) of subsection (a) of
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section 241 (8 U.S.C. 1251), before redesignation as
                   section 237 by section 305(a)(2) of this division.
                       (O) Section 245(e)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1255(e)(3)).
                        (P) Section 247(a) (8 U.S.C. 1257(a)).
                       (Q) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Section 601(c)(2) of
                   the Immigration Act of 1990.
              (2) The following provisions are amended by striking
         ``enter'' and inserting ``be admitted'':
                        (A) Section 204(e) (8 U.S.C. 1154(e)).
                        (B) Section 221(h) (8 U.S.C. 1201(h)).
                        (C) Section 245(e)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1255(e)(2)).
              (3) The following provisions are amended by striking
         ``enters'' and inserting ``is admitted to'':
                       (A) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1182. &gt; &gt; Section 212(j)(1)(D)(ii)
                   (8 U.S.C. 1154(e)).
                       (B) Section 214(c)(5)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(5)(B)).
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              (4) Subsection (a) of section 238 (8 U.S.C. 1228), before
         redesignation as section 233 by section 308(b)(4) of this
         division, is amended by striking ``entry and inspection'' and
                    ``inspection and admission''.
              (5) Subsection (a)(1)(H)(ii) of section 241 (8 U.S.C. 1251),
         before redesignation as section 237 by section 305(a)(2) of this
         division, is amended by striking ``at entry''.
              (6) Section 7 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949
         (50 U.S.C. 403h) is amended by striking `that the entry'', `given entry into'', and ``entering'' and inserting ``that admission'', ``admitted to'', and ``admitted to''.
                                                                          `that the
              (7) Section 4 of the Atomic Weapons and Special Nuclear
         Materials Rewards Act (50 U.S.C. 47c) is amended by striking ``entry'' and inserting ``admission''.
    (g) Conforming References to Reorganized Sections.-
              (1) References <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182, 1221, 1224 note, 1252a,
         1254a note, 1255a note, 1321, 1356, 1364, 1531; 42 USC 402.>> to
         sections 232, 234, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242a, and 244a.--Any
         reference in law in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act to section 232, 234, 238, 239, 240, 241,
         242A, or 244A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (or a
         subdivision of such section) is deemed, as of the title III-A
         effective date, to refer to section 232(a), 232(b), 233, 234, 234A, 237, 238, or 244 of such Act (or the corresponding
         subdivision of such section), as redesignated by this subtitle.
         Any reference in law to section 241 (or a subdivision of such
         section) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in an amendment
         made by a subsequent subtitle of this title is deemed a
         reference (as of the title III-A effective date) to section 237
         (or the corresponding subdivision of such section), as
         redesignated by this subtitle.
              (2) References to section 106.--
                        (A) Sections 242A(b)(3) and 242A(c)(3)(A)(ii) (8
                   U.S.C. 1252a(b)(3), 1252a(c)(3)(A)(ii)), as amended by
                   section 671(b)(13) of this division but before
                  redesignation as section 238 by subsection (b)(5), are each amended by striking ``106'' and inserting ``242''
                       (B) Sections 210(e)(3)(A) and 245A(f)(4)(A) (8
                   U.S.C. 1160(e)(3)(A), 1255a(f)(4)(A)) are amended by
                                `(as in effect before October 1, 1996)'
                   inserting `
                   after ``106''.
                       (C) Section 242A(c)(3)(A)(iii) (8 U.S.C.
                   1252a(c)(3)(A)(iii)), as amended by section 671(b)(13)
                   of this division but before redesignation as section 238
                  by subsection (b)(5), is amended by striking ``106(a)(1)'' and inserting ``242(b)(1)''.
              (3) References to section 236. --
                        (A) Sections 205 and 209(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1155,
                   1159(a)(1)) are each amended by striking inserting ``240''.
                                                                     `236'' and
                   (B) Section 4113(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking ``1226 of title 8, United States Code'' and inserting ``240 of the Immigration and
                   Nationality Act''.
              (4) References to section 237.--
                   (A) Section 209(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1159(a)(1)) is amended by striking ``237'' and inserting ``241''.
                  (B) Section 212(d)(7) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(7)) is amended by striking `237(a)'' and inserting `241(c)''.
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                       (C) Section 280(a) (8 U.S.C. 1330(a)) is amended by tking ``237, 239, 243'' and inserting ``234,
                   striking ``237, 239, 243'' and inserting
                   243(c)(2)''
              (5) References to section 242.--
                       (A)(i) Sections 214(d), 252(b), and 287(f)(1) (8
                   U.S.C. 1184(d), 1282(b), 1357(f)(1)) are each amended by
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striking ``242'' and inserting ``240''.
                           (ii) Subsection (c)(4) of section 242A (8 U.S.C.
                      1252a), as amended by section 671(b)(13) of this
                      division but before redesignation as section 238 by
                      subsection (b)(5), are each amended by striking
                                           `240''.
                      and inserting `
                           (iii) Section 245A(a)(1)(B) (8 U.S.C.
                      1255a(a)(1)(B)) is amended by inserting ``(as in effect
                      before October 1, 1996)'' after ``242''.
                           (iv) Section 4113 of title 18, United States Code,
                                    (I) in subsection (a), by striking ``section
                              1252(b) or section 1254(e) of title 8, United States Code,'' and inserting ``section 240B of the
                              Immigration and Nationality Act''; and
                                    (II) in subsection (b), by striking ``section
                              1252 of title 8, United States Code," and inserting ``section 240 of the Immigration and
                              Nationality Act''.
                            (B) Section 130002(a) of Public Law 103-322, as
                      amended by <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note.&gt;&gt; section 345 of
                      this division, is amended by striking ``242(a)(3)(A)'' and inserting ``236(d)''.
                           (C) Section 242A(b)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1252a(b)(1))
                      before redesignation as section 238 by section 308(b)(5)
                      of this division, is amended by striking ``242(b)'' and inserting ``240''.
                           (D) Section 242A(c)(2)(D)(ii) (8 U.S.C.
                      1252a(c)(2)(D)(ii)), as amended by section 671(b)(13) of
                      this division but before redesignation as section 238 by subsection (b)(5), is amended by striking ``242(b)'' and inserting ``240''.
                      (E) Section 1821(e) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking ``242(b)'' and inserting ``240''.
                            (F) Section 130007(a) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note. &gt; &gt; of
                      Public Law 103-322 is amended by striking ``242(i)'' and
                      inserting ``239(d)''
                            (G) Section 20301(c) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note. &gt; &gt; of
                      Public Law 103-322 is amended by striking ``242(j)(5)' and ``242(j)'' and inserting ``241(h)(5)'' and
                        `241(h)'', respectively.
                 (6) References to section 242b. --
                      (A) Section 303(d)(2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1254a note.&gt;&gt; of the Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by striking ``242B'' and inserting ``240(b)(5)''.
                           (B) Section 545(g)(1)(B) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1254b
                      note.>> of the Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by
                      striking `242B(a)(4)'' and inserting `239(a)(4)''.
                 (7) References to section 243.-
                      (A) Section 214(d) (8 U.S.C. 1184(d)) is amended by striking `243'' and inserting `241''.

(B) Section 504(k)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1534(k)(2)) is amended by striking `withholding of deportation under
                      section 243(h)'' and inserting ``b removal under section 241(b)(3)''.
                                                                  ``by withholding of
                     (C)(i) Section 315(c) of the Immigration Reform and Control Act <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1253 note.&gt;&gt; of 1986 is amended by striking ``243(g)'' and ``1253(g)''and inserting ``243(d)'' and ``1253(d)'' respectively.
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                           (ii) Section 702(b) of the Departments of Commerce,
                      Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1201 note.&gt;&gt; Act, 1988 is amended by striking ``243(g)'' and inserting ``243(d)''.
                            ded by striking 243(g) and inserting 213(e, (iii) Section <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1201 note.&gt;&gt; 903(b) of ic Law 100-204 is amended by striking ``243(g)'' and
                      Public Law 100-204 is amended by striking inserting ``243(d)''.
                           (D)(i) Section 6(f)(2)(F) of the Food Stamp Act of
                      1977 (7 U.S.C. 2015(f)(2)(F)) is amended by striking
                        `243(h)'' and inserting ``241(b)(3)''
                            (ii) Section 214(a)(5) of the Housing and Community
                      Development Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 1436a(a)(5)) is amended by striking ``243(h)'' and inserting
                        `241(b)(3)''.
                           (E)(i) Subsection (c)(2)(B)(ii) of section 244A (8
                      U.S.C. 1254a), before redesignated as section 244 by section 308(b)(7), is amended by striking ``243(h)(2)'' and inserting ``208(b)(2)(A)''.
                           (ii) Section < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1255a note. &gt; &gt; 301(e)(2)
                      of the Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by striking
                        243(h)(2)'' and inserting ``208(b)(2)(A)''.
                           (F) Section 316(f) (8 U.S.C. 1427(f)) is amended by
                      striking ``subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph 243(h)(2)'' and inserting ``clauses (i) through (v) of
                                                           ``clauses (i) through (v) of
                      section 208(b)(2)(A)''
                 (8) References to section 244. --
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(A)(i) Section 201(b)(1)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(1)(D))
                   and subsection (e) of section 244A (8 U.S.C. 1254a),
                   before redesignation as section 244 by section 308(b)(7)
                   of this division, are each amended by striking ``244(a)'' and inserting ``240A(a)''.
                        (ii) Section 304(c)(1)(B) of the Miscellaneous and
                   Technical Immigration and Naturalization Amendments of
                   1991 (Public Law 102-232) is amended by <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC
                   1254a note.>> striking ``244(a)'' and inserting
                    `240A(a)''.
                        (B) Section 504(k)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1534(k)(3)) is
                   amended by striking ``suspension of deportation under
                   subsection (a) or (e) of section 244'' and inserting
                     `cancellation of removal under section 240A''.
                        (C) Section 304(c)(1)(B) of the Miscellaneous and
                   Technical Immigration and Naturalization Amendments of
                   1991 (Public Law 102-232) is <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1254a note.&gt;&gt; amended by striking ``244(b)(2)'' and inserting
                     `240A(b)(2)''
                        (D) Section 364(a)(2) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1367. &gt; &gt; of this
                   division is amended by striking ``244(a)(3)'' and inserting ``240A(a)(3)''.
                        (E) Section 431(c)(1)(B)(iii) of the Personal
                   Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act
                   of 1996, as added by section <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1641.&gt;&gt; 501 of this division, is amended by striking ``suspension of
                   deportation and adjustment of status pursuant to section
                   244(a)(3) of such Act'' and inserting ''cancellation of removal under section 240A of such Act''.
              (9) References to chapter 5. --
                        (A) Sections 266(b), 266(c), and 291 (8 U.S.C.
                   1306(b), 1306(c), 1361) are each amended by striking ``chapter 5'' and inserting ``chapter 4''.
                        (B) Section 6(b) of the Act of August 1, 1956 (50
                   U.S.C. 855(b)) is amended by striking ``chapter 5, title
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                   Immigration and Nationality Act (66 Stat. 163)'' and
                   inserting ``chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and
                   Nationality Act''.
              (10) Miscellaneous cross-reference corrections for newly
         added provisions .--
                        (A) Section 212(h), as amended by section 301(h) of
                   this division, is < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1182. &gt; &gt; amended by
                   striking ``section 212(c)'' and inserting ``paragraphs
                   (1) and (2) of section 240A(a)''
                        (B) Section 245(c)(6), as amended by section 332(d)
                   of this <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255.&gt;&gt; division, is amended by striking ``241(a)(4)(B)'' and inserting
                     `237(a)(4)(B)'
                   (C) Section 249(d), as amended by section 332(e) of this division, is <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1259.&gt;&gt; amended by striking `241(a)(4)(B)'' and inserting
                     `237(a)(4)(B)'
                        (D) Section 274C(d)(7), as added by section 212(d)
                   of this division, is <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324c.&gt;&gt; amended by
                   striking ``withholding of deportation under section 243(h)'' and inserting ``withholding of removal under
                   section 241(b)(3)''.
                        (E) Section 3563(b)(21) of title 18, United States
                   Code, as inserted by section 374(b) of this division, is amended by striking ``242A(d)(5)'' and inserting
                     `238(d)(5)''.
                        (F) Section 130007(a) of the Violent Crime Control
                   and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322), as amended by <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note.&gt;&gt; section 671(a)(6)
                   of this division, is amended by striking ``242A(a)(3)'
                   and inserting ``238(a)(3)''
                        (G) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1368. &gt; &gt; Section 386(b) of this
                   division is amended by striking ``excludable'' and ``excludable'' and inserting ``inadmissible'' and
                   ``inadmissible'', respectively, each place each appears.
                        (H) Subsections (a), (c), (d), (g), and (h) of
                   section 440 of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death
                   Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132), as amended by
                   section 306(d) of this <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1105a, 1182, 1252,
                   1252a.>> division, are amended by striking ``241(a)(2)(A)(ii)'' and ``241(a)(2)(A)(i)'' and inserting ``237(a)(2)(A)(ii)'' and ``237(a)(2)(A)(i)'',
                   respectively.
SEC. 309. EFFECTIVE DATES; TRANSITION.
     (a) In <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; General.--Except as provided in
this section and sections 303(b)(2), 306(c), 308(d)(2)(D), or 308(d)(5)
of this division, this subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle
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shall take effect on the first day of the first month beginning more than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act (in this title referred to as the ``title III-A effective date'').

- (b) Promulgation of Regulations.--The Attorney General shall first promulgate regulations to carry out this subtitle by not later than 30 days before the title III-A effective date.
  - (c) Transition for Aliens in Proceedings .--
    - (1) General rule that new rules do not apply.--Subject to the succeeding provisions of this subsection, in the case of an alien who is in exclusion or deportation proceedings as of the title III-A effective date--
      - $(\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}})$  the amendments made by this subtitle shall not apply, and
      - (B) the proceedings (including judicial review thereof) shall continue to be conducted without regard to such amendments.

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- (2) Attorney general option to elect to apply new procedures.—In a case described in paragraph (1) in which an evidentiary hearing under section 236 or 242 and 242B of the Immigration and Nationality Act has not commenced as of the title III—A effective date, the Attorney General may elect to proceed under chapter 4 of title II of such Act (as amended by this subtitle). The Attorney General shall provide notice of such election to the alien involved not later than 30 days before the date any evidentiary hearing is commenced. If the Attorney General makes such election, the notice of hearing provided to the alien under section 235 or 242(a) of such Act shall be valid as if provided under section 239 of such Act (as amended by this subtitle) to confer jurisdiction on the immigration judge.
- (3) Attorney general option to terminate and reinitiate proceedings.—In the case described in paragraph (1), the Attorney General may elect to terminate proceedings in which there has not been a final administrative decision and to reinitiate proceedings under chapter 4 of title II the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by this subtitle). Any determination in the terminated proceeding shall not be binding in the reinitiated proceeding.
- (4) Transitional changes in judicial review.—In the case described in paragraph (1) in which a final order of exclusion or deportation is entered more than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, notwithstanding any provision of section 106 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act) to the contrary—
  - (A) in the case of judicial review of a final order of exclusion, subsection (b) of such section shall not apply and the action for judicial review shall be governed by the provisions of subsections (a) and (c) of such in the same manner as they apply to judicial review of orders of deportation;
  - (B) a court may not order the taking of additional evidence under section 2347(c) of title 28, United States Code;
  - (C) the petition for judicial review must be filed not later than 30 days after the date of the final order of exclusion or deportation;
  - (D) the petition for review shall be filed with the court of appeals for the judicial circuit in which the administrative proceedings before the special inquiry officer or immigration judge were completed;
  - (E) there shall be no appeal of any discretionary decision under section 212(c), 212(h), 212(i), 244, or 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act);
  - (F) service of the petition for review shall not stay the deportation of an alien pending the court's decision on the petition, unless the court orders otherwise; and
  - (G) there shall be no appeal permitted in the case of an alien who is inadmissible or deportable by reason of having committed a criminal offense covered in section 212(a)(2) or section 241(a)(2)(A)(iii), (B), (C), or (D) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect as of the

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date of the enactment of this Act), or any offense covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(ii) of such Act (as in effect on such date) for which both predicate offenses are, without regard to their date of commission, otherwise covered by section 241(a)(2)(A)(i) of such Act (as so in effect).

(5) Transitional rule with regard to suspension of

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deportation .-- Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 240A(d) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act (relating to continuous
residence or physical presence) shall apply to notices to appear
issued before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this
Act.
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- (6) Transition for certain family unity aliens .-- The Attorney General may waive the application of section 212(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as inserted by section 301(b)(1) of this division, in the case of an alien who is provided benefits under the provisions of section 301 of the Immigration Act of 1990 (relating to family unity).
- (7) Limitation on suspension of deportation. -- The Attorney General may not suspend the deportation and adjust the status under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act of more than 4,000 aliens in any fiscal year (beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act). The previous sentence shall apply regardless of when an alien applied for such suspension and adjustment.
- (d) Transitional References. -- For purposes of carrying out the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by this subtitle-
  - (1) any reference in section 212(a)(1)(A) of such Act to the ``inadmissible'' is deemed to include a reference to the term ``inadmissible'' is
    term ``excludable'', and
  - (2) any reference in law to an order of removal shall be deemed to include a reference to an order of exclusion and deportation or an order of deportation.
- (e) Transition. -- No period of time before the date of the enactment of this  $\mbox{Act}$  shall be included in the period of 1 year described in section 212(a)(6)(B)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by section 301(c) of this division).

Subtitle B--Criminal Alien Provisions

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SEC. 321. AMENDED DEFINITION OF AGGRAVATED FELONY.
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- (a) In General.--Section 101(a)(43) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(43)), as amended by section 441(e) of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-132), is amended--
  - (1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting ``, rape, or sexual abuse of a minor' after ``murder'';
    - (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking ``\$100,000'' and inserting ``\$10,000'';
    - (3) in subparagraphs (F), (G), (N), and (P), by striking ``is at least 5 years'' each place it appears and inserting least one year'';
    - (4) in subparagraph (J), by striking ``sentence of 5 years' imprisonment'' and inserting ``sentence of one year imprisonment'';
  - (5) in subparagraph (K)(ii), by inserting ``if committed'' before ``for commercial advantage'';
    - (6) in subparagraph (L)--

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- (A) by striking ``or'' at the end of clause (i),
- (B) by inserting ``or'' at the end of clause (ii),

- (C) by adding at the end the following new clause: `(iii) section 601 of the National Security Act of 1947 (relating to protecting the identity of undercover agents);'';
- (7) in subparagraph (M), by striking ``\$200,000'' each place
  it appears and inserting ``\$10,000'';
   (8) in subparagraph (N), by striking ``for which the term'' and all that follows and inserting the following: `, except in the case of a first offense for which the alien has affirmatively shown that the alien committed the offense for the purpose of assisting, abetting, or aiding only the alien's spouse, child, or parent (and no other individual) to violate a provision of this Act'';
- (9) in subparagraph (P), by striking ``18 months'' and inserting ``12 months, except in the case of a first offense for which the alien has affirmatively shown that the alien committed the offense for the purpose of assisting, abetting, or aiding only the alien's spouse, child, or parent (and no other
- individual) to violate a provision of this Act'';

  (10) in subparagraph (R), by striking `for which a sentence of 5 years' imprisonment or more may be imposed' and inserting `for which the term of imprisonment is at least one year'; and (11) in subparagraph (S), by striking `for which a sentence of 5 years' imprisonment or more may be imposed' and inserting `for which the term of imprisonment is at least one year''.
- (b) Effective Date of Definition. -- Section 101(a)(43) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(43)) is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: 'Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including any effective

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date), the term applies regardless of whether the conviction was entered
before, on, or after the date of enactment of this paragraph.''.
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made
by this section shall apply to actions taken on or after the date of the
enactment of this \mbox{Act}, regardless of when the conviction occurred, and
shall apply under section 276(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act only to violations of section 276(a) of such Act occurring on or after
such date.
SEC. 322. DEFINITION OF CONVICTION AND TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.
             (1) In general.--Section 101(a) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)) is
         amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
    formal judgment of guilt of the alien entered by a court or, if
adjudication of guilt has been withheld, where-
               `(i) a judge or jury has found the alien guilty or the
         alien has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or has
         admitted sufficient facts to warrant a finding of guilt, and
             ``(ii) the judge has ordered some form of punishment,
         penalty, or restraint on the alien's liberty to be imposed.
    ``(B) Any reference to a term of imprisonment or a sentence with
respect to an offense is deemed to include the period of incarceration
or confinement ordered by a court of law regardless of
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any suspension of the imposition or execution of that imprisonment or
sentence in whole or in part.''
             (2) Conforming amendments. --
                  (A) Section 101(a)(43) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(43)) is amended by striking ``imposed (regardless of any
                  suspension of imprisonment)'' each place it appears in
                  subparagraphs (F), (G), (N), and (P).
                      (B) Section 212(a)(2)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(B)) is
                  amended by striking ``actually imposed''.
(b) Reference to Proof Provisions.--For provisions relating to proof of convictions, see subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 240(c)(3) of
the Immigration and Nationality Act, as inserted by section 304(a)(3) of
this division.
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made
by subsection (a) shall apply to convictions and sentences entered
before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 240(c)(3) of the Immigration and
Nationality Act, as inserted by section 304(a)(3) of this division,
shall apply to proving such convictions.
SEC. 323. AUTHORIZING REGISTRATION OF ALIENS ON CRIMINAL PROBATION OR
             CRIMINAL PAROLE.
    Section 263(a) (8 U.S.C. 1303(a)) is amended by striking ``and (5)''
and inserting ``(5) aliens who are or have been on criminal probation or criminal parole within the United States, and (6)''.
SEC. 324. PENALTY FOR REENTRY OF DEPORTED ALIENS.
    (a) In General. -- Section 276(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1326(a)(1)) is amended
to read as follows:
             ``(1) has been arrested and deported, has been excluded and
         deported, or has departed the United States while an order of
         exclusion or deportation is outstanding, and thereafter''.
(b) Treatment of Stipulations.--The last sentence of section 276(b) (8 U.S.C. 1326(b)) is amended by inserting ``(or not during)'' after
  during''.
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1326 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall apply to departures that occurred before, on, or
after the date of the enactment of this Act, but only with respect to
entries (and attempted entries) occurring on or after such date.
SEC. 325. CHANGE IN FILING REQUIREMENT.
    Section 2424 of title 18. United States Code, is amended --
             (1) in the first undesignated paragraph of subsection (a)—
(A) by striking `alien'' each place it appears;
(B) by inserting after `individual'' the first place it appears the following: `i, knowing or in
                  reckless disregard of the fact that the individual is an
                  alien''; and
                      (C) by striking ``within three years after that
                  individual has entered the United States from any
                  country, party to the arrangement adopted July 25, 1902,
                  for the suppression of the white-slave traffic'';
             (2) in the second undesignated paragraph of subsection (a)--
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(A) by striking ``thirty'' and inserting ``five
                 business''; and
                    (B) by striking ``within three years after that
                 individual has entered the United States from any
                 country, party
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-630]]
                to the said arrangement for the suppression of the
                 white-slave traffic, ''; and
             (3) in the text following the third undesignated paragraph
        of subsection (a), by striking ``two'' and inserting
SEC. 326. CRIMINAL ALIEN IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM.
    Subsection (a) of section 130002 of the Violent Crime Control and
Law Enforcement Act of < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1252 note. &gt; &gt; 1994 (Public Law 103-
322), as amended by section 432 of Public Law 104-132, is amended to
read as follows:
     ``(a) Operation and Purpose. -- The Commissioner of Immigration and
Naturalization shall, under the authority of section 242(a)(3)(A) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act operate a criminal alien identification
system. The criminal alien identification system shall be used to assist
Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies in identifying and
locating aliens who may be subject to removal by reason of their
conviction of aggravated felonies, subject to prosecution under section
275 of such Act, not lawfully present in the United States, or otherwise
removable. Such system shall include providing for recording of
fingerprint records of aliens who have been previously arrested and
removed into appropriate automated fingerprint identification
systems.''.
SEC. 327. APPROPRIATIONS FOR CRIMINAL ALIEN TRACKING CENTER.
    Section 130002(b) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
Act of 1994 (8 U.S.C. 1252 note) is amended—

(1) by inserting ``and'' after ``1996;'', and
             (2) by striking paragraph (2) and all that follows through
        the period at the end and inserting the following:
              `(2) $5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1997 through
SEC. 328. PROVISIONS RELATING TO STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSISTANCE
            PROGRAM.
    (a) Modification of Authority .--
            (1) In general. -- Section 241(i), as redesignated by section
        306(a)(1) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1231.&gt;&gt; of this division, is amended--
                    (A) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking ``felony and
                 sentenced to a term of imprisonment' and inserting `felony or two or more misdemeanors', and
                    (B) by adding at the end the following new
                 paragraph:
            ``(6) To the extent of available appropriations, funds
        otherwise made available under this section with respect to a
        State (or political subdivision, including a municipality) for
        incarceration of an undocumented criminal alien may, at the
        discretion of the recipient of the funds, be used for the costs
        of imprisonment of such alien in a State, local, or municipal
        prison or jail.''.
            (2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1231 note.&gt;&gt; Effective date.--The
        amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply beginning with
        fiscal year 1997.
    (b) Sense of the Congress With Respect to Program. --
            (1) Findings.--The Congress finds as follows: 
 (A) Of the $130,000,000 appropriated in fiscal year
                 1995 for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program,
                 the Department of Justice disbursed the first
                 $43,000,000 to States on October 6, 1994, 32 days before
                 the 1994 general election, and then failed to disburse
                 the remaining $87,000,000 until January 31, 1996, 123
                 days after the end of fiscal year 1995.
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                     (B) While H.R. 2880, the continuing appropriation
                 measure funding certain operations of the Federal
                Government from January 26, 1996 to March 15, 1996, included $66,000,000 to reimburse States for the cost of
                 incarcerating documented illegal immigrant felons, the
                 Department of Justice failed to disburse any of the
                 funds to the States during the period of the continuing
                 appropriation.
             (2) Sense of the congress. -- It is the sense of the Congress
        that--
                     (A) the Department of Justice was disturbingly slow
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in disbursing fiscal year 1995 funds under the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program to States after the initial grants were released just prior to the 1994 election; and

(B) the Attorney General should make it a high priority to expedite the disbursement of Federal funds intended to reimburse States for the cost of incarcerating illegal immigrants, aiming for all State Criminal Alien Assistance Program funds to be disbursed during the fiscal year for which they are appropriated.

- SEC. 329. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR IDENTIFICATION OF ILLEGAL ALIENS IN INCARCERATION FACILITY OF ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA.
- (a) Authority.—The Attorney General shall conduct a project demonstrating the feasibility of identifying, from among the individuals who are incarcerated in local governmental prison facilities prior to arraignment on criminal charges, those individuals who are aliens unlawfully present in the United States.
- (b) Description of Project.--The project authorized by subsection (a) shall include--
  - (1) the detail to incarceration facilities within the city of Anaheim, California and the county of Ventura, California, of an employee of the Immigration and Naturalization Service who has expertise in the identification of aliens unlawfully in the United States, and
    - (2) provision of funds sufficient to provide for-(A) access for such employee to records of the Service necessary to identify such aliens, and (B) in the case of an individual identified as such an alien, pre-arraignment reporting to the court regarding the Service's intention to remove the alien from the United States.
- (c) Termination.--The authority under this section shall cease to be effective 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 330. <&lt;NOTE: 18 USC 4100 note.&gt;&gt; PRISONER TRANSFER TREATIES.
- (a) Negotiations With Other Countries.—(1) Congress advises the President to begin to negotiate and renegotiate, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, bilateral prisoner transfer treaties, providing for the incarceration, in the country of the alien's nationality, of any alien who—
  - (A) is a national of a country that is party to such a treaty; and
  - (B) has been convicted of a criminal offense under Federal or State law and who--  $\,$ 
    - $\mbox{(i)}$  is not in lawful immigration status in the United States, or

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(ii) on the basis of conviction for a criminal offense under Federal or State law, or on any other basis, is subject to deportation or removal under the Immigration and Nationality Act,

for the duration of the prison term to which the alien was sentenced for the offense referred to in subparagraph (B). Any such agreement may provide for the release of such alien pursuant to parole procedures of that country.

- (2) In entering into negotiations under paragraph (1), the President may consider providing for appropriate compensation, subject to the availability of appropriations, in cases where the United States is able to independently verify the adequacy of the sites where aliens will be imprisoned and the length of time the alien is actually incarcerated in the foreign country under such a treaty.
  - (b) Sense of Congress.--It is the sense of the Congress that--(1) the focus of negotiations for such agreements should he--
    - (A) to expedite the transfer of aliens unlawfully in the United States who are (or are about to be) incarcerated in United States prisons,
    - $(\mbox{B})$  to ensure that a transferred prisoner serves the balance of the sentence imposed by the United States courts,
    - (C) to eliminate any requirement of prisoner consent to such a transfer, and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($
    - (D) to allow the Federal Government or the States to keep their original prison sentences in force so that transferred prisoners who return to the United States prior to the completion of their original United States sentences can be returned to custody for the balance of their prisons sentences;
    - (2) the Secretary of State should give priority to concluding an agreement with any country for which the President determines that the number of aliens described in subsection (a)

who are nationals of that country in the United States represents a significant percentage of all such aliens in the United States; and

- (3) no new treaty providing for the transfer of aliens from Federal, State, or local incarceration facilities to a foreign incarceration facility should permit the alien to refuse the transfer.
- (c) Prisoner Consent.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as required by treaty, the transfer of an alien from a Federal, State, or local incarceration facility under an agreement of the type referred to in subsection (a) shall not require consent of the alien.
- (d) Annual Report.--Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate stating whether each prisoner transfer treaty to which the United States is a party has been effective in the preceding 12 months in bringing about the return of deportable incarcerated aliens to the country of which they are nationals and in ensuring that they serve the balance of their sentences.
- (e) Training Foreign Law Enforcement Personnel.--(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the President shall direct the Border Patrol Academy and the Customs Service Academy to enroll for

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training an appropriate number of foreign law enforcement personnel, and shall make appointments of foreign law enforcement personnel to such academies, as necessary to further the following United States law enforcement goals:

- $(\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathtt{A}}})$  Preventing of drug smuggling and other cross-border criminal activity.
  - (B) Preventing illegal immigration.
- (C) Preventing the illegal entry of goods into the United States (including goods the sale of which is illegal in the United States, the entry of which would cause a quota to be exceeded, or the appropriate duty or tariff for which has not been paid).
- (2) The appointments described in paragraph (1) shall be made only to the extent there is capacity in such academies beyond what is required to train United States citizens needed in the Border Patrol and Customs Service, and only of personnel from a country with which the prisoner transfer treaty has been stated to be effective in the most recent report referred to in subsection (d).
- (f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

## SEC. 331. PRISONER TRANSFER TREATIES STUDY.

- (a) Report to Congress.--Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a report that describes the use and effectiveness of the prisoner transfer treaties with the three countries with the greatest number of their nationals incarcerated in the United States in removing from the United States such incarcerated nationals.
  - (b) Use of Treaty.--The report under subsection (a) shall include-(1) the number of aliens convicted of a criminal offense in the United States since November 30, 1977, who would have been
    - or are eligible for transfer pursuant to the treaties;
      (2) the number of aliens described in paragraph (1) who have been transferred pursuant to the treaties;
    - (3) the number of aliens described in paragraph (2) who have been incarcerated in full compliance with the treaties;
    - (4) the number of aliens who are incarcerated in a penal institution in the United States who are eligible for transfer pursuant to the treaties; and
    - (5) the number of aliens described in paragraph (4) who are incarcerated in Federal, State, and local penal institutions in the United States.
- (c) Recommendations.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the recommendations of the Secretary of State and the Attorney General to increase the effectiveness and use of, and full compliance with, the treaties. In considering the recommendations under this subsection, the Secretary and the Attorney General shall consult with such State and local officials in areas disproportionately impacted by aliens convicted of criminal offenses as the Secretary and the Attorney General consider appropriate. Such recommendations shall address—

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- (1) changes in Federal laws, regulations, and policies affecting the identification, prosecution, and deportation of aliens who have committed criminal offenses in the United States;
  - (2) changes in State and local laws, regulations, and

policies affecting the identification, prosecution, and deportation of aliens who have committed a criminal offense in the United States;

- (3) changes in the treaties that may be necessary to increase the number of aliens convicted of criminal offenses who may be transferred pursuant to the treaties;
- (4) methods for preventing the unlawful reentry into the United States of aliens who have been convicted of criminal offenses in the United States and transferred pursuant to the treaties;
- (5) any recommendations by appropriate officials of the appropriate government agencies of such countries regarding programs to achieve the goals of, and ensure full compliance with, the treaties;
- (6) whether the recommendations under this subsection require the renegotiation of the treaties; and
- (7) the additional funds required to implement each recommendation under this subsection.
- SEC. 332. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1366.&gt;&gt; ANNUAL REPORT ON CRIMINAL ALIENS.

Not later than 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a report detailing--

- the number of illegal aliens incarcerated in Federal and State prisons for having committed felonies, stating the number incarcerated for each type of offense;
- (2) the number of illegal aliens convicted of felonies in any Federal or State court, but not sentenced to incarceration, in the year before the report was submitted, stating the number convicted for each type of offense;
- (3) programs and plans underway in the Department of Justice to ensure the prompt removal from the United States of criminal aliens subject to removal; and
- (4) methods for identifying and preventing the unlawful reentry of aliens who have been convicted of criminal offenses in the United States and removed from the United States.
- SEC. 333. <&lt;NOTE: 28 USC 994 note.&gt;&gt; PENALTIES FOR CONSPIRING WITH OR ASSISTING AN ALIEN TO COMMIT AN OFFENSE UNDER THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES IMPORT AND EXPORT ACT.
- (a) Review of Guidelines.--Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United States Sentencing Commission shall conduct a review of the guidelines applicable to an offender who conspires with, or aids or abets, a person who is not a citizen or national of the United States in committing any offense under section 1010 of the Controlled Substance Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960).
- (b) Revision of Guidelines.--Following such review, pursuant to section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the Commission shall promulgate sentencing guidelines or amend existing sentencing guidelines to ensure an appropriately stringent sentence for such offenders.

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- SEC. 334. < &lt; NOTE: 28 USC 994 note. &gt; &gt; ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO DEPART, ILLEGAL REENTRY, AND PASSPORT AND VISA FRAUD.
- (a) Failing to Depart.--The United States Sentencing Commission shall promptly promulgate, pursuant to section 994 of title 28, United States Code, amendments to the sentencing guidelines to make appropriate increases in the base offense level for offenses under section 242(e) and 276(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1252(e) and 1326(b)) to reflect the amendments made by section 130001 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994.
- (b) Passport and Visa Offenses.—The United States Sentencing Commission shall promptly promulgate, pursuant to section 994 of title 28, United States Code, amendments to the sentencing guidelines to make appropriate increases in the base offense level for offenses under chapter 75 of title 18, United States Code to reflect the amendments made by section 130009 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994.

Subtitle C--Revision of Grounds for Exclusion and Deportation  $\,$ 

SEC. 341. PROOF OF VACCINATION REQUIREMENT FOR IMMIGRANTS.

- (a) In General.--Section 212(a)(1)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(1)(A)) is amended--
  - (1) by redesignating clauses (ii) and (iii) as clauses (iii) and (iv), respectively, and
    - (2) by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause: ``(ii) who seeks admission as an immigrant, or who seeks adjustment of status to the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, and who has failed to present documentation of having received vaccination against vaccine-

polio, tetanus and diphtheria toxoids, pertussis, influenza type B and hepatitis B, and any other vaccinations against vaccine-preventable diseases recommended by the Advisory Committee for Immunization Practices,''. (b) Waiver.--Section 212(g) (8 U.S.C. 1182(g)) is amended by striking ``, or'' at the end of paragraph (1) and all that follows and inserting a semicolon and the following: `in accordance with such terms, conditions, and controls, if any, including the giving of bond, as the Attorney General, in the discretion of the Attorney General after consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may by regulation prescribe; `(2) subsection (a)(1)(A)(ii) in the case of any alien--`(A) who receives vaccination against the vaccinepreventable disease or diseases for which the alien has failed to present documentation of previous vaccination, ``(B) for whom a civil surgeon, medical officer, or panel physician (as those terms are defined by section 34.2 of title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations) certifies, according to such regulations as the Secretary of Health and [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-636]] Human Services may prescribe, that such vaccination would not be medically appropriate, or
 ``(C) under such circumstances as the Attorney General provides by regulation, with respect to whom the requirement of such a vaccination would be contrary to the alien's religious beliefs or moral convictions; or ``(3) subsection (a)(1)(A)(iii) in the case of any alien, in accordance with such terms, conditions, and controls, if any, including the giving of bond, as the Attorney General, in the discretion of the Attorney General after consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may by regulation prescribe. ''. (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to applications for immigrant visas or for adjustment of status filed after September 30, 1996. SEC. 342. INCITEMENT OF TERRORIST ACTIVITY AND PROVISION OF FALSE DOCUMENTATION TO TERRORISTS AS A BASIS FOR EXCLUSION FROM THE UNITED STATES. (a) In General.--Section 212(a)(3)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)) is amended--(1) by redesignating subclauses (III) and (IV) of clause (i) as subclauses (IV) and (V), respectively; (2) by inserting after subclause (II) of clause (i) the following new subclause: ``(III) has, under circumstances indicating an intention to cause death or serious bodily harm, incited terrorist activity,''; and (3) in clause (iii)(III), by inserting ``documentation or'' before ``identification''; (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply to incitement regardless of when it occurs. SEC. 343. CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR FOREIGN HEALTH-CARE WORKERS. Section 212(a)(5) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(5)) is amended--(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D), (2) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

(C) Uncertified foreign health-care workers.--Any alien who seeks to enter the United States for the purpose of performing labor as a health-care worker, other than a physician, is excludable unless the alien presents to the consular officer, or, in the case of an adjustment of status, the Attorney General, a certificate from the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools, or a certificate from an equivalent independent credentialing organization approved by the Attorney General in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, verifying that--``(i) the alien's education, training, license, and experience--``(I) meet all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements for entry

preventable diseases, which shall include at least the following diseases: mumps, measles, rubella,

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into the United States under the
                               classification specified in the
                               application;
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                                   ``(II) are comparable with that
                               required for an American health-care
                               worker of the same type; and
                                    ``(III) are authentic and, in the
                               case of a license, unencumbered;
                          ``(ii) the alien has the level of competence
                     in oral and written English considered by the
                     Secretary of Health and Human Services, in
                     consultation with the Secretary of Education, to
                     be appropriate for health care work of the kind in
                     which the alien will be engaged, as shown by an
                     appropriate score on one or more nationally
                     recognized, commercially available, standardized
                     assessments of the applicant's ability to speak
                     and write; and
                          ``(iii) if a majority of States licensing the
                     profession in which the alien intends to work
                     recognize a test predicting the success on the
                     profession's licensing or certification
                      examination, the alien has passed such a test or
                     has passed such an examination.
               For purposes of clause (ii), determination of the
               standardized tests required and of the {\tt minimum} scores
                that are appropriate are within the sole discretion of
               the Secretary of Health and Human Services and are not
               subject to further administrative or judicial review.''.
SEC. 344. REMOVAL OF ALIENS FALSELY CLAIMING UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.
    (a) Exclusion of Aliens Who Have Falsely Claimed United States
Citizenship. -- Section 212(a)(6)(C) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)) is amended--
            (1) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii), and
            (2) by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause:
                           (ii) Falsely claiming citizenship.--Any
                     alien who falsely represents, or has falsely
                     represented, himself or herself to be a citizen of
                     the United States for any purpose or benefit under
                     this Act (including section 274A) or any other
                     Federal or State law is excludable.''.
    (b) Deportation of Aliens Who Have Falsely Claimed United States
Citizenship. -- Section 241(a)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(3)) is amended by
falsely represents, or has falsely represented, himself
               to be a citizen of the United States for any purpose or
               benefit under this Act (including section 274A) or any
               Federal or State law is deportable.''.
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&qt;&qt; Effective Date.--The amendments made
by this section shall apply to representations made on or after the date
of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 345. WAIVER OF EXCLUSION AND DEPORTATION GROUND FOR CERTAIN SECTION
    (a) Exclusion Grounds. -- Section 212 (8 U.S.C. 1182) is amended --
           (1) by amending subparagraph (F) of subsection (a)(6) to
        read as follows:
                     `(F) Subject of civil penalty .--
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                         ``(i) In general. -- An alien who is the subject
                     of a final order for violation of section 274C is
                     inadmissible.
                          ``(ii) Waiver authorized.--For provision
                      authorizing waiver of clause (i), see subsection
                      (d)(12).''; and
           (2) by adding at the end of subsection (d) the following new
       paragraph:
    ``(12) The Attorney General may, in the discretion of the Attorney
General for humanitarian purposes or to assure family unity, waive
application of clause (i) of subsection (a)(6)(F)--
             `(A) in the case of an alien lawfully admitted for
       permanent residence who temporarily proceeded abroad voluntarily
        and not under an order of deportation or removal and who is
       otherwise admissible to the United States as a returning
        resident under section 211(b), and
            ``(B) in the case of an alien seeking admission or
        adjustment of status under section 201(b)(2)(A) or under section
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203(a),

if no previous civil money penalty was imposed against the alien under section 274C and the offense was committed solely to assist, aid, or support the alien's spouse or child (and not another individual). No court shall have jurisdiction to review a decision of the Attorney General to grant or deny a waiver under this paragraph.''.

(b) Ground of Deportation.--Subparagraph (C) of section 241(a)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(3)), before redesignation by section 305(a)(2) of this division, is amended to read as follows:

``(C) Document fraud.--

``(i) In general.--An alien who is the subject of a final order for violation of section 274C is deportable.

"`(ii) Waiver authorized.--The Attorney General may waive clause (i) in the case of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence if no previous civil money penalty was imposed against the alien under section 274C and the offense was incurred solely to assist, aid, or support the alien's spouse or child (and no other individual). No court shall have jurisdiction to review a decision of the Attorney General to grant or deny a waiver under this clause.''.

SEC. 346. INADMISSIBILITY OF CERTAIN STUDENT VISA ABUSERS.

(a) In General.--Section 212(a)(6) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

``(G) Student visa abusers.--An alien who obtains the status of a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(F)(i) and who violates a term or condition of such status under section 214(1) is excludable until the alien has been outside the United States for a continuous period of 5 years after the date of the violation.''.

- (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to aliens who obtain the status of a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(F) of the Immigration and Nationality Act after the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, including aliens whose status as such a nonimmigrant is extended after the end of such period.
- SEC. 347. REMOVAL OF ALIENS WHO HAVE UNLAWFULLY VOTED.
- (a) Exclusion of Aliens Who Have Unlawfully Voted.--Section 212(a)(10) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)), as redesignated by section

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301(b) of this division, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

``(D) Unlawful voters.--Any alien who has voted in violation of any Federal, State, or local constitutional provision, statute, ordinance, or regulation is excludable.''.

- (b) Deportation of Aliens Who Have Unlawfully Voted.--Section 241(a) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)), before redesignation by section 305(a)(2) of this division, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: ``(6) Unlawful voters.--Any alien who has voted in violation of any Federal, State, or local constitutional provision, statute, ordinance, or regulation is deportable.''.
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by this section shall apply to voting occurring before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 348. WAIVERS FOR IMMIGRANTS CONVICTED OF CRIMES.
- (a) In General.--Section 212(h) (8 U.S.C. 1182(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``No waiver shall be granted under this subsection in the case of an alien who has previously been admitted to the United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence if either since the date of such admission the alien has been convicted of an aggravated felony or the alien has not lawfully resided continuously in the United States for a period of not less than 7 years immediately preceding the date of initiation of proceedings to remove the alien from the United States. No court shall have jurisdiction to review a decision of the Attorney General to grant or deny a waiver under this subsection.''.
- (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply in the case of any alien who is in exclusion or deportation proceedings as of such date unless a final administrative order in such proceedings has been entered as of such date.

SEC. 349. WAIVER OF MISREPRESENTATION GROUND OF INADMISSIBILITY FOR CERTAIN ALIEN.

Subsection (i) of section 212 (8 U.S.C. 1182) is amended to read as follows:

``(i)(1) The Attorney General may, in the discretion of the Attorney General, waive the application of clause (i) of subsection (a)(6)(C) in the case of an immigrant who is the spouse, son, or daughter of a United States citizen or of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence if it is established to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the refusal of admission to the United States of such immigrant alien would result in extreme hardship to the citizen or lawfully resident spouse or parent of such an alien.

``(2) No court shall have jurisdiction to review a decision or action of the Attorney General regarding a waiver under paragraph (1).''.

SEC. 350. OFFENSES OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND STALKING AS GROUND FOR DEPORTATION.

(a) In General.--Section 241(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

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``(E) Crimes of domestic violence, stalking, or violation of protection order, crimes against children

``(i) Domestic violence, stalking, and child abuse.--Any alien who at any time after entry is convicted of a crime of domestic violence, a crime of stalking, or a crime of child abuse, child neglect, or child abandonment is deportable. For purposes of this clause, the term `crime of domestic violence' means any crime of violence (as defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code) against a person committed by a current or former spouse of the person, by an individual with whom the person shares a child in common, by an individual who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the person as a spouse, by an individual  $\operatorname{similarly}$  situated to a spouse of the person under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction where the offense occurs, or by any other individual against a person who is protected from that individual's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the United States or any State, Indian tribal government, or unit of local

government.
``(ii) Violators of protection orders.--Any alien who at any time after entry is enjoined under a protection order issued by a court and whom the court determines has engaged in conduct that violates the portion of a protection order that involves protection against credible threats of violence, repeated harassment, or bodily injury to the person or persons for whom the protection order was issued is deportable. For purposes of this clause, the term `protection order' means any injunction issued for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts of domestic violence, including temporary or final orders issued by civil or criminal courts (other than support or child custody orders or provisions) whether obtained by filing an independent action or as a pendente lite order in another proceeding.''.

(b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1227 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to convictions, or violations of court orders, occurring after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 351. CLARIFICATION OF DATE AS OF WHICH RELATIONSHIP REQUIRED FOR WAIVER FROM EXCLUSION OR DEPORTATION FOR SMUGGLING.

- (a) Exclusion.--Section 212(d)(11) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(11)) is amended by inserting ``an individual who at the time of such action was'' after ``aided only''.
- (b) Deportation.--Section 241(a)(1)(E)(iii) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(1)(E)(iii)) is amended by inserting ``an individual who at the time of the offense was'' after ``aided only''.
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by this section shall apply to applications for waivers filed before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act, but shall not apply to such an application for which a final determination has been made as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 352. EXCLUSION OF FORMER CITIZENS WHO RENOUNCED CITIZENSHIP TO
            AVOID UNITED STATES TAXATION.
    (a) In General.--Section 212(a)(10) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)), as
redesignated by section 301(b) of this division and as amended by
section 347(a) of this division, is amended by adding at the end the
following:
                    ``(E) Former citizens who renounced citizenship to
                avoid taxation. -- Any alien who is a former citizen of
                the United States who officially renounces United States
                citizenship and who is determined by the Attorney
                General to have renounced United States citizenship for
                the purpose of avoiding taxation by the United States is
                excludable.''.
    (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall apply to individuals who renounce United States
citizenship on and after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 353. REFERENCES TO CHANGES ELSEWHERE IN DIVISION.
    (a) Deportation for High Speed Flight.--For provision making high
speed flight from an immigration checkpoint subject to deportation, see
section 108(c) of this division.
    (b) Inadmissibility of Aliens Previously Removed and Unlawfully
Present. -- For provision making aliens previously removed and unlawfully
present in the United States inadmissible, see section 301(b) of this
division
    (c) Inadmissibility of Illegal Entrants. -- For provision revising the
ground of inadmissibility for illegal entrants and immigration
violators, see section 301(c) of this division.
   (d) Deportation for Visa Violators. -- For provision revising the
ground of deportation for illegal entrants, see section 301(d) of this
division.
    (e) Labor Certifications for Professional Athletes. -- For provision
providing for continued validity of labor certifications and
classification petitions for professional athletes, see section 624 of
this division.
      Subtitle D--Changes in Removal of Alien Terrorist Provisions
SEC. 354. TREATMENT OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.
    (a) Limitation on Provision of Summaries; Use of Special Attorneys
in Challenges to Classified Information.-
            (1) No provision of summary in certain cases.--Section
        504(e)(3)(D) (8 U.S.C. 1534(e)(3)(D)) is amended--
                (A) in clause (ii), by inserting before the period
at the end the following: `unless the judge makes the
                findings under clause (iii)'', and
                    (B) by adding at the end the following new clause:
                             `(iii) Findings. -- The findings described in
                      this clause are, with respect to an alien, that--
``(I) the continued presence of the
                                 alien in the United States would likely
                                 cause serious and irreparable harm to
                                 the national security or death or
                                 serious bodily injury to any person, and
                                       `(II) the provision of the summary
                                 would likely cause serious and
                                 irreparable harm to the national
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                                 security or death or serious bodily
            injury to any person.''.   
(2) Special challenge procedures.--Section 504(e)(3) (8
        U.S.C. 1534(e)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following
        new subparagraphs:
                      `(E) Continuation of hearing without summary .-- If a
                 judge makes the findings described in subparagraph
                (D)(iii)--
``(i) if the alien involved is an alien
                      lawfully admitted for permanent residence, the
                      procedures described in subparagraph (F) shall
                      apply; and
``(ii) in all cases the special removal
                      hearing shall continue, the Department of Justice
                       shall cause to be delivered to the alien a
                      statement that no summary is possible, and the
                      classified information submitted in camera and ex
                     parte may be used pursuant to this paragraph.
                       (F) Special procedures for access and challenges
                to classified information by special attorneys in case
                of lawful permanent aliens .--
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``(i) In general.--The procedures described in this subparagraph are that the judge (under rules

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of the removal court) shall designate a special
                      attorney to assist the alien--
``(I) by reviewing in camera the
                                 classified information on behalf of the
                                 alien, and
``(II) by challenging through an in
                                 camera proceeding the veracity of the
                                 evidence contained in the classified
                                 information.
                           ``(ii) Restrictions on disclosure.--A special
                       attorney receiving classified information under
                       clause (i) --
                                     ``(I) shall not disclose the
                                 information to the alien or to any other
                                 attorney representing the alien, and
                                       `(II) who discloses such
                                 information in violation of subclause
                                 (I) shall be subject to a fine under
                                 title 18. United States Code, imprisoned
                                 for not less than 10 years nor more than
                                 25 years, or both.''.
            (3) Appeals.--Section 505(c) (8 U.S.C. 1535(c)) is amended--
                    (A) in paragraph (1), by striking ``The decision''
                and inserting ``Subject to paragraph (2), the
                decision'';
                    (B) in paragraph (3)(D), by inserting before the
                period at the end the following: ``, except that in the case of a review under paragraph (2) in which an alien
                lawfully admitted for permanent residence was denied a
                written summary of classified information under section
                504(c)(3), the Court of Appeals shall review questions
                of fact de novo'';
                    (C) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as
                paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and
                    (D) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following
                new paragraph:
            ``(2) Automatic appeals in cases of permanent resident
        aliens in which no summary provided .--
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                    ``(A) In general.--Unless the alien waives the right
                to a review under this paragraph, in any case involving
                an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence who
                is denied a written summary of classified information
                under section 504(e)(3) and with respect to which the
                procedures described in section 504(e)(3)(F) apply, any
                order issued by the judge shall be reviewed by the Court
                of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.
                      `(B) Use of special attorney.--With respect to any
                issue relating to classified information that arises in
                such review, the alien shall be represented only by the
                special attorney designated under section
                504(e)(3)(F)(i) on behalf of the alien.''.
            (4) Establishment of panel of special attorneys. -- Section
        502 (8 U.S.C. 1532) is amended by adding at the end the
        following new subsection:
    ``(e) Establishment of Panel of Special Attorneys. -- The removal
court shall provide for the designation of a panel of attorneys each of
             ``(1) has a security clearance which affords the attorney
        access to classified information, and
              `(2) has agreed to represent permanent resident aliens with
        respect to classified information under section 504(e)(3) in
        accordance with (and subject to the penalties under) this
        title.''
            (5) Definition of special attorney. -- Section 501 (8 U.S.C.
        1531) is amended--
                    (A) by striking ``and'' at the end of paragraph (5),
                (B) by striking the period at the end of paragraph(6) and inserting ``; and'', and
                    (C) by adding at the end the following new
                paragraph:
            ``(7) the term `special attorney' means an attorney who is
        on the panel established under section 502(e).''.
    (b) Other Provisions Relating to Classified Information. --
            (1) Introduction of classified information. -- Section 504(e)
        (8 U.S.C. 1534(e)) is amended--
                    (A) in paragraph (1)--
                          (i) by inserting after ``(A)'' the following:
                       ``the Government is authorized to use in a removal
                      proceedings the fruits of electronic surveillance
                       and unconsented physical searches authorized under
                       the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
                       (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) without regard to
                       subsections (c), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of section
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106 of that Act and'', and (ii) by striking ``the Foreign Intelligence
                         Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et
                         seq.)'' and inserting ``such Act''; and
                  (B) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (3)(A) and inserting the following: ``and neither the alien nor the public shall be informed of such evidence
                  or its sources other than through reference to the
                  summary provided pursuant to this paragraph.
                  Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Department of
                  Justice may, in its discretion and, in the case of
                  classified information, after coordination with the
                  originating agency, elect to introduce such evidence in
                  open session.''.
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             (2) Maintenance of confidentiality of classified information
         in arguments.--Section 504(f) (8 U.S.C. 1534(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``The judge may allow any part
         of the argument that refers to evidence received in camera and
         ex parte to be heard in camera and ex parte.''
              (3) Maintenance of confidentiality of classified information
         in orders.--Section 504(j) (8 U.S.C. 1534(j)) is amended by adding at the end the following: ``Any portion of the order that
         would reveal the substance or source of information received in
         camera and ex parte pursuant to subsection (e) shall not be made
         available to the alien or the public.''.
SEC. 355. EXCLUSION OF REPRESENTATIVES OF TERRORISTS ORGANIZATIONS.
    Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI)), as
inserted by section 411(1)(C) of Public Law 104-132, is amended by inserting ``which the alien knows or should have known is a terrorist organization'' after ``219,''.
SEC. 356. STANDARD FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW OF TERRORIST ORGANIZATION
              DESIGNATIONS.
    Section 219(b)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1189(b)(3)), as added by section 302(a)
of Public Law 104-132, is amended-- $(1)$ by striking ''or'' at the end of subparagraph (B),
              (2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (C)
         and inserting a semicolon, and
              (3) by adding at the end the following:
                       ``(D) lacking substantial support in the
                  administrative record taken as a whole or in classified
                  information submitted to the court under paragraph (2),
                       ``(E) not in accord with the procedures required by
                  law.''
SEC. 357. REMOVAL OF ANCILLARY RELIEF FOR VOLUNTARY DEPARTURE.
    Section 504(k) (8 U.S.C. 1534(k)) is amended--
              (1) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs
         (5) and (6), and
             (2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new
         paragraph:
                `(4) voluntary departure under section 244(e);''.
SEC. 358. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; EFFECTIVE DATE.
    The amendments made by this subtitle shall be effective as if
included in the enactment of subtitle A of title IV of the \mbox{Antiterrorism}
and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132).
                     Subtitle E--Transportation of Aliens
SEC. 361. DEFINITION OF STOWAWAY.
    (a) Stowaway Defined.--Section 101(a) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)), as amended
by section 322(a)(1) of this division, is amended by adding at the end
the following new paragraph:
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     ``(49) The term `stowaway' means any alien who obtains
transportation without the consent of the owner, charterer, master or
person in command of any vessel or aircraft through concealment aboard such vessel or aircraft. A passenger who boards with a valid ticket is
not to be considered a stowaway.''.

(b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
SEC. 362. TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS.
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(a) Coverage of Noncontiguous Territory. -- Section 238 (8 U.S.C.
1228), before redesignation as section 233 under section 308(b)(4) of
this division, is amended --
             (1) in the heading, by striking ``contiguous'', and
(2) by striking ``contiguous'' each place it appears
                                ``contiguous'' each place it appears in
         subsections (a), (b), and (d).
    (b) Coverage of Railroad Train. -- Subsection (d) of such section is
further amended by inserting ``or railroad train'' after ``aircraft''.
                      Subtitle F--Additional Provisions
SEC. 371. IMMIGRATION JUDGES AND COMPENSATION.
    (a) Definition of Term. -- Paragraph (4) of section 101(b) (8 U.S.C.
1101(b)) is amended to read as follows:   
``(4) The term `immigration judge' means an attorney whom the
Attorney General appoints as an administrative judge within the
Executive Office for Immigration Review, qualified to conduct specified
classes of proceedings, including a hearing under section 240. An
immigration judge shall be subject to such supervision and shall perform
such duties as the Attorney General shall prescribe, but shall not be
employed by the Immigration and Naturalization Service.''
    (b) Substitution for Term ``Special Inquiry Officer''.--The
Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by striking `a special
inquiry officer'', ``A special inquiry officer'', ``special inquiry officer'', and ``special inquiry officers'' and inserting `an immigration judge'', ``An immigration judge'', ``immigration judge'', and ``immigration judges'', respectively, each place it appears in the
following sections:
            (1) Section 106(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1105a(a)(2)), before its
        repeal by section 306(c) of this division.
            (2) Section 209(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1159(a)(2)).
             (3) Section 234 (8 U.S.C. 1224), before redesignation by
         section 308(b) of this division.
             (4) Section 235 (8 U.S.C. 1225), before amendment by section
         302(a) of this division.
             (5) Section 236 (8 U.S.C. 1226), before amendment by section
         303 of this division.
             (6) Section 242(b) (8 U.S.C. 1252(b)), before amendment by
        section 306(a)(2) of this division. (7) Section 242B(d)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1252b(d)(1)), before repeal
        by section 306(b)(6) of this division.
            (8) Section 273(d) (8 U.S.C. 1323(d)), before its repeal by
         section 308(e)(13) of this division.
             (9) Section 292 (8 U.S.C. 1362).
    (c) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note. &gt; &gt; Compensation for Immigration
Judges.-
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             (1) In general. -- There shall be four levels of pay for
        immigration judges, under the Immigration Judge Schedule (designated as IJ-1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively), and each such
         judge shall be paid at one of those levels, in accordance with
         the provisions of this subsection.
             (2) Rates of pay. --
                      (A) The rates of basic pay for the levels
                 established under paragraph (1) shall be as follows:
    IJ-1.....70% of the next to highest rate of basic pay
                                 for the Senior Executive Service
    IJ-2......80% of the next to highest rate of basic pay
                                 for the Senior Executive Service
    IJ-3......90% of the next to highest rate of basic pay
                                 for the Senior Executive Service
    IJ-4......92% of the next to highest rate of basic pay
                                 for the Senior Executive Service.
                      (B) Locality pay, where applicable, shall be
                 calculated into the basic pay for immigration judges.
             (3) Appointment.-
                      (A) Upon appointment, an immigration judge shall be
                 paid at IJ-1, and shall be advanced to IJ-2 upon
                 completion of 104 weeks of service, to IJ-3 upon
                 completion of 104 weeks of service in the next lower
                 rate, and to IJ-4 upon completion of 52 weeks of service
                 in the next lower rate.
                     (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the Attorney
                 General may provide for appointment of an immigration
                  judge at an advanced rate under such circumstances as
                 the Attorney General may determine appropriate.
             (4) Transition. -- Immigration judges serving as of the
         effective date shall be paid at the rate that corresponds to the
         amount of time, as provided under paragraph (3)(A), that they
        have served as an immigration judge, and in no case shall be
        paid less after the effective date than the rate of pay prior to
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the effective date.

(d) Effective Dates .--

(1) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Subsections (a) and (b)

shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1103 note. &gt; &gt; Subsection (c) shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 372. DELEGATION OF IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.

Section 103(a) (8 U.S.C. 1103(a)) is amended--

(1) inserting ``(1)'' after ``(a)''

- (2) by designating each sentence (after the first sentence) as a separate paragraph with appropriate consecutive numbering and initial indentation,
  - (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

``(8) In the event the Attorney General determines that an actual or imminent mass influx of aliens arriving off the coast of the United States, or near a land border, presents urgent circumstances requiring an immediate Federal response, the Attorney General may authorize any State or local law enforcement officer, with the consent of the head of the department, agency, or establishment under whose jurisdiction the individual is serving, to perform or exercise any of the powers, privileges, or duties conferred or imposed by this Act or regulations issued thereunder upon officers or employees of the Service.''.

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SEC. 373. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND THE COMMISSIONER.

Section 103 (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended --

(1) by adding at the end of subsection (a) the following new paragraph:

``(9) The Attorney General, in support of persons in administrative detention in non-Federal institutions, is authorized-

``(A) to make payments from funds appropriated for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, and alien registration for necessary clothing, medical care, necessary guard hire, and the housing, care, and security of persons detained by the Service  $\,$ pursuant to Federal law under an agreement with a State or political subdivision of a State; and

``(B) to enter into a cooperative agreement with any State, territory, or political subdivision thereof, for the necessary construction, physical renovation, acquisition of equipment, supplies or materials required to establish acceptable conditions of confinement and detention services in any State or unit of local government which agrees to provide guaranteed bed space for persons detained by the Service.''; and

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (c), as redesignated by section 102(d)(1) of this division, the following: ` Commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with State and local law enforcement agencies for the purpose of assisting in the enforcement of the immigration laws.'

SEC. 374. JUDICIAL DEPORTATION.

- (a) In General.--Section 242A(d) (8 U.S.C. 1252a(d)), as added by section 224(a) of Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 and before redesignation by section 308(b)(5) of this division, is amended --
  - (1) in paragraph (1), by striking ``whose criminal conviction causes such alien to be deportable under section 241(a)(2)(A)'' and inserting ``who is deportable''; (2) in paragraph (4), by striking `without a decision on the merits''; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph: (5) Stipulated judicial order of deportation .-- The United States Attorney, with the concurrence of the Commissioner, may, pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, enter into a plea agreement which calls for the alien, who is deportable under this Act, to waive the right to notice and a hearing under this section, and stipulate to the entry of a judicial order of deportation from the United States as a condition of the plea agreement or as a condition of probation or supervised release, or both. The United States district court, in both felony and misdemeanor cases, and a United States magistrate judge in misdemeanor cases, may accept such a stipulation and shall have jurisdiction to enter a judicial order of deportation pursuant to the terms of such stipulation.''.
- (b) Deportation As a Condition of Probation. -- Section 3563(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-(1) by striking ``or'' at the end of paragraph (20);

  - (2) by redesignating paragraph (21) as paragraph (22); and

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            (3) by inserting after paragraph (20) the following new
        paragraph:
              `(21) be ordered deported by a United States district
        court, or United States magistrate judge, pursuant to a
        stipulation entered into by the defendant and the United States
        under section 242A(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
        except that, in the absence of a stipulation, the United States
        district court or a United States magistrate judge, may order
        deportation as a condition of probation, if, after notice and
        hearing pursuant to such section, the Attorney General
        demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the alien is
        deportable; or''.
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1228 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a)(2) shall be effective as if included in the enactment
of section 224(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Technical
Corrections Act of 1994.
SEC. 375. LIMITATION ON ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS.
    Section 245(c) (8 U.S.C. 1255(c)) is amended-- (1) by striking ``or (6)'' and inserting ``(6)''; and
             (2) by inserting before the period at the end the following:
        ``; (7) any alien who seeks adjustment of status to that of an
        immigrant under section 203(b) and is not in a lawful
        nonimmigrant status; or (8) any alien who was employed while the
        alien was an unauthorized alien, as defined in section
        274A(h)(3), or who has otherwise violated the terms of a
        nonimmigrant visa''.
SEC. 376. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN FEES.
    (a) Increase in Fee.--Section 245(i) (8 U.S.C. 1255(i)), as added by
section 506(b) of Public Law 103-317, is amended-

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking `five times the fee
        required for the processing of applications under this section'' and inserting ``$1,000''; and
            (2) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:
     ``(3)(A) The portion of each application fee (not to exceed $200)
that the Attorney General determines is required to process an
application under this section and is remitted to the Attorney General
pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be disposed
of by the Attorney General as provided in subsections (m), (n), and (o)
of section 286.
     ``(B) Any remaining portion of such fees remitted under such
paragraphs shall be deposited by the Attorney General into the
Immigration Detention Account established under section 286(s).'
    (b) Immigration Detention Account.--Section 286 (8 U.S.C. 1356) is
amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
     `(s) Immigration Detention Account.--(1) There is established in
the general fund of the Treasury a separate account which shall be known
as the `Immigration Detention Account'. Notwithstanding any other
section of this title, there shall be deposited as offsetting receipts
into the Immigration Detention Account amounts described in section
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245(i)(3)(B) to remain available until expended. ``(2)(A) The Secretary of the Treasury shall refund out of the

Immigration Detention Account to any appropriation the amount paid out of such appropriation for expenses incurred by the Attorney General for

the detention of aliens under sections 236(c) and 241(a).

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- `(B) The amounts which are required to be refunded under subparagraph (A) shall be refunded at least quarterly on the basis of estimates made by the Attorney General of the expenses referred to in subparagraph (A). Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently refunded under subparagraph (A) to the extent prior estimates were in excess of, or less than, the amount required to be refunded under subparagraph (A).
- ``(C) The amounts required to be refunded from the Immigration Detention Account for fiscal year 1997 and thereafter shall be refunded in accordance with estimates made in the budget request of the Attorney General for those fiscal years. Any proposed changes in the amounts designated in such budget requests shall only be made after notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate in accordance with section 605 of Public Law 104-134.
- Congress statements of financial condition of the Immigration Detention Account, including beginning account balance, revenues, withdrawals, and ending account balance and projection for the ensuing fiscal year.'
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by this section shall apply to applications made on or after the end of the 90-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 377. LIMITATION ON LEGALIZATION LITIGATION.
   (a) Limitation on Court Jurisdiction. -- Section 245A(f)(4) (8 U.S.C.
1255a(f)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the following new
subparagraph:
                    ``(C) Jurisdiction of courts. -- Notwithstanding any
                other provision of law, no court shall have jurisdiction
                of any cause of action or claim by or on behalf of any
                person asserting an interest under this section unless
                such person in fact filed an application under this
                section within the period specified by subsection
                (a)(1), or attempted to file a complete application and
                application fee with an authorized legalization officer
                of the Service but had the application and fee refused
                by that officer.''.
   (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall be effective as if included in the enactment of
the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986.
SEC. 378. RESCISSION OF LAWFUL PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS.
    (a) In General.--Section 246(a) (8 U.S.C. 1256(a)) is amended by
adding at the end the following sentence: ``Nothing in this subsection
shall require the Attorney General to rescind the alien's status prior
to commencement of procedures to remove the alien under section 240, and
an order of removal issued by an immigration judge shall be sufficient
to rescind the alien's status.''.
   (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1256 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall take effect on the title III-A effective date
(as defined in section 309(a) of this division).
SEC. 379. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW OF ORDERS.
    (a) In General.--Sections 274A(e)(7) and 274C(d)(4) (8 U.S.C.
1324a(e)(7), 1324c(d)(4)) are each amended--
            (1) by striking ``unless, within 30 days, the Attorney
        General modifies or vacates the decision and order'' and
        inserting ``unless either (A) within 30 days, an official
        delegated by
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        regulation to exercise review authority over the decision and
        order modifies or vacates the decision and order, or (B) within
        30 days of the date of such a modification or vacation (or
        within 60 days of the date of decision and order of an
        administrative law judge if not so modified or vacated) the
        decision and order is referred to the Attorney General pursuant
        to regulations''; and
(2) by striking ``a final order'' and inserting ``the final
        agency decision and order''.
   (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments
made by subsection (a) shall apply to orders issued on or after the date
of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 380. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO DEPART.
    (a) In General.--The Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by
         inserting after section 274C the following new section:
    ``Sec. 274D. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324d.&gt;&gt; (a) In General.--Any alien
subject to a final order of removal who--
             `(1) willfully fails or refuses to--
                     `(A) depart from the United States pursuant to the
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order,
``(B) make timely application in good faith for travel or other documents necessary for departure, or ``(C) present for removal at the time and place required by the Attorney General; or ``(2) conspires to or takes any action designed to prevent or hamper the alien's departure pursuant to the order,

shall pay a civil penalty of not more than \$500 to the Commissioner for

- each day the alien is in violation of this section.
  ``(b) Construction.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish or qualify any penalties to which an alien may be subject for activities proscribed by section 243(a) or any other section of this Act.''.
- (b) Clerical Amendment. -- The table of contents is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 274C the following new item:
- ``Sec. 274D. Civil penalties for failure to depart.''.
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324d note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to actions occurring on or after the title

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III-A effective date (as defined in section 309(a) of this division).
SEC 381 CLARIFICATION OF DISTRICT COURT JURISDICTION
    (a) In General.--Section 279 (8 U.S.C. 1329) is amended--
        (1) by amending the first sentence to read as follows: `The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction of
        all causes, civil and criminal, brought by the United States
        that arise under the provisions of this title.'', and
            (2) by adding at the end the following new sentence:
        ``Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing
        jurisdiction for suits against the United States or its agencies
        or officers.''.
    (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1329 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made
by subsection (a) shall apply to actions filed after the date of the
enactment of this Act.
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SEC. 382. APPLICATION OF ADDITIONAL CIVIL PENALTIES TO ENFORCEMENT.
    (a) In General. -- Subsection (b) of section 280 (8 U.S.C. 1330) is
amended to read as follows:
    ``(b)(1) There is established in the general fund of the Treasury a
separate account which shall be known as the `Immigration Enforcement
Account'. Notwithstanding any other section of this title, there shall
be deposited as offsetting receipts into the Immigration Enforcement
Account amounts described in paragraph (2) to remain available until
expended.
     `(2) The amounts described in this paragraph are the following:
              `(A) The increase in penalties collected resulting from the
        amendments made by sections 203(b) and 543(a) of the Immigration
        Act of 1990.
            ``(B) Civil penalties collected under sections 240B(d),
        274C, 274D, and 275(b).
    ``(3)(A) The Secretary of the Treasury shall refund out of the
Immigration Enforcement Account to any appropriation the amount paid out
of such appropriation for expenses incurred by the Attorney General for
activities that enhance enforcement of provisions of this title. Such
activities include --
             `(i) the identification, investigation, apprehension,
        detention, and removal of criminal aliens;
              `(ii) the maintenance and updating of a system to identify
        and track criminal aliens, deportable aliens, inadmissible
        aliens, and aliens illegally entering the United States; and
            ``(iii) for the repair, maintenance, or construction on the
        United States border, in areas experiencing high levels of
        apprehensions of illegal aliens, of structures to deter illegal
        entry into the United States.
    subparagraph (A) shall be refunded at least quarterly on the basis of estimates made by the Attorney General of the expenses referred to in
subparagraph (A). Proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts
subsequently refunded under subparagraph (A) to the extent prior
estimates were in excess of, or less than, the amount required to be
refunded under subparagraph (A).
     `(C) The amounts required to be refunded from the Immigration
Enforcement Account for fiscal year 1996 and thereafter shall be
refunded in accordance with estimates made in the budget request of the
Attorney General for those fiscal years. Any proposed changes in the
amounts designated in such budget requests shall only be made after
notification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of
Representatives and the Senate in accordance with section 605 of Public
Law 104-134.
    ``(D) The Attorney General shall prepare and submit annually to the
Congress statements of financial condition of the Immigration
Enforcement Account, including beginning account balance, revenues,
withdrawals, and ending account balance and projection for the ensuing
fiscal year.''.
        Immigration User Fee Account. -- Section 286(h)(1)(B) (8 U.S.C.
1356(h)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ``271'' and inserting ``243(c),
    (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1330 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made
by this section shall apply to fines and penalties collected on or after
the date of the enactment of this Act.
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SEC. 383. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN ALIENS FROM FAMILY UNITY PROGRAM.
    (a) In General. -- Section 301(e) of the Immigration Act of 1990 (8
U.S.C. 1255a note) is amended--
(1) by striking ``or'' at the end of paragraph (1),
        (2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting ``, or'', and
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- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph: ``(3) has committed an act of juvenile delinquency which if committed by an adult would be classified as--

  - ``(B) a felony offense that by its nature involves a substantial risk that physical force against another individual may be used in the course of committing the offense.''.
- (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to benefits granted or extended after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 384. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1367.&gt;&gt; PENALTIES FOR DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
- (a) In General.--Except as provided in subsection (b), in no case may the Attorney General, or any other official or employee of the Department of Justice (including any bureau or agency of such
  - (1) make an adverse determination of admissibility or deportability of an alien under the Immigration and Nationality Act using information furnished solely by--
    - (A) a spouse or parent who has battered the alien or subjected the alien to extreme cruelty,
    - (B) a member of the spouse's or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien who has battered the alien or subjected the alien to extreme cruelty when the spouse or parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty, (C) a spouse or parent who has battered the alien's
    - (C) a spouse or parent who has battered the alien's child or subjected the alien's child to extreme cruelty (without the active participation of the alien in the battery or extreme cruelty), or
    - (D) a member of the spouse's or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien who has battered the alien's child or subjected the alien's child to extreme cruelty when the spouse or parent consented to or acquiesced in such battery or cruelty and the alien did not actively participate in such battery or cruelty,

unless the alien has been convicted of a crime or crimes listed in section 241(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or (2) permit use by or disclosure to anyone (other than a sworn officer or employee of the Department, or bureau or agency thereof, for legitimate Department, bureau, or agency purposes) of any information which relates to an alien who is the beneficiary of an application for relief under clause (iii) or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A), clause (ii) or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B), section 216(c)(4)(C), or section 244(a)(3) of such Act as an alien (or the parent of a child) who has been battered

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or subjected to extreme cruelty.

The limitation under paragraph (2) ends when the application for relief is denied and all opportunities for appeal of the denial have been exhausted.

- (b) Exceptions. --
  - (1) The Attorney General may provide, in the Attorney General's discretion, for the disclosure of information in the same manner and circumstances as census information may be disclosed by the Secretary of Commerce under section 8 of title 13, United States Code.
  - (2) The Attorney General may provide in the discretion of the Attorney General for the disclosure of information to law enforcement officials to be used solely for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.
  - (3) Subsection (a) shall not be construed as preventing disclosure of information in connection with judicial review of a determination in a manner that protects the confidentiality of such information.
  - (4) Subsection (a)(2) shall not apply if all the battered individuals in the case are adults and they have all waived the restrictions of such subsection.
- (c) Penalties for Violations.--Anyone who willfully uses, publishes, or permits information to be disclosed in violation of this section shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action and subject to a civil money penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each such violation.
  - (d) Conforming Amendments to Other Disclosure Restrictions.--
    - (1) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1160.&gt;&gt; In general.--The last sentence of

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section 210(b)(6) and the second sentence of section 245A(c)(5)
        (8 U.S.C. 1255a(c)(5)) are each amended to read as follows:
         `Anyone who uses, publishes, or permits information to be
        examined in violation of this paragraph shall be subject to
       amendments made by this subsection shall apply to offenses
       occurring on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 385. AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR REMOVAL OF ALIENS.
    In addition to the amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated
for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1996, there are
authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General $150,000,000 for
costs associated with the removal of inadmissible or deportable aliens,
including costs of detention of such aliens pending their removal, the
hiring of more investigators, and the hiring of more detention and
deportation officers.
SEC. 386. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1368.&gt;&gt; INCREASE IN INS DETENTION FACILITIES;
           REPORT ON DETENTION SPACE.
    (a) Increase in Detention Facilities. -- Subject to the availability
of appropriations, the Attorney General shall provide for an increase in
the detention facilities of the Immigration and Naturalization Service
to at least 9,000 beds before the end of fiscal year 1997.
    (b) Report on Detention Space. --
           (1) In general. -- Not later than 6 months after the date of
        the enactment of this Act, and every 6 months thereafter,
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        the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committees on
        the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate
        estimating the amount of detention space that will be required,
        during the fiscal year in which the report is submitted and the
        succeeding fiscal year, to detain --
                   (A) all aliens subject to detention under section
               236(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as
               amended by section 303 of this title) and section 241(a)
               of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as inserted by
               section 305(a)(3) of this title);
                   (B) all excludable or deportable aliens subject to
               proceedings under section 238 of the Immigration and
               Nationality Act (as redesignated by section 308(b)(5) of
               this title) or section 235(b)(2)(A) or 240 of the
               Immigration and Nationality Act; and
                    (C) other excludable or deportable aliens in
               accordance with the priorities established by the
               Attorney General.
            (2) Estimate of number of aliens released into the
       community. --
                   (A) Criminal aliens .--
                         (i) In general. -- The first report submitted
                     under paragraph (1) shall include an estimate of
                     the number of criminal aliens who, in each of the
                     3 fiscal years concluded prior to the date of the
                     report--
                                    (I) were released from detention
                               facilities of the Immigration and
                               Naturalization Service (whether operated
                               directly by the Service or through
                               contract with other persons or
                               agencies); or
                                   (II) were not taken into custody or
                               detention by the Service upon completion
                               of their incarceration.
                         (ii) Aliens convicted of aggravated
                     felonies. -- The estimate under clause (i) shall
                     estimate separately, with respect to each year
                     described in such clause, the number of criminal
                     aliens described in such clause who were convicted
                     of an aggravated felony.
                    (B) All excludable or deportable aliens. -- The first
               report submitted under paragraph (1) shall also estimate
               the number of excludable or deportable aliens who were
               released into the community due to a lack of detention
               facilities in each of the 3 fiscal years concluded prior
               to the date of the report notwithstanding circumstances
               that the Attorney General believed justified detention
                (for example, a significant probability that the
               released alien would not appear, as agreed, at
               subsequent exclusion or deportation proceedings).
                    (C) Subsequent reports.--Each report under paragraph
                (1) following the first such report shall include the
               estimates under subparagraphs (A) and (B), made with
               respect to the 6-month period immediately preceding the
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date of the submission of the report.

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- SEC. 387. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1231 note.&gt;&gt; PILOT PROGRAM ON USE OF CLOSED MILITARY BASES FOR THE DETENTION OF INADMISSIBLE OR DEPORTABLE ALIENS.
- (a) Establishment.—The Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense shall establish one or more pilot programs for up to 2 years each to determine the feasibility of the use of military bases, available because of actions under a base closure law, as detention centers by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. In selecting real property at a military base for use as a detention center under the pilot program, the Attorney General and the Secretary shall consult with the redevelopment authority established for the military base and give substantial deference to the redevelopment plan prepared for the military base.
- (b) Report.--Not later than 30 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, together with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, and the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, on the feasibility of using military bases closed under a base closure law as detention centers by the Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (c) Definition.--For purposes of this section, the term ``base closure law'' means each of the following:
  - (1) The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687
  - (2) Title II of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note).
    - (3) Section 2687 of title 10, United States Code.
  - (4) Any other similar law enacted after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 388. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1231 note. &gt; &gt; REPORT ON INTERIOR REPATRIATION

Not later than 30 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate on the operation of the program of interior repatriation developed under section 437 of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132).

TITLE IV--ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS AGAINST EMPLOYMENT

Subtitle A-- <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324a note.&gt;&gt; Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation

SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAMS.

- (a) In General.--The Attorney General shall conduct 3 pilot programs of employment eligibility confirmation under this subtitle.
- (b) Implementation Deadline; Termination.--The Attorney General shall implement the pilot programs in a manner that permits persons and other entities to have elections under section 402 of this division made and in effect no later than 1 year after

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the date of the enactment of this Act. Unless the Congress otherwise provides, the Attorney General shall terminate a pilot program at the end of the 4-year period beginning on the first day the pilot program is in effect.

(c) Scope of Operation of Pilot Programs.—The Attorney General shall provide for the operation—  $\,$ 

- (1) of the basic pilot program (described in section 403(a) of this division) in, at a minimum, 5 of the 7 States with the highest estimated population of aliens who are not lawfully present in the United States;
- (2) of the citizen attestation pilot program (described in section 403(b) of this division) in at least 5 States (or, if fewer, all of the States) that meet the condition described in section 403(b)(2)(A) of this division; and
- (3) of the machine-readable-document pilot program (described in section 403(c) of this division) in at least 5 States (or, if fewer, all of the States) that meet the condition described in section 403(c)(2) of this division.
- (d) References in Subtitle.--In this subtitle--
  - (1) Pilot program references.--The terms ``program'' or ``pilot program'' refer to any of the 3 pilot programs provided for under this subtitle.
  - (2) Confirmation system.—The term ``confirmation system'' means the confirmation system established under section 404 of

this division.

- (3) References to section 274a.--Any reference in this subtitle to section 274A (or a subdivision of such section) is deemed a reference to such section (or subdivision thereof) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (4)  $\bar{1}$ -9 or similar form.—The term ``I-9 or similar form'' means the form used for purposes of section 274A(b)(1)(A) or such other form as the Attorney General determines to be appropriate.
- (5) Limited application to recruiters and referrers.--Any reference to recruitment or referral (or a recruiter or referrer) in relation to employment is deemed a reference only to such recruitment or referral (or recruiter or referrer) that is subject to section 274A(a)(1)(B)(ii).
- (6) United states citizenship.--The term ``United States citizenship'' includes United States nationality.
- (7) State.--The term ``State'' has the meaning given such term in section 101(a)(36) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

#### SEC. 402. VOLUNTARY ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE IN A PILOT PROGRAM.

- (a) Voluntary Election.—Subject to subsection (c)(3)(B), any person or other entity that conducts any hiring (or recruitment or referral) in a State in which a pilot program is operating may elect to participate in that pilot program. Except as specifically provided in subsection (e), the Attorney General may not require any person or other entity to participate in a pilot program.
  - (b) Benefit of Rebuttable Presumption.--(1) In general.--If a person or other entity is participating in a pilot program and obtains confirmation of identity and employment eligibility in compliance with the terms and conditions of the program with respect to the hiring (or

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- or referral) of an individual for employment in the United States, the person or entity has established a rebuttable presumption that the person or entity has not violated section 274A(a)(1)(A) with respect to such hiring (or such recruitment or referral).
- (2) Construction.--Paragraph (1) shall not be construed as preventing a person or other entity that has an election in effect under subsection (a) from establishing an affirmative defense under section 274A(a)(3) if the person or entity complies with the requirements of section 274A(a)(1)(B) but fails to obtain confirmation under paragraph (1).
- (c) General Terms of Elections .--
  - (1) In general.—An election under subsection (a) shall be in such form and manner, under such terms and conditions, and shall take effect, as the Attorney General shall specify. The Attorney General may not impose any fee as a condition of making an election or participating in a pilot program.
    - (2) Scope of election.--
      - (A) In general. -- Subject to paragraph (3), any electing person or other entity may provide that the election under subsection (a) shall apply (during the period in which the election is in effect) --
        - (i) to all its hiring (and all recruitment or referral) in the State (or States) in which the pilot program is operating, or
        - (ii) to its hiring (or recruitment or referral) in one or more pilot program States or one or more places of hiring (or recruitment or referral, as the case may be) in the pilot program States.
      - (B) Application of programs in non-pilot program states.--In addition, the Attorney General may permit a person or entity electing--
        - (i) the basic pilot program (described in section 403(a) of this division) to provide that the election applies to its hiring (or recruitment or referral) in one or more States or places of hiring (or recruitment or referral) in which the pilot program is not otherwise operating, or
        - (ii) the citizen attestation pilot program (described in 403(b) of this division) or the machine-readable-document pilot program (described in section 403(c) of this division) to provide that the election applies to its hiring (or recruitment or referral) in one or more States or places of hiring (or recruitment or referral) in which the pilot program is not otherwise operating but only if such States meet the requirements of 403(b)(2)(A) and 403(c)(2) of this division, respectively.

- (3) Acceptance and rejection of elections .--
  - (A) In general.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Attorney General shall accept all elections made under subsection (a).
  - (B) Rejection of elections.--The Attorney General may reject an election by a person or other entity under this section or limit its applicability to certain States or places of hiring (or recruitment or referral) if the Attorney General has determined that there are insufficient

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resources to provide appropriate services under a pilot program for the person's or entity's hiring (or recruitment or referral) in any or all States or places of hiring.

- (4) Termination of elections.--The Attorney General may terminate an election by a person or other entity under this section because the person or entity has substantially failed to comply with its obligations under the pilot program. A person or other entity may terminate an election in such form and manner as the Attorney General shall specify.
- (d) Consultation, Education, and Publicity .--
  - (1) Consultation.--The Attorney General shall closely consult with representatives of employers (and recruiters and referrers) in the development and implementation of the pilot programs, including the education of employers (and recruiters and referrers) about such programs.
  - (2) Publicity.--The Attorney General shall widely publicize the election process and pilot programs, including the voluntary nature of the pilot programs and the advantages to employers (and recruiters and referrers) of making an election under this section.
  - (3) Assistance through district offices.—The Attorney General shall designate one or more individuals in each District office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service for a Service District in which a pilot program is being implemented—
    - $({\tt A})$  to inform persons and other entities that seek information about pilot programs of the voluntary nature of such programs, and
    - (B) to assist persons and other entities in electing and participating in any pilot programs in effect in the District, in complying with the requirements of section 274A, and in facilitating confirmation of the identity and employment eligibility of individuals consistent with such section.
- (e) Select Entities Required to Participate in a Pilot Program.--(1) Federal government.--
  - (A) Executive departments.--
    - (i) In general.--Each Department of the Federal Government shall elect to participate in a pilot program and shall comply with the terms and conditions of such an election.
    - (ii) Election.--Subject to clause (iii), the Secretary of each such Department--
      - (I) shall elect the pilot program (or programs) in which the Department shall participate, and
      - (II) may limit the election to hiring occurring in certain States (or geographic areas) covered by the program (or programs) and in specified divisions within the Department, so long as all hiring by such divisions and in such locations is covered.
    - (iii) Role of attorney general.—The Attorney General shall assist and coordinate elections under this subparagraph in such manner as assures that—
      - (I) a significant portion of the total hiring within each Department within States covered by a pilot program is covered under such a program, and

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(II) there is significant participation by the Federal Executive branch in each of the pilot programs. tive branch.--Each Member of Congress,

(B) Legislative branch. -- Each Member of Congress, each officer of Congress, and the head of each agency of the legislative branch, that conducts hiring in a State in which a pilot program is operating shall elect to participate in a pilot program, may specify which pilot program or programs (if there is more than one) in which

- the Member, officer, or agency will participate, and shall comply with the terms and conditions of such an election.
- (2) Application to certain violators.—An order under section 274A(e)(4) or section 274B(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act may require the subject of the order to participate in, and comply with the terms of, a pilot program with respect to the subject's hiring (or recruitment or referral) of individuals in a State covered by such a program.
- (3) Consequence of failure to participate. -- If a person or other entity is required under this subsection to participate in a pilot program and fails to comply with the requirements of such program with respect to an individual--
  - (A) such failure shall be treated as a violation of section 274A(a)(1)(B) with respect to that individual, and
- (B) a rebuttable presumption is created that the person or entity has violated section 274A(a)(1)(A). Subparagraph (B) shall not apply in any prosecution under section 274A(f)(1).
- (f) Construction.--This subtitle shall not affect the authority of the Attorney General under any other law (including section 274A(d)(4)) to conduct demonstration projects in relation to section 274A.
- SEC. 403. PROCEDURES FOR PARTICIPANTS IN PILOT PROGRAMS.
- (a) Basic Pilot Program.—A person or other entity that elects to participate in the basic pilot program described in this subsection agrees to conform to the following procedures in the case of the hiring (or recruitment or referral) for employment in the United States of each individual covered by the election:
  - (1) Provision of additional information.—The person or entity shall obtain from the individual (and the individual shall provide) and shall record on the I-9 or similar form—
    - (A) the individual's social security account number, if the individual has been issued such a number, and
      - (B) if the individual does not attest to United States citizenship under section 274A(b)(2), such identification or authorization number established by the Immigration and Naturalization Service for the alien as the Attorney General shall specify,

and shall retain the original form and make it available for inspection for the period and in the manner required of I-9 forms under section 274A(b)(3).

(2) Presentation of documentation.--

(A) In general.--The person or other entity, and the individual whose identity and employment eligibility are being confirmed, shall, subject to subparagraph (B), fulfill the requirements of section 274A(b) with the following modifications:

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- (i) A document referred to in section 274A(b)(1)(B)(ii) (as redesignated by section 412(a) of this division) must be designated by the Attorney General as suitable for the purpose of identification in a pilot program.
- (ii) A document referred to in section 274 A(b)(1)(D) must contain a photograph of the individual.
- (iii) The person or other entity has complied with the requirements of section 274A(b)(1) with respect to examination of a document if the document reasonably appears on its face to be genuine and it reasonably appears to pertain to the individual whose identity and work eligibility is being confirmed.
- (B) Limitation of requirement to examine documentation.--If the Attorney General finds that a pilot program would reliably determine with respect to an individual whether--
  - $\mbox{(i)}$  the person with the identity claimed by the individual is authorized to work in the United States, and
  - (ii) the individual is claiming the identity of another person,

if a person or entity could fulfill the requirement to examine documentation contained in subparagraph (A) of section 274A(b)(1) by examining a document specified in either subparagraph (B) or (D) of such section, the Attorney General may provide that, for purposes of such requirement, only such a document need be examined. In such case, any reference in section 274A(b)(1)(A) to a verification that an individual is not an unauthorized

alien shall be deemed to be a verification of the individual's identity.  $\label{eq:condition}$ 

#### (3) Seeking confirmation. --

- (A) In general.--The person or other entity shall make an inquiry, as provided in section 404(a)(1) of this division, using the confirmation system to seek confirmation of the identity and employment eligibility of an individual, by not later than the end of 3 working days (as specified by the Attorney General) after the date of the hiring (or recruitment or referral, as the case may be).
- (B) Extension of time period.—If the person or other entity in good faith attempts to make an inquiry during such 3 working days and the confirmation system has registered that not all inquiries were received during such time, the person or entity can make an inquiry in the first subsequent working day in which the confirmation system registers that it has received all inquiries. If the confirmation system cannot receive inquiries at all times during a day, the person or entity merely has to assert that the entity attempted to make the inquiry on that day for the previous sentence to apply to such an inquiry, and does not have to provide any additional proof concerning such inquiry.

  (4) Confirmation or nonconfirmation.—
- (A) Confirmation upon initial inquiry.--If the person or other entity receives an appropriate confirmation of an individual's identity and work eligibility under the confirmation system within the time period specified under

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section 404(b) of this division, the person or entity shall record on the I-9 or similar form an appropriate code that is provided under the system and that indicates a final confirmation of such identity and work eligibility of the individual.

- (B) Nonconfirmation upon initial inquiry and secondary verification.—
  - (i) Nonconfirmation.—If the person or other entity receives a tentative nonconfirmation of an individual's identity or work eligibility under the confirmation system within the time period specified under 404(b) of this division, the person or entity shall so inform the individual for whom the confirmation is sought.
  - (ii) No contest.--If the individual does not contest the nonconfirmation within the time period specified in section 404(c) of this division, the nonconfirmation shall be considered final. The person or entity shall then record on the I-9 or similar form an appropriate code which has been provided under the system to indicate a tentative nonconfirmation.
  - (iii) Contest.—If the individual does contest the nonconfirmation, the individual shall utilize the process for secondary verification provided under section 404(c) of this division. The nonconfirmation will remain tentative until a final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided by the confirmation system within the time period specified in such section. In no case shall an employer terminate employment of an individual because of a failure of the individual to have identity and work eligibility confirmed under this section until a nonconfirmation becomes final. Nothing in this clause shall apply to a termination of employment for any reason other than because of such a failure.
  - (iv) Recording of conclusion on form.—If a final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided by the confirmation system under section 404(c) of this division regarding an individual, the person or entity shall record on the I-9 or similar form an appropriate code that is provided under the system and that indicates a confirmation or nonconfirmation of identity and work eligibility of the individual.
  - (C) Consequences of nonconfirmation .--
    - (i) Termination or notification of continued employment.—If the person or other entity has received a final nonconfirmation regarding an individual under subparagraph (B), the person or entity may terminate employment (or recruitment or referral) of the individual. If the person or entity does not terminate employment (or recruitment or recruitment or referral) of the individual, the

person or entity shall notify the Attorney General of such fact through the confirmation system or in such other manner as the Attorney General may specify.

(ii) Failure to notify.--If the person or entity fails to provide notice with respect to an individual as required under clause (i), the failure is deemed

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to constitute a violation of section 274A(a)(1)(B) with respect to that individual and the applicable civil monetary penalty under section 274A(e)(5) shall be (notwithstanding the amounts specified in such section) no less than \$500 and no more than \$1,000 for each individual with respect to whom such violation occurred.

(iii) Continued employment after final nonconfirmation.—If the person or other entity continues to employ (or to recruit or refer) an individual after receiving final nonconfirmation, a rebuttable presumption is created that the person or entity has violated section 274A(a)(1)(A). The previous sentence shall not apply in any prosecution under section 274A(f)(1).

- (b) Citizen Attestation Pilot Program. --
  - (1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraphs (3) through (5), the procedures applicable under the citizen attestation pilot program under this subsection shall be the same procedures as those under the basic pilot program under subsection (a).
    - (2) Restrictions .--

(A) State document requirement to participate in pilot program.—The Attorney General may not provide for the operation of the citizen attestation pilot program in a State unless each driver's license or similar identification document described in section 274A(b)(1)(D)(i) issued by the State—

(i) contains a photograph of the individual involved, and

(ii) has been determined by the Attorney General to have security features, and to have been issued through application and issuance procedures, which make such document sufficiently resistant to counterfeiting, tampering, and fraudulent use that it is a reliable means of identification for purposes of this section.

(B) Authorization to limit employer participation.—The Attorney General may restrict the number of persons or other entities that may elect to participate in the citizen attestation pilot program under this subsection as the Attorney General determines to be necessary to produce a representative sample of employers and to reduce the potential impact of fraud.

(3) No confirmation required for certain individuals attesting to u.s. citizenship.—In the case of a person or other entity hiring (or recruiting or referring) an individual under the citizen attestation pilot program, if the individual attests to United States citizenship (under penalty of perjury on an I-9 or similar form which form states on its face the criminal and other penalties provided under law for a false representation of United States citizenship)—

(A) the person or entity may fulfill the requirement to examine documentation contained in subparagraph (A) of section 274A(b)(1) by examining a document specified in either subparagraph (B)(i) or (D) of such section; and

 $(\mbox{\ensuremath{B}})$  the person or other entity is not required to comply with respect to such individual with the procedures

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cases.--

described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a), but only if the person or entity retains the form and makes it available for inspection in the same manner as in the case of an I-9 form under section 274A(b)(3).

(4) Waiver of document presentation requirement in certain

(A) In general.—In the case of a person or entity that elects, in a manner specified by the Attorney General consistent with subparagraph (B), to participate in the pilot program under this paragraph, if an individual being hired (or recruited or referred) attests (in the manner described in paragraph (3)) to United States citizenship and the person or entity

retains the form on which the attestation is made and makes it available for inspection in the same manner as in the case of an I-9 form under section 274A(b)(3), the person or entity is not required to comply with the procedures described in section 274A(b).

- (B) Restriction.--The Attorney General shall restrict the election under this paragraph to no more than 1,000 employers and, to the extent practicable, shall select among employers seeking to make such election in a manner that provides for such an election by a representative sample of employers.
- (5) Nonreviewable determinations.--The determinations of the Attorney General under paragraphs (2) and (4) are within the discretion of the Attorney General and are not subject to judicial or administrative review.
- (c) Machine-Readable-Document Pilot Program . --
  - (1) In general.--Except as provided in paragraph (3), the procedures applicable under the machine-readable-document pilot program under this subsection shall be the same procedures as those under the basic pilot program under subsection (a).
  - (2) State document requirement to participate in pilot program.—The Attorney General may not provide for the operation of the machine-readable-document pilot program in a State unless driver's licenses and similar identification documents described in section 274A(b)(1)(D)(i) issued by the State include a machine-readable social security account number.
  - (3) Use of machine-readable documents.--If the individual whose identity and employment eligibility must be confirmed presents to the person or entity hiring (or recruiting or referring) the individual a license or other document described in paragraph (2) that includes a machine-readable social security account number, the person or entity must make an inquiry through the confirmation system by using a machine-readable feature of such document. If the individual does not attest to United States citizenship under section 274A(b)(2), the individual's identification or authorization number described in subsection (a)(1)(B) shall be provided as part of the inquiry.
- (d) Protection From Liability for Actions Taken on the Basis of Information Provided by the Confirmation System.--No person or entity participating in a pilot program shall be civilly or criminally liable under any law

for any action taken in good faith reliance on information provided through the confirmation system.

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SEC. 404. EMPLOYMENT ELIGIBILITY CONFIRMATION SYSTEM.

- (a) In General.--The Attorney General shall establish a pilot program confirmation system through which the Attorney General (or a designee of the Attorney General, which may be a nongovernmental entity)--
  - (1) responds to inquiries made by electing persons and other entities (including those made by the transmittal of data from machine-readable documents under the machine-readable pilot program) at any time through a toll-free telephone line or other toll-free electronic media concerning an individual's identity and whether the individual is authorized to be employed, and
  - (2) maintains records of the inquiries that were made, of confirmations provided (or not provided), and of the codes provided to inquirers as evidence of their compliance with their obligations under the pilot programs.

To the extent practicable, the Attorney General shall seek to establish such a system using one or more nongovernmental entities.

- (b) Initial Response.--The confirmation system shall provide confirmation or a tentative nonconfirmation of an individual's identity and employment eligibility within 3 working days of the initial inquiry. If providing confirmation or tentative nonconfirmation, the confirmation system shall provide an appropriate code indicating such confirmation or such nonconfirmation.
- (c) Secondary Verification Process in Case of Tentative Nonconfirmation.—In cases of tentative nonconfirmation, the Attorney General shall specify, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social Security and the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, an available secondary verification process to confirm the validity of information provided and to provide a final confirmation or nonconfirmation within 10 working days after the date of the tentative nonconfirmation. When final confirmation or nonconfirmation is provided, the confirmation system shall provide an appropriate code indicating such confirmation or nonconfirmation.
- (d) Design and Operation of System.--The confirmation system shall be designed and operated--  $\,$ 
  - (1) to maximize its reliability and ease of use by persons and other entities making elections under section 402(a) of this

division consistent with insulating and protecting the privacy and security of the underlying information;

- (2) to respond to all inquiries made by such persons and entities on whether individuals are authorized to be employed and to register all times when such inquiries are not received;
- (3) with appropriate administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to prevent unauthorized disclosure of personal information; and
- (4) to have reasonable safeguards against the system's resulting in unlawful discriminatory practices based on national origin or citizenship status, including--
  - (A) the selective or unauthorized use of the system to verify eligibility;  $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) +$
  - (B) the use of the system prior to an offer of employment; or  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) ^{2}$
  - (C) the exclusion of certain individuals from consideration for employment as a result of a perceived likelihood

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that additional verification will be required, beyond what is required for most job applicants.

- (e) Responsibilities of the Commissioner of Social Security.—As part of the confirmation system, the Commissioner of Social Security, in consultation with the entity responsible for administration of the system, shall establish a reliable, secure method, which, within the time periods specified under subsections (b) and (c), compares the name and social security account number provided in an inquiry against such information maintained by the Commissioner in order to confirm (or not confirm) the validity of the information provided regarding an individual whose identity and employment eligibility must be confirmed, the correspondence of the name and number, and whether the individual has presented a social security account number that is not valid for employment. The Commissioner shall not disclose or release social security information (other than such confirmation or nonconfirmation).
- (f) Responsibilities of the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. --As part of the confirmation system, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, in consultation with the entity responsible for administration of the system, shall establish a reliable, secure method, which, within the time periods specified under subsections (b) and (c), compares the name and alien identification or authorization number described in section 403(a)(1)(B) of this division which are provided in an inquiry against such information maintained by the Commissioner in order to confirm (or not confirm) the validity of the information provided, the correspondence of the name and number, and whether the alien is authorized to be employed in the United States.
- (g) Updating Information.--The Commissioners of Social Security and the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall update their information in a manner that promotes the maximum accuracy and shall provide a process for the prompt correction of erroneous information, including instances in which it is brought to their attention in the secondary verification process described in subsection (c).
- (h) Limitation on Use of the Confirmation System and Any Related Systems.--
  - (1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to permit or allow any department, bureau, or other agency of the United States Government to utilize any information, data base, or other records assembled under this subtitle for any other purpose other than as provided for under a pilot program.
  - (2) No national identification card.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to authorize, directly or indirectly, the issuance or use of national identification cards or the establishment of a national identification card.

SEC. 405. REPORTS.

The Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate reports on the pilot programs within 3 months after the end of the third and fourth years in which the programs are in effect. Such reports shall--

 assess the degree of fraudulent attesting of United States citizenship,

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- (2) include recommendations on whether or not the pilot programs should be continued or modified, and
- (3) assess the benefits of the pilot programs to employers and the degree to which they assist in the enforcement of section 274A.

Subtitle B--Other Provisions Relating to Employer Sanctions

SEC. 411. LIMITING LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS OF

#### PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS.

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(a) In General.--Section 274A(b) (8 U.S.C. 1324a(b)) is amended by
adding at the end the following new paragraph:
               (6) Good faith compliance. --
                 ``(A) In general.--Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), a person or entity is
                 considered to have complied with a requirement of this
                 subsection notwithstanding a technical or procedural
                 failure to meet such requirement if there was a good
                 faith attempt to comply with the requirement.
                      ``(B) Exception if failure to correct after
                 notice. -- Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if --
                            ``(i) the Service (or another enforcement
                        agency) has explained to the person or entity the
                        basis for the failure,
    ``(ii) the person or entity has been provided
a period of not less than 10 business days
                        (beginning after the date of the explanation)
                        within which to correct the failure, and
                              `(iii) the person or entity has not corrected
                        the failure voluntarily within such period.
                      ``(C) Exception for pattern or practice violators.-
                 Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a person or entity
                 that has or is engaging in a pattern or practice of
                 violations of subsection (a)(1)(A) or (a)(2).''.
    (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall apply to failures occurring on or after the date
of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 412. PAPERWORK AND OTHER CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER SANCTIONS PROGRAM.
    (a) Reducing the Number of Documents Accepted for Employment
Verification. -- Section 274A(b)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1324a(b)(1)) is amended--
             (1) in subparagraph (B)--
                      (A) by striking clauses (ii) through (iv),
                      (B) in clause (v), by striking ``or other alien
                 registration card, if the card' and inserting ``, alien
                 registration card, or other document designated by the
                 Attorney General, if the document'' and redesignating
                 such clause as clause (ii), and
                     (C) in clause (ii), as so redesignated--
(i) in subclause (I), by striking `or''
before ``such other personal identifying
information'' and inserting ``and'',
(ii) by striking ``and'' at the end of
                        subclause (I),
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                        (iii) by striking the period at the end of subclause (II) and inserting ``, and'', and
                            (iv) by adding at the end the following new
                        subclause:
                                        ``(III) contains security features
                                   to make it resistant to tampering,
                                   counterfeiting, and fraudulent use.'';
             (B) by striking clause (ii), and
                      (C) by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (ii);
                 and
             (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
                       \ \hat{\ }(E) Authority to prohibit use of certain
                 documents.--If the Attorney General finds, by
                 regulation, that any document described in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D) as establishing employment
                 authorization or identity does not reliably establish
                 such authorization or identity or is being used
                 fraudulently to an unacceptable degree, the Attorney
                 General may prohibit or place conditions on its use for
                 purposes of this subsection.''
    (b) Reduction of Paperwork for Certain Employees.--Section 274A(a)
(8 U.S.C. 1324a(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:
             ``(6) Treatment of documentation for certain employees.--
                        `(A) In general.--For purposes of this section,
                             ``(i) an individual is a member of a
                        collective-bargaining unit and is employed, under
                        a collective bargaining agreement entered into
                        between one or more employee organizations and an
                        association of two or more employers, by an
                        employer that is a member of such association, and
                             \dot{} (ii) within the period specified in
                        subparagraph (B), another employer that is a
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member of the association (or an agent of such
                        association on behalf of the employer) has
                        complied with the requirements of subsection (b)
                        with respect to the employment of the individual,
                 the subsequent employer shall be deemed to have complied
                 with the requirements of subsection (b) with respect to
the hiring of the employee and shall not be liable for
                 civil penalties described in subsection (e)(5).
                        (B) Period. -- The period described in this
                 subparagraph is 3 years, or, if less, the period of time
                  that the individual is authorized to be employed in the
                       `(C) Liability.--
                             ``(i) In general.--If any employer that is a
                        member of an association hires for employment in
                        the United States an individual and relies upon
                        the provisions of subparagraph (A) to comply with
                        the requirements of subsection (b) and the
                        individual is an alien not authorized to work in
                        the United States, then for the purposes of
                        paragraph (1)(A), subject to clause (ii), the
                        employer shall be presumed to have known at the
                        time of hiring or afterward that the individual
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                        was an alien not authorized to work in the United
                        States. ``(ii) Rebuttal of presumption.--The
                        presumption established by clause (i) may be rebutted by the employer only through the
                        presentation of clear and convincing evidence that
                        the employer did not know (and could not
                        reasonably have known) that the individual at the
                        time of hiring or afterward was an alien not
                        authorized to work in the United States.
                             ``(iii) Exception. -- Clause (i) shall not apply
                        in any prosecution under subsection (f)(1).''
    (c) Elimination of Dated Provisions. -- Section 274A (8 U.S.C. 1324a)
is amended by striking subsections (i) through (n).
    (d) Clarification of Application to Federal Government. -- Section
274A(a) (8 U.S.C. 1324a(a)), as amended by subsection (b), is amended by
adding at the end the following new paragraph:
               (7) Application to federal government. -- For purposes of
         this section, the term `entity' includes an entity in any branch
         of the Federal Government.''.
    (e) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Dates.-
             (1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with
        respect to hiring (or recruitment or referral) occurring on or
         after such date (not later than 12 months after the date of the
         enactment of this Act) as the Attorney General shall designate.
         (2) The amendment made by subsection (b) shall apply to individuals hired on or after 60 days after the date of the
         enactment of this Act.
             (3) The amendment made by subsection (c) shall take effect
         on the date of the enactment of this Act.
             (4) The amendment made by subsection (d) applies to hiring
         occurring before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this
         Act, but no penalty shall be imposed under subsection (e) or (f)
         of section 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act for such
        hiring occurring before such date.
SEC. 413. REPORT ON ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY OR RESOURCES NEEDED FOR
             ENFORCEMENT OF EMPLOYER SANCTIONS PROVISIONS.
    (a) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324a note.&gt;&gt; In General.--Not later than 1 year
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of
Representatives and of the Senate a report on any additional authority
or resources needed--
             (1) by the Immigration and Naturalization Service in order
         to enforce section 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
        (2) by Federal agencies in order to carry out the Executive Order of February 13, 1996 (entitled ``Economy and Efficiency in
        Government Procurement Through Compliance with Certain
         Immigration and Naturalization Act Provisions'') and to expand
        the restrictions in such order to cover agricultural subsidies, grants, job training programs, and other Federally subsidized
         assistance programs.
    (b) Reference to Increased Authorization of Appropriations. -- For
provision increasing the authorization of appropriations
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for investigators for violations of sections 274 and 274A of the
Immigration and Nationality Act, see section 131 of this division.
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SEC. 414. REPORTS ON EARNINGS OF ALIENS NOT AUTHORIZED TO WORK.

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(a) In General. -- Subsection (c) of section 290 (8 U.S.C. 1360) is
amended to read as follows:
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`(c)(1) Not later than 3 months after the end of each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1996), the Commissioner of Social Security shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate on the aggregate quantity of social security account numbers issued to aliens not authorized to be employed, with respect to which, in such fiscal year, earnings were reported to the Social Security Administration.

`(2) If earnings are reported on or after January 1, 1997, to the Social Security Administration on a social security account number issued to an alien not authorized to work in the United States, the Commissioner of Social Security shall provide the Attorney General with information regarding the name and address of the alien, the name and address of the person reporting the earnings, and the amount of the earnings. The information shall be provided in an electronic form agreed upon by the Commissioner and the Attorney General.''.

(b) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1360 note. &gt; &gt; Report on Fraudulent Use of Social Security Account Numbers. -- The Commissioner of Social Security shall transmit to the Attorney General, by not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report on the extent to which social security account numbers and cards are used by aliens for fraudulent purposes.

SEC. 415. AUTHORIZING MAINTENANCE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION ON ALIENS.

Section 264 (8 U.S.C. 1304) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Attorney General is authorized to require any alien to provide the alien's social security account number for purposes of inclusion in any record of the alien maintained by the Attorney General or the Service.''.

SEC. 416. SUBPOENA AUTHORITY.

- Section 274A(e)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1324a(e)(2)) is amended-- (1) by striking ``and'' at the end of subparagraph (A);
  - (2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting ``, and''; and
    - (3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following: ``(C) immigration officers designated by the Commissioner may compel by subpoena the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence at any designated place prior to the filing of a complaint in a case under paragraph (2).''.

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Subtitle C--Unfair Immigration-Related Employment Practices

SEC. 421. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTARY PRACTICES AS UNFAIR IMMIGRATION-RELATED EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES.

(a) In General.--Section 274B(a)(6) (8 U.S.C. 1324b(a)(6)) is amended-

- (1) by striking ``For purposes of paragraph (1), a'' and
  inserting ``A''; and
   (2) by striking ``relating to the hiring of individuals''
  and inserting the following: ``if made for the purpose or with the intent of discriminating against an individual in violation of paragraph (1)''.
- (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1324b note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to requests made on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE V--RESTRICTIONS ON BENEFITS FOR ALIENS

Subtitle A--Eligibility of Aliens for Public Assistance and Benefits

SEC. 501. EXCEPTION TO INELIGIBILITY FOR PUBLIC BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN BATTERED ALIENS.

Section 431 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1641) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

`(c) Treatment of Certain Battered Aliens as Qualified Aliens.--For purposes of this title, the term `qualified alien' includes--``(1) an alien who--

cruelty in the United States by a spouse or a parent, or by a member of the spouse or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien and the spouse or parent

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consented to, or acquiesced in, such battery or cruelty,
                but only if (in the opinion of the Attorney General,
                which opinion is not subject to review by any court)
                there is a substantial connection between such battery
                or cruelty and the need for the benefits to be provided;
                and
                    ``(B) has been approved or has a petition pending
                which sets forth a prima facie case for--
``(i) status as a spouse or a child of a
                       United States citizen pursuant to clause (ii),
                       (iii), or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A) of the
                       Immigration and Nationality Act,
                            `(ii) classification pursuant to clause (ii)
                       or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of the Act,
                            `(iii) suspension of deportation and
                       adjustment of status pursuant to section 244(a)(3)
                      of such Act, or
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                           ``(iv) status as a spouse or child of a United
                       States citizen pursuant to clause (i) of section
                       204(a)(1)(A) of such Act, or classification
                      pursuant to clause (i) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of
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204(a)(1)(A) of such Act, or classification
pursuant to clause (i) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of
such Act; or

``(2) an alien- ``(A) whose child has been battered or subjected to
extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or a
parent of the alien (without the active participation of

parent of the aften (without the active participation of the alien in the battery or cruelty), or by a member of the spouse or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien and the spouse or parent consented or acquiesced to such battery or cruelty, and the alien did not actively participate in such battery or cruelty, but only if (in the opinion of the Attorney General, which opinion is not subject to review by any court) there is a substantial connection between such battery or cruelty and the need for the benefits to be provided; and

``(B) who meets the requirement of clause (ii) of subparagraph (A).

This subsection shall not apply to an alien during any period in which the individual responsible for such battery or cruelty resides in the same household or family eligibility unit as the individual subjected to such battery or cruelty.''.

- SEC. 502. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1621 note. &gt; &gt; PILOT PROGRAMS ON LIMITING ISSUANCE OF DRIVER'S LICENSES TO ILLEGAL ALIENS.
- (a) In General.--Pursuant to guidelines prescribed by the Attorney General not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, all States may conduct pilot programs within their State to determine the viability, advisability, and cost-effectiveness of the State's denying driver's licenses to aliens who are not lawfully present in the United States. Under a pilot program a State may deny a driver's license to aliens who are not lawfully present in the United States. Such program shall be conducted in cooperation with relevant State and local authorities.
- (b) Report.--Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Judiciary Committees of the House of Representatives and of the Senate on the results of the pilot programs conducted under subsection (a).
- SEC. 503. INELIGIBILITY OF ALIENS NOT LAWFULLY PRESENT FOR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.
- (a) In General.--Section 202 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 402) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
  - ``Limitation on Payments to Aliens
- ``(y) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no monthly benefit under this title shall be payable to any alien in the United States for any month during which such alien is not lawfully present in the United States as determined by the Attorney General ''
- States as determined by the Attorney General.''.

  (b) <&lt;NOTE: 42 USC 402 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to benefits for which applications are filed on or after the first day of the first month that begins at least 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 504. PROCEDURES FOR REQUIRING PROOF OF CITIZENSHIP FOR FEDERAL PUBLIC BENEFITS.

Section 432(a) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1642) is amended--

- (1) by inserting ``(1)'' after the dash, and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- ``(2) Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall also establish procedures for a person applying for a Federal public benefit (as defined in section 401(c)) to provide proof of citizenship in a fair and nondiscriminatory manner.''.
- SEC. 505. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1623.&gt;&gt; LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY FOR PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT OF ALIENS NOT LAWFULLY PRESENT ON BASIS OF RESIDENCE FOR HIGHER EDUCATION BENEFITS.
- (a) In General.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an alien who is not lawfully present in the United States shall not be eligible on the basis of residence within a State (or a political subdivision) for any postsecondary education benefit unless a citizen or national of the United States is eligible for such a benefit (in no less an amount, duration, and scope) without regard to whether the citizen or national is such a resident.
- (b) Effective Date.--This section shall apply to benefits provided on or after July 1, 1998.
- SEC. 506. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1611 note. &gt; &gt; STUDY AND REPORT ON ALIEN STUDENT ELIGIBILITY FOR POSTSECONDARY FEDERAL STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
  - (a) GAO Study and Report. --
    - (1) Study.--The Comptroller General shall conduct a study to determine the extent to which aliens who are not lawfully admitted for permanent residence are receiving postsecondary Federal student financial assistance.
    - (2) Report.--Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the Congress on the study conducted under paragraph (1).
  - (b) Report on Computer Matching Program .--
    - (1) In general.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Education and the Commissioner of Social Security shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of the Congress a report on the computer matching program of the Department of Education under section 484(p) of the Higher Education Act of 1965.
    - - (A) An assessment by the Secretary and the Commissioner of the effectiveness of the computer matching program, and a justification for such assessment.
      - (B) The ratio of successful matches under the program to inaccurate matches.
      - (C) Such other information as the Secretary and the Commissioner jointly consider appropriate.
- (c) Appropriate Committees of the Congress.—For purposes of this section the term ``appropriate committees of the Congress'' means the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities

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and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.

- SEC. 507. VERIFICATION OF IMMIGRATION STATUS FOR PURPOSES OF SOCIAL SECURITY AND HIGHER EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE.
- - ``(i) the State shall transmit to the Immigration and Naturalization Service either photostatic or other similar copies of such documents, or information from such documents, as specified by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, for official verification,''.
- (b) Eligibility for Assistance Under Higher Education Act of 1965.—Section 484(g)(4)(B)(i) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1091(g)(4)(B)(i)) is amended to read as follows:
  - ``(i) the institution shall transmit to the Immigration and Naturalization Service either photostatic or other similar copies of such documents, or information from such documents, as specified by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, for official verification,''.

SEC. 508. NO VERIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR NONPROFIT CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 432 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1642) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

`(d) No Verification Requirement for Nonprofit Charitable Organizations. -- Subject to subsection (a), a nonprofit charitable organization, in providing any Federal public benefit (as defined in section 401(c)) or any State or local public benefit (as defined in section 411(c)), is not required under this title to determine, verify, or otherwise require proof of eligibility of any applicant for such benefits.''

SEC. 509. GAO STUDY OF PROVISION OF MEANS-TESTED PUBLIC BENEFITS TO ALIENS WHO ARE NOT QUALIFIED ALIENS ON BEHALF OF ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate and to the Inspector General of the Department of Justice a report on the extent to which means-tested public benefits are being paid or provided to aliens who are not qualified aliens (as defined in section 431(b) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996) in order to provide such benefits to individuals who are United States citizens or qualified aliens (as so defined). Such report shall address the  $\,$ locations in which such benefits are provided and the incidence of fraud or misrepresentation in connection with the provision of such benefits.

SEC. 510. TRANSITION FOR ALIENS CURRENTLY RECEIVING BENEFITS UNDER THE FOOD STAMP PROGRAM.

Effective as if included in the enactment of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996,

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 $\verb|subclause (I) of section 402(a)(2)(D)(ii) (8 U.S.C. 1612(a)(2)(D)(ii))|\\$ is amended to read as follows:

``(I) In general.--With respect to the specified Federal program described in paragraph (3)(B), ineligibility under paragraph (1) shall not apply until April 1, 1997, to an alien who received benefits under such program on the date of enactment of this Act, unless such alien is determined to be ineligible to receive such benefits under the Food Stamp Act of 1977. The State agency shall recertify the eligibility of all such aliens during the period beginning April 1, 1997, and ending August 22, 1997.''.

Subtitle B--Public Charge Exclusion

SEC. 531. GROUND FOR EXCLUSION.

(a) In General.--Paragraph (4) of section 212(a) (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is amended to read as follows:

`(4) Public charge.--

`(A) In general.--Any alien who, in the opinion of the consular officer at the time of application for a visa, or in the opinion of the Attorney General at the time of application for admission or adjustment of status, is likely at any time to become a public charge is excludable.

``(B) Factors to be taken into account.--(i) In determining whether an alien is excludable under this paragraph, the consular officer or the Attorney General shall at a minimum consider the alien's-

- ``(I) age; ``(II) health;
- ``(III) family status;
- ``(IV) assets, resources, and financial

status; and

`(V) education and skills.

``(ii) In addition to the factors under clause (i), the consular officer or the Attorney General may also consider any affidavit of support under section 213A for purposes of exclusion under this paragraph.

`(C) Family-sponsored immigrants.--Any alien who seeks admission or adjustment of status under a visa number issued under section 201(b)(2) or 203(a) is excludable under this paragraph unless--

`(i) the alien has obtained--

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of a United States citizen pursuant to
                                 clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of section
                                204(a)(1)(A), or
``(II) classification pursuant to
                                 clause (ii) or (iii) of section
                                 204(a)(1)(B); or
                           ``(ii) the person petitioning for the alien's
                      admission (including any additional sponsor
                      required under section 213A(f)) has executed an
                      affidavit of support described in section 213A
                      with respect to such alien.
                     ``(D) Certain employment-based immigrants.--Any
                alien who seeks admission or adjustment of status under
                a visa number issued under section 203(b) by virtue of a
                classification petition filed by a relative of the alien
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                (or by an entity in which such relative has a
                significant ownership interest) is excludable under this
                paragraph unless such relative has executed an affidavit
                of support described in section 213A with respect to
    (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall apply to applications submitted on or after such
date, not earlier than 30 days and not later than 60 days after the date
the Attorney General promulgates under section 551(c)(2) of this
division a standard form for an affidavit of support, as the Attorney General shall specify, but subparagraphs (C) and (D) of section
212(a)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as so amended, shall
not apply to applications with respect to which an official interview
with an immigration officer was conducted before such effective date.
                    Subtitle C--Affidavits of Support
SEC. 551. REQUIREMENTS FOR SPONSOR'S AFFIDAVIT OF SUPPORT.
    (a) In General. -- Section 213A (8 U.S.C. 1183a), as inserted by
section 423(a) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity
       Reconciliation Act of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
    ``Sec. 213A. (a) Enforceability. --
              `(1) Terms of affidavit. -- No affidavit of support may be
        accepted by the Attorney General or by any consular officer to
        establish that an alien is not excludable as a public charge
        under section 212(a)(4) unless such affidavit is executed by a
        sponsor of the alien as a contract--
                     ``(A) in which the sponsor agrees to provide support
                to maintain the sponsored alien at an annual income that
                is not less than 125 percent of the Federal poverty line
                during the period in which the affidavit is enforceable;
                any State (or any political subdivision of such State),
                or by any other entity that provides any means-tested
                public benefit (as defined in subsection (e)),
                consistent with the provisions of this section; and
                      `(C) in which the sponsor agrees to submit to the
                jurisdiction of any Federal or State court for the
                purpose of actions brought under subsection (b)(2).
             ``(2) Period of enforceability.--An affidavit of support
        shall be enforceable with respect to benefits provided for an
        alien before the date the alien is naturalized as a citizen of
        the United States, or, if earlier, the termination date provided
        under paragraph (3).
              (3) Termination of period of enforceability upon
        completion of required period of employment, etc.--
``(A) In general.--An affidavit of support is not
                enforceable after such time as the alien (i) has worked
                40 qualifying quarters of coverage as defined under
                title II of the Social Security Act or can be credited
                with such qualifying quarters as provided under
                subparagraph (B), and (ii) in the case of any such
                qualifying quarter creditable for any period beginning
                after December 31, 1996, did
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                not receive any Federal means-tested public benefit (as
                provided under section 403 of the Personal
                Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act
                of 1996) during any such period.
                    ``(B) Qualifying quarters.--For purposes of this
                section, in determining the number of qualifying
                quarters of coverage under title II of the Social
                Security Act an alien shall be credited with--
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``(I) status as a spouse or a child

``(i) all of the qualifying quarters of coverage as defined under title II of the Social Security Act worked by a parent of such alien while the alien was under age 18, and ``(ii) all of the qualifying quarters worked by a spouse of such alien during their marriage and the alien remains married to such spouse or such spouse is deceased.

No such qualifying quarter of coverage that is creditable under title II of the Social Security Act for any period beginning after December 31, 1996, may be credited to an alien under clause (i) or (ii) if the parent or spouse (as the case may be) of such alien received any Federal means-tested public benefit (as provided under section 403 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996) during the period for which such qualifying quarter of coverage is so credited.

``(C) Provision of information to save system.--The Attorney General shall ensure that appropriate information regarding the application of this paragraph is provided to the system for alien verification of eligibility (SAVE) described in section 1137(d)(3) of the Social Security Act.

## ``(b) Reimbursement of Government Expenses.--

`(1) Request for reimbursement.- ``(A) Requirement.--Upon notification that a sponsored alien has received any means-tested public benefit, the appropriate nongovernmental entity which provided such benefit or the appropriate entity of the Federal Government, a State, or any political subdivision of a State shall request reimbursement by the sponsor in an amount which is equal to the unreimbursed costs of such benefit.

``(B) Regulations.--The Attorney General, in consultation with the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out subparagraph (A).

``(2) Actions to compel reimbursement.--

``(A) In case of nonresponse.--If within 45 days after a request for reimbursement under paragraph (1)(A), the appropriate entity has not received a response from the sponsor indicating a willingness to commence payment an action may be brought against the sponsor pursuant to the affidavit of support.

`(B) In case of failure to pay.--If the sponsor fails to abide by the repayment terms established by the appropriate entity, the entity may bring an action against the sponsor pursuant to the affidavit of support.

``(C) Limitation on actions.--No cause of action may be brought under this paragraph later than 10 years after

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the date on which the sponsored alien last received any means-tested public benefit to which the affidavit of support applies.

``(3) Use of collection agencies.--If the appropriate entity under paragraph (1)(A) requests reimbursement from the sponsor or brings an action against the sponsor pursuant to the affidavit of support, the appropriate entity may appoint or hire an individual or other person to act on behalf of such entity acting under the authority of law for purposes of collecting any amounts owed.

``(c) Remedies.--Remedies available to enforce an affidavit of support under this section include any or all of the remedies described in section 3201, 3203, 3204, or 3205 of title 28, United States Code, as well as an order for specific performance and payment of legal fees and other costs of collection, and include corresponding remedies available under State

law. A Federal agency may seek to collect amounts owed under this section in accordance with the provisions of subchapter II of chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code.

# ``(d) Notification of Change of Address.--

``(1) General requirement.--The sponsor shall notify the Attorney General and the State in which the sponsored alien is currently a resident within 30 days of any change of address of the sponsor during the period in which an affidavit of support is enforceable.

``(2) Penalty.--Any person subject to the requirement of paragraph (1) who fails to satisfy such requirement shall, after notice and opportunity to be heard, be subject to a civil penalty of--

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``(A) not less than $250 or more than $2,000, or
                     ``(B) if such failure occurs with knowledge that the
                sponsored alien has received any means-tested public
                benefits (other than benefits described in section
                401(b), 403(c)(2), or 411(b) of the Personal
                Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996) not less than $2,000 or more than $5,000.
        The Attorney General shall enforce this paragraph under
        appropriate regulations.
    ``(e) Jurisdiction. -- An action to enforce an affidavit of support
executed under subsection (a) may be brought against the sponsor in any
appropriate court --
             ``(1) by a sponsored alien, with respect to financial
        support; or
              `(2) by the appropriate entity of the Federal Government, a
        State or any political subdivision of a State, or by any other % \left\{ 1,2,...,n\right\}
        nongovernmental entity under subsection (b)(2), with respect to
        reimbursement.
    ``(f) Sponsor Defined.-
             ``(1) In general.--For purposes of this section the term
        `sponsor' in relation to a sponsored alien means an individual
        who executes an affidavit of support with respect to the
        sponsored alien and who --
                     ``(A) is a citizen or national of the United States
                or an alien who is lawfully admitted to the United
                States for permanent residence; ``(B) is at least 18 years of age;
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                     ``(C) is domiciled in any of the several States of
                the United States, the District of Columbia, or any
                territory or possession of the United States;
                     ``(D) is petitioning for the admission of the alien
                 under section 204; and
   ``(E) demonstrates (as provided in paragraph (6))
                the means to maintain an annual income equal to at least
                125 percent of the Federal poverty line.
             ``(2) Income requirement case.--Such term also includes an
        individual who does not meet the requirement of paragraph (1)(E)
        but accepts joint and several liability together with an
        individual under paragraph (5).
              (3) Active duty armed services case. -- Such term also
        includes an individual who does not meet the requirement of
        paragraph (1)(E) but is on active duty (other than active duty
        for training) in the Armed Forces of the United States, is
        petitioning for the admission of the alien under section 204 as
        the spouse or child of the individual, and demonstrates (as
        provided in paragraph (6)) the means to maintain an annual
        income equal to at least 100 percent of the Federal poverty
        line.
``(4) Certain employment-based immigrants case.--Such term
        also includes an individual --
                       (A) who does not meet the requirement of paragraph
                 (1)(D), but is the relative of the sponsored alien who
                filed a classification petition for the sponsored alien
                as an employment-based immigrant under section 203(b) or
                who has a significant ownership interest in the entity
                 that filed such a petition; and
                      `(B)(i) who demonstrates (as provided under
                paragraph (6)) the means to maintain an annual income
                equal to at least 125 percent of the Federal poverty
                line, or $``(ii)$ does not meet the requirement of paragraph
                (1)(E) but accepts joint and several liability together with an individual under paragraph (5).
             ``(5) Non-petitioning case.--Such term also includes an
        individual who does not meet the requirement of paragraph (1)(D)
        but who accepts joint and several liability with a petitioning
        sponsor under paragraph (2) or relative of an employment-based
        immigrant under paragraph (4) and who demonstrates (as provided
        under paragraph (6)) the means to maintain an annual income
        equal to at least 125 percent of the Federal poverty line.
              `(6) Demonstration of means to maintain income. --
                      `(A) In general.--
                             `(i) Method of demonstration. -- For purposes
                       of this section, a demonstration of the means to
                       maintain income shall include provision of a
                       certified copy of the individual's Federal income
                       tax return for the individual's 3 most recent
                       taxable years and a written statement, executed
                       under oath or as permitted under penalty of
                       perjury under section 1746 of title 28, United
                       States Code, that the copies are certified copies
                       of such returns.
                             `(ii) Flexibility .-- For purposes of this
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section, aliens may demonstrate the means to maintain income

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through demonstration of significant assets of the sponsored alien or of the sponsor, if such assets are available for the support of the sponsored alien.

alien.
 ``(iii) Percent of poverty.--For purposes of this section, a reference to an annual income equal to at least a particular percentage of the Federal poverty line means an annual income equal to at least such percentage of the Federal poverty line for a family unit of a size equal to the number of members of the sponsor's household (including family and non-family dependents) plus the total number of other dependents and aliens sponsored by that sponsor.

``(B) Limitation.--The Secretary of State, or the Attorney General in the case of adjustment of status, may provide that the demonstration under subparagraph (A) applies only to the most recent taxable year.

- ``(h) Federal Poverty Line Defined.--For purposes of this section, the term `Federal poverty line' means the level of income equal to the official poverty line (as defined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, as revised annually by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in accordance with section 673(2) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 9902)) that is applicable to a family of the size involved.
- ``(i) Sponsor's Social Security Account Number Required To Be Provided.—-(1) An affidavit of support shall include the social security account number of each sponsor.
- ``(2) The Attorney General shall develop an automated system to maintain the social security account number data provided under paragraph (1).
- ``(3) The Attorney General shall submit an annual report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate setting forth--  $\,$ 
  - ``(A) for the most recent fiscal year for which data are available the number of sponsors under this section and the number of sponsors in compliance with the financial obligations of this section; and
  - ``(B) a comparison of such numbers with the numbers of such sponsors for the preceding fiscal year.''.
  - (b) Conforming Amendments.--
    - (1) Section 421(a)(1) and section 422(a)(1) of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631(a)(1), 1632(a)(1)) are each amended by inserting `and as amended by section 551(a) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996' after `section 423'.
    - (2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1183a note.&gt;&gt; Section 423 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1138a note) is amended by striking subsection (c).
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1183a note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date; Promulgation of Form.--
  - (1) In general.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to affidavits of support executed on or after a date specified by the Attorney General, which date shall be not earlier than 60 days (and not later than 90 days) after the date the Attorney General formulates the form for such affidavits under paragraph (2).
  - (2) Promulgation of form.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the heads of other appropriate agencies,

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shall promulgate a standard form for an affidavit of support consistent with the provisions of section 213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by subsection (a).

SEC. 552. INDIGENCE AND BATTERED SPOUSE AND CHILD EXCEPTIONS TO FEDERAL ATTRIBUTION OF INCOME RULE.

Section 421 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

``(e) Indigence Exception.--

``(1) In general.--For an alien for whom an affidavit of support under section 213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act has been executed, if a determination described in paragraph (2) is made, the amount of income and resources of the sponsor or the sponsor's spouse which shall be attributed to the sponsored alien shall not exceed the amount actually provided

for a period beginning on the date of such determination and ending 12 months after such date.
``(2) Determination described.--A determination described in

``(2) Determination described.--A determination described in this paragraph is a determination by an agency that a sponsored alien would, in the absence of the assistance provided by the agency, be unable to obtain food and shelter, taking into account the alien's own income, plus any cash, food, housing, or other assistance provided by other individuals, including the sponsor. The agency shall notify the Attorney General of each such determination, including the names of the sponsor and the sponsored alien involved.

``(f) Special Rule for Battered Spouse and Child.- ``(1) In general.--Subject to paragraph (2) and
notwithstanding any other provision of this section, subsection
 (a) shall not apply to benefits--

(a) shall not apply to benefits--``(A) during a 12 month period if the alien demonstrates that (i) the alien has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by  $\boldsymbol{a}$ spouse or a parent, or by a member of the spouse or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien and the spouse or parent consented to or acquiesced to such battery or cruelty, or (ii) the alien's child has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by the spouse or parent of the alien (without the active participation of the alien in the battery or cruelty), or by a member of the spouse's or parent's family residing in the same household as the alien when the spouse or parent consented or acquiesced to and the alien did not actively participate in such battery or cruelty, and the battery or cruelty described in clause (i) or (ii) (in the opinion of the agency providing such public benefits, which opinion is not subject to review by any court) has a substantial connection to the need for the public benefits applied for; and

``(B) after a 12 month period (regarding the batterer's income and resources only) if the alien demonstrates that such battery or cruelty under subparagraph (A) has been recognized in an order of a judge or administrative law judge or a prior determination of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, and that such battery or cruelty (in the opinion of the agency providing such public benefits,

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which opinion is not subject to review by any court) has a substantial connection to the need for the benefits. ``(2) Limitation.--The exception under paragraph (1) shall not apply to benefits for an alien during any period in which the individual responsible for such battery or cruelty resides in the same household or family eligibility unit as the individual who was subjected to such battery or cruelty.''.

SEC. 553. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1624.&gt;&gt; AUTHORITY OF STATES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF STATES TO LIMIT ASSISTANCE TO ALIENS AND TO DISTINGUISH AMONG CLASSES OF ALIENS IN PROVIDING GENERAL CASH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b) and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a State or political subdivision of a State is authorized to prohibit or otherwise limit or restrict the eligibility of aliens or classes of aliens for programs of general cash public assistance furnished under the law of the State or a political subdivision of a State.

(b) Limitation.—The authority provided for under subsection (a) may be exercised only to the extent that any prohibitions, limitations, or restrictions imposed by a State or political subdivision of a State are not more restrictive than the prohibitions, limitations, or restrictions imposed under comparable Federal programs. For purposes of this section, attribution to an alien of a sponsor's income and resources (as described in section 421 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631)) for purposes of determining eligibility for, and the amount of, benefits shall be considered less restrictive than a prohibition of eligibility for such benefits

Subtitle D--Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 561. INCREASED MAXIMUM CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR FORGING OR
COUNTERFEITING SEAL OF A FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY TO
FACILITATE BENEFIT FRAUD BY AN UNLAWFUL ALIEN.

Section 506 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

``Sec. 506. Seals of departments or agencies

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``(a) Whoever--
              `(1) falsely makes, forges, counterfeits, mutilates, or
        alters the seal of any department or agency of the United
        States, or any facsimile thereof;
        ``(2) knowingly uses, affixes, or impresses any such fraudulently made, forged, counterfeited, mutilated, or altered
        seal or facsimile thereof to or upon any certificate,
        instrument, commission, document, or paper of any description;
            ``(3) with fraudulent intent, possesses, sells, offers for
        sale, furnishes, offers to furnish, gives away, offers to give
        away, transports, offers to transport, imports, or offers to
        import any such seal or facsimile thereof, knowing the same to
        have been so falsely made, forged, counterfeited, mutilated, or
        altered.
shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or
both.
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-682]]
     ``(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) or any other provision of law,
if a forged, counterfeited, mutilated, or altered seal of a department
or agency of the United States, or any facsimile thereof, is-
             ``(1) so forged, counterfeited, mutilated, or altered;
``(2) used, affixed, or impressed to or upon any
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certificate, instrument, commission, document, or paper of any description; or

 $\hat{}$  (3) with fraudulent intent, possessed, sold, offered for sale, furnished, offered to furnish, given away, offered to give away, transported, offered to transport, imported, or offered to import,

with the intent or effect of facilitating an alien's application for, or receipt of, a Federal benefit to which the alien is not entitled, the penalties which may be imposed for each offense under subsection (a) shall be two times the maximum fine, and 3 times the maximum term of imprisonment, or both, that would otherwise be imposed for an offense under subsection (a).

`(c) For purposes of this section--

(1) the term 'Federal benefit' means- ``(A) the issuance of any grant, contract, loan,
 professional license, or commercial license provided by any agency of the United States or by appropriated funds of the United States; and

``(B) any retirement, welfare, Social Security, health (including treatment of an emergency medical condition in accordance with section 1903(v) of the Social Security Act (19 U.S.C. 1396b(v))), disability, veterans, public housing, education, food stamps, or unemployment benefit, or any similar benefit for which payments or assistance are provided by an agency of the United States or by appropriated funds of the United States; and

``(2) each instance of forgery, counterfeiting, mutilation, or alteration shall constitute a separate offense under this

SEC. 562. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1369.&gt;&gt; TREATMENT OF EXPENSES SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES EXCEPTION.

- (a) In General. -- Subject to such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts, each State or political subdivision of a State that provides medical assistance for care and treatment of an emergency medical condition (as defined in subsection (d)) through a public hospital or other public facility (including a nonprofit hospital that is eligible for an additional payment adjustment under section 1886 of the Social Security Act) or through contract with another hospital or facility to an individual who is an alien not lawfully present in the United States is eligible for payment from the Federal Government of its costs of providing such services, but only to the extent that such costs are not otherwise reimbursed through any other Federal program and cannot be recovered from the alien or another person.
- (b) Confirmation of Immigration Status Required. -- No payment shall be made under this section with respect to services furnished to an individual unless the immigration status of the individual has been verified through appropriate procedures established by the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Attorney General.

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- (c) Administration. -- This section shall be administered by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human
- (d) Emergency Medical Condition Defined. -- For purposes of this section, the term ``emergency medical condition'' means a medical condition (including emergency labor and delivery) manifesting itself by

acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in--

- (1) placing the patient's health in serious jeopardy,
- (2) serious impairment to bodily functions, or
- (3) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.
- (e) Effective Date.--Subsection (a) shall apply to medical assistance for care and treatment of an emergency medical condition furnished on or after January 1, 1997.
- SEC. 563. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1370. &gt; &gt; REIMBURSEMENT OF STATES AND LOCALITIES FOR EMERGENCY AMBULANCE SERVICES.

Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Attorney General shall fully reimburse States and political subdivisions of States for costs incurred by such a State or subdivision for emergency ambulance services provided to any alien who--

- (1) is injured while crossing a land or sea border of the United States without inspection or at any time or place other than as designated by the Attorney General; and
- (2) is under the custody of the State or subdivision pursuant to a transfer, request, or other action by a Federal authority.
- SEC. 564. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1183a note. &gt; &gt; PILOT PROGRAMS TO REQUIRE BONDING.
  - (a) In General. --
    - (1) The Attorney General of the United States shall establish a pilot program in 5 district offices of the Immigration and Naturalization Service to require aliens to post a bond in addition to the affidavit requirements under section 213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act and the deeming requirements under section 421 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1631). Any pilot program established pursuant to this subsection shall require an alien to post a bond in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of benefits described in section 213A(d)(2)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by section 551(a) of this division) for the alien and the alien's dependents and shall remain in effect until the departure, naturalization, or death of the alien.
    - (2) Suit on any such bonds may be brought under the terms and conditions set forth in section 213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (b) Regulations.--Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall issue regulations for establishing the pilot programs, including--
  - (1) criteria and procedures for--
    - (A) certifying bonding companies for participation
    - in the program, and
    - $\ensuremath{(B)}$  debarment of any such company that fails to pay a bond, and
  - (2) criteria for setting the amount of the bond to assure that the bond is in an amount that is not less than the cost

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of providing benefits under the programs described in subsection  $(a)\,(1)$  for the alien and the alien's dependents for 6 months.

- (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- (d) Annual Reporting Requirement.--Beginning 9 months after the date of implementation of the pilot program, the Attorney General shall submit annually to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report on the effectiveness of the program. The Attorney General shall submit a final evaluation of the program not later than 1 year after termination.
- (e) Sunset.--The pilot program under this section shall terminate after 3 years of operation.
- (f) Bonds in Addition to Sponsorship and Deeming Requirements.—Section 213 (8 U.S.C. 1183) is amended by inserting ``(subject to the affidavit of support requirement and attribution of sponsor's income and resources under section 213A)'' after ``in the discretion of the Attorney General''.
- SEC. 565. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1371.&gt;&gt; REPORTS.

Not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Inspector General of the Department of Justice and the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate describing the following:

(1) Public charge deportations.—The number of aliens deported on public charge grounds under section 241(a)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act during the previous fiscal year.

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(2) Indigent sponsors. -- The number of determinations made
        under section 421(e) of the Personal Responsibility and Work
        Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (as added by section 552
        of this division) during the previous fiscal year.
            (3) Reimbursement actions.--The number of actions brought,
        and the amount of each action, for reimbursement under section
        213A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (including private
        collections) for the costs of providing public benefits.
Subtitle E--Housing Assistance <&lt;NOTE: Use of Assisted Housing by Aliens
Act of 1996. 42 USC 1436a note.>>
SEC. 571. SHORT TITLE.
    This subtitle may be cited as the ``Use of Assisted Housing by
Aliens Act of 1996''.
SEC. 572. PRORATING OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
    Section 214(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980
(42 U.S.C. 1436a(b)) is amended--
            (1) by inserting ``(1)'' after ``(b)''; and
            (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
    \cdot (2) If the eligibility for financial assistance of at least one
member of a family has been affirmatively established under the program
of financial assistance and under this section, and the ineligibility of
one or more family members has not been affirmatively established under
this section, any financial assistance \ensuremath{\mathsf{made}}
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available to that family by the Secretary of Housing and Urban
Development shall be prorated, based on the number of individuals in the
family for whom eligibility has been affirmatively established under the
program of financial assistance and under this section, as compared with
the total number of individuals who are members of the family.''.
SEC. 573. ACTIONS IN CASES OF TERMINATION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
    Section 214(c)(1) of the Housing and Community Development Act of
1980 (42 U.S.C. 1436a(c)(1)) is amended--
            (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking
        ``may, in its discretion,'' and inserting ``shall'';
            (2) in subparagraph (A), by adding at the end the following:
        ``Financial assistance continued under this subparagraph for a
        family may be provided only on a prorated basis, under which the
        amount of financial assistance is based on the percentage of the
        total number of members of the family that are eligible for that
        assistance under the program of financial assistance and under
        this section.''; and
            (3) in subparagraph (B)--
                    (A) by striking ``3 years'' and inserting ``18-
                months!';
                    (B) by inserting ``(i)'' after ``(B)'';
(C) by striking ``Any deferral'' and inserting the
                following:
                     `(ii) Except as provided in clause (iii), any
                deferral''; and
                     (D) by adding at the end the following new clauses:
                     ``(iii) The time period described in clause (ii)
                shall not apply in the case of a refugee under section
                207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or an
                individual seeking asylum under section 208 of that
                Act.''.
SEC. 574. VERIFICATION OF IMMIGRATION STATUS AND ELIGIBILITY FOR
            FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
    Section 214(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980
(42 U.S.C. 1436a(d)) is amended--
        (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting ``or to be'' after ``being'';
           (2) in paragraph (1)(A), by adding at the end the following:
        `If the declaration states that the individual is not a citizen
        or national of the United States and that the individual is
        younger than 62 years of age, the declaration shall be verified
        by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. If the
        declaration states that the individual is a citizen or national
        of the United States, the Secretary of Housing and Urban \,
        Development, or the agency administering assistance covered by
        this section, may request verification of the declaration by requiring presentation of documentation that the Secretary
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considers appropriate, including a United States passport, resident alien card, alien registration card, social security

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by

card, or other documentation.'';
 (3) in paragraph (2)--

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striking ``on the date of the enactment of the Housing
                 and Community Development Act of 1987'' and inserting
                  `on the date of enactment of the Use of Assisted
                 Housing
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                 by Aliens Act of 1996 or applying for financial
                 assistance on or after that date''; and
                     (B) by adding at the end the following:
``In the case of an individual applying for financial assistance on or
after the date of enactment of the Use of Assisted Housing by Aliens Act
of 1996, the Secretary may not provide any such assistance for the
benefit of that individual before documentation is presented and
verified under paragraph (3) or (4).'';
            (4) in paragraph (4)--
                 (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ``on the date of the enactment of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987'' and inserting
                  on the date of enactment of the Use of Assisted
                 Housing by Aliens Act of 1996 or applying for financial
                 assistance on or after that date'';
                     (B) in subparagraph (A) --
                           (i) in clause (i)--
                                  (I) by inserting ``, not to exceed 30 days,'' after ``reasonable opportunity''; and (II) by striking ``and'' at the end;
                                  and
                            (ii) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
                       following:
                            ``(ii) in the case of any individual receiving
                       assistance on the date of enactment of the Use of
                       Assisted Housing by Aliens Act of 1996, may not
                       delay, deny, reduce, or terminate the eligibility
                       of that individual for financial assistance on the
of the immigration status of that individual until the expiration of
that 30-day period; and
                            ``(iii) in the case of any individual applying
                       for financial assistance on or after the date of
                       enactment of the Use of Assisted Housing by Aliens
                       Act of 1996, may not deny the application for such
                       assistance on the basis of the immigration status
                       of that individual until the expiration of that
                       30-day period; and''; and
                     (C) in subparagraph (B), by striking clause (ii) and
                 inserting the following:
                            ``(ii) pending such verification or appeal,
                       the Secretary may not--
                                       ``(I) in the case of any individual
                                  receiving assistance on the date of
                                  enactment of the Use of Assisted Housing
by Aliens Act of 1996, delay, deny,
                                  reduce, or terminate the eligibility of
                                  that individual for financial assistance
                                  on the basis of the immigration status
                                  of that individual; and
                                       ``(II) in the case of any individual
                                  applying for financial assistance on or
                                  after the date of enactment of the Use
                                  of Assisted Housing by Aliens Act of
                                  1996, deny the application for such
                                  assistance on the basis of the
                                  immigration status of that individual;
                                  and'';
            (5) in paragraph (5), by striking ``status--'' and all that
        follows through the end of the paragraph and inserting the
        following: ``status, the Secretary shall--
                     ``(A) deny the application of that individual for
                 financial assistance or terminate the eligibility of
                 that individual for financial assistance, as applicable;
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                     hearing during the 30-day period beginning upon receipt
                 of the notice under subparagraph (C); and
                 "(C) provide to the individual written notice of
the determination under this paragraph, the right to a
                 fair hearing process, and the time limitation for
                 requesting a hearing under subparagraph (C).''; and
             (6) by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the following:
             ``(6) The Secretary shall terminate the eligibility for
        financial assistance of an individual and the members of the
        household of the individual, for a period of not less than 24
        months, upon determining that such individual has knowingly
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permitted another individual who is not eligible for such assistance to reside in the public or assisted housing unit of the individual. This provision shall not apply to a family if the ineligibility of the ineligible individual at issue was considered in calculating any proration of assistance provided for the family.''.

SEC. 575. PROHIBITION OF SANCTIONS AGAINST ENTITIES MAKING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.

Section 214(e) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 1436a(e)) is amended--

- (1) in paragraph (2), by adding ``or'' at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end the following:
  ``the response from the Immigration and Naturalization Service
  to the appeal of that individual.''; and
  - (3) by striking paragraph (4).

SEC. 576. ELIGIBILITY FOR PUBLIC AND ASSISTED HOUSING.

Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 1436a) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

``(h) Verification of Eligibility .--

``(1) In general.--Except in the case of an election under paragraph (2)(A), no individual or family applying for financial assistance may receive such financial assistance prior to the affirmative establishment and verification of eligibility of at least the individual or one family member under this section by the Secretary or other appropriate entity.

"(B) in complying with this section—
 "(i) may initiate procedures to affirmatively establish or verify the eligibility of an individual or family under this section at any time at which the public housing agency determines that such eligibility is in question, regardless of whether or not that individual or family is at or near the top of the waiting list of the public housing agency;

``(ii) may affirmatively establish or verify the eligibility of an individual or family under this section in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 274A(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and

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``(iii) shall have access to any relevant information contained in the SAVE system (or any successor thereto) that relates to any individual or family applying for financial assistance.
``(3) Eligibility of families.--For purposes of this subsection, with respect to a family, the term `eligibility' means the eligibility of each family member.''.

SEC. 577. <&lt;NOTE: 42 USC 1436a note.&gt;&gt; REGULATIONS.

(a) Issuance.--Not later than the 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall issue any regulations necessary to implement the amendments made by this part. Such regulations shall be issued in the form of an interim final rule, which shall take effect upon issuance and shall not be subject to the provisions of section 533 of title 5, United States Code, regarding notice or opportunity for comment.

(b) Failure To Issue.--If the Secretary fails to issue the regulations required under subsection (a) before the date specified in that subsection, the regulations relating to restrictions on assistance to noncitizens, contained in the final rule issued by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development in RIN-2501-AA63 (Docket No. R-95-1409; FR-2383-F-050), published in the Federal Register on March 20, 1995 (Vol. 60, No. 53; pp. 14824-14861), shall not apply after that date.

Subtitle F--General Provisions <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt;

SEC 591 EFFECTIVE DATES

Except as provided in this title, this title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 592. NOT APPLICABLE TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.

This title does not apply to any Federal, State, or local governmental program, assistance, or benefits provided to an alien under

any program of foreign assistance as determined by the Secretary of State in consultation with the Attorney General.

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SEC. 593. NOTIFICATION.
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- (a) In General.--Each agency of the Federal Government or a State or political subdivision that administers a program affected by the provisions of this title, shall, directly or through the States, provide general notification to the public and to program recipients of the changes regarding eligibility for any such program pursuant to this title.
- (b) Failure To Give Notice.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to require or authorize continuation of eligibility if the notice under this section is not provided.

#### SEC. 594. DEFINITIONS.

Except as otherwise provided in this title, for purposes of this title--

(1) the terms ``alien'', ``Attorney General'', ``national'', ``naturalization'', ``State'', and ``United States'' shall have the meaning given such terms in section 101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and

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(2) the term ``child'' shall have the meaning given such term in section 101(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

TITLE VI -- MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Subtitle A--Refugees, Parole, and Asylum

- SEC. 601. PERSECUTION FOR RESISTANCE TO COERCIVE POPULATION CONTROL METHODS.
  - (a) Definition of Refugee .--
    - (1) Section 101(a)(42) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(42)) is amended by adding at the end the following: `For purposes of determinations under this Act, a person who has been forced to abort a pregnancy or to undergo involuntary sterilization, or who has been persecuted for failure or refusal to undergo such a procedure or for other resistance to a coercive population control program, shall be deemed to have been persecuted on account of political opinion, and a person who has a well founded fear that he or she will be forced to undergo such a procedure or subject to persecution for such failure, refusal, or resistance shall be deemed to have a well founded fear of persecution on account of political opinion.''.
      - (2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate describing the number and countries of origin of aliens granted refugee status or asylum under determinations pursuant to the amendment made by paragraph (1). Each such report shall also contain projections regarding the number and countries of origin of aliens that are likely to be granted refugee status or asylum for the subsequent 2 fiscal years.
- (b) Numerical Limitation.--Section 207(a) (8 U.S.C. 1157(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- ``(5) For any fiscal year, not more than a total of 1,000 refugees may be admitted under this subsection or granted asylum under section 208 pursuant to a determination under the third sentence of section 101(a)(42) (relating to persecution for resistance to coercive population control methods).''.

## SEC. 602. LIMITATION ON USE OF PAROLE

- (a) Parole Authority.—Section 212(d)(5)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) is amended by striking `for emergent reasons or for reasons deemed strictly in the public interest' and inserting ``only on a case-by-case basis for urgent humanitarian reasons or significant public benefit''.
- (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Report to Congress.--Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate describing the number and categories of aliens paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Each such report shall provide the total number of aliens paroled into and residing in the United States and shall contain information

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and data for each country of origin concerning the number and categories of aliens paroled, the duration of parole, the current status of aliens paroled, and the number and categories of aliens returned to the custody

from which they were paroled during the preceding fiscal year.

SEC. 603. TREATMENT OF LONG-TERM PAROLEES IN APPLYING WORLDWIDE NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.

``(4) The number computed under this paragraph for a fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year 1999) is the number of aliens who were paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) in the second preceding fiscal year--

``(A) who did not depart from the United States (without advance parole) within 365 days; and

``(B) who (i) did not acquire the status of aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence in the two preceding fiscal years, or (ii) acquired such status in such years under a provision of law (other than section 201(b)) which exempts such adjustment from the numerical limitation on the worldwide level of immigration under this section.

``(5) If any alien described in paragraph (4) (other than an alien described in paragraph (4)(B)(ii)) is subsequently admitted as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, such alien shall not again be considered for purposes of paragraph (1).''.

SEC. 604. ASYLUM REFORM.

(a) Asylum Reform.--Section 208 (8 U.S.C. 1158) is amended to read as follows:

``Sec. 208. (a) Authority To Apply for Asylum.- ``(1) In general.--Any alien who is physically present in the United States or who arrives in the United States (whether or not at a designated port of arrival and including an alien who is brought to the United States after having been interdicted in international or United States waters), irrespective of such alien's status, may apply for asylum in accordance with this section or, where applicable, section 235(b).

``(2) Exceptions.--

``(A) Safe third country.--Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an alien if the Attorney General determines that the alien may be removed, pursuant to a bilateral or multilateral agreement, to a country (other than the country of the alien's nationality or, in the case of an alien having no nationality, the country of the alien's last habitual residence) in which the alien's life or freedom would not be threatened on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion, and where the alien would have access to a full and fair procedure for determining a claim to asylum or equivalent temporary protection, unless the Attorney General finds

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that it is in the public interest for the alien to receive asylum in the United States.

``(B) Time limit.--Subject to subparagraph (D), paragraph (1) shall not apply to an alien unless the alien demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the application has been filed within 1 year after the date of the alien's arrival in the United States.

``(C) Previous asylum applications.--Subject to

``(C) Previous asylum applications.--Subject to subparagraph (D), paragraph (1) shall not apply to an alien if the alien has previously applied for asylum and had such application denied.

``(D) Changed circumstances.--An application for asylum of an alien may be considered, notwithstanding subparagraphs (B) and (C), if the alien demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Attorney General either the existence of changed circumstances which materially affect the applicant's eligibility for asylum or extraordinary circumstances relating to the delay in filing an application within the period specified in subparagraph (B).

``(3) Limitation on judicial review.--No court shall have jurisdiction to review any determination of the Attorney General under paragraph (2).

``(b) Conditions for Granting Asylum.--

``(1) In general.--The Attorney General may grant asylum to an alien who has applied for asylum in accordance with the requirements and procedures established by the Attorney General

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under this section if the Attorney General determines that such
        alien is a refugee within the meaning of section 101(a)(42)(A).
             `(2) Exceptions.--
                     `(A) In general.--Paragraph (1) shall not apply to
               an alien if the Attorney General determines that--
``(i) the alien ordered, incited, assisted, or
                      otherwise participated in the persecution of any
                      person on account of race, religion, nationality,
                      membership in a particular social group, or
                      political opinion;
                          ``(ii) the alien, having been convicted by a
                      final judgment of a particularly serious crime,
                      constitutes a danger to the community of the
                      United States;
                           `(iii) there are serious reasons for
                      believing that the alien has committed a serious
                      nonpolitical crime outside the United States prior
                      to the arrival of the alien in the United States;
                            (iv) there are reasonable grounds for
                      regarding the alien as a danger to the security of
                      the United States;
                          ``(v) the alien is inadmissible under
                      subclause (I), (II), (III), or (IV) of section
                      212(a)(3)(B)(i) or removable under section
                      237(a)(4)(B) (relating to terrorist activity)
                      unless, in the case only of an alien inadmissible
                      under subclause (IV) of section 212(a)(3)(B)(i),
                      the Attorney General determines, in the Attorney
                      General's discretion, that there are not
                      reasonable grounds for regarding the alien as a
                      danger to the security of the United States; or
                           `(vi) the alien was firmly resettled in
                      another country prior to arriving in the United
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                    ``(B) Special rules. --
                           `(i) Conviction of aggravated felony.--For
                      purposes of clause (ii) of subparagraph (A), an
                      alien who has been convicted of an aggravated
                      felony shall be considered to have been convicted
                      of a particularly serious crime.
                           `(ii) Offenses.--The Attorney General may
                      designate by regulation offenses that will be
                      considered to be a crime described in clause (ii)
                      or (iii) of subparagraph (A).
                    ``(C) Additional limitations.--The Attorney General
                may by regulation establish additional limitations and
                conditions, consistent with this section, under which an
                alien shall be ineligible for asylum under paragraph
               (1).

``(D) No judicial review.--There shall be no
                judicial review of a determination of the Attorney
                General under subparagraph (A)(v).
            ``(3) Treatment of spouse and children.--A spouse or child
        (as defined in section 101(b)(1)(A), (B), (C), (D), or (E)) of
        an alien who is granted asylum under this subsection may, if not
       otherwise eligible for asylum under this section, be granted the
        same status as the alien if accompanying, or following to join,
        such alien.
    ``(c) Asylum Status.--
             `(1) In general.--In the case of an alien granted asylum
       under subsection (b), the Attorney General--
   ``(A) shall not remove or return the alien to the
                alien's country of nationality or, in the case of a
                person having no nationality, the country of the alien's
                last habitual residence;
                    ``(B) shall authorize the alien to engage in
                employment in the United States and provide the alien
                with appropriate endorsement of that authorization; and
                      (C) may allow the alien to travel abroad with the
                prior consent of the Attorney General.
          ``(2) Termination of asylum.--Asylum granted under subsection
        (b) does not convey a right to remain permanently in the United
       States, and may be terminated if the Attorney General determines
       that--
                  described in subsection (b)(1) owing to a fundamental
                change in circumstances;
                   (B) the alien meets a condition described in
                subsection (b)(2);
                  ``(C) the alien may be removed, pursuant to a
                bilateral or multilateral agreement, to a country (other
                than the country of the alien's nationality or, in the
                case of an alien having no nationality, the country of
                the alien's last habitual residence) in which the
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alien's life or freedom would not be threatened on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion, and where the alien is eligible to receive asylum or equivalent temporary protection;

``(D) the alien has voluntarily availed himself or herself of the protection of the alien's country of nationality or, in the case of an alien having no nationality, the alien's country of last habitual residence, by returning to such

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country with permanent resident status or the reasonable possibility of obtaining such status with the same rights and obligations pertaining to other permanent residents of that country; or

- ``(E) the alien has acquired a new nationality and enjoys the protection of the country of his or her new nationality.
- ``(3) Removal when asylum is terminated.--An alien described in paragraph (2) is subject to any applicable grounds of inadmissibility or deportability under section 212(a) and 237(a), and the alien's removal or return shall be directed by the Attorney General in accordance with sections 240 and 241.
  ``(d) Asylum Procedure.--
- `(1) Applications.-The Attorney General shall establish a procedure for the consideration of asylum applications filed under subsection (a). The Attorney General may require applicants to submit fingerprints and a photograph at such time and in such manner to be determined by regulation by the Attorney General.
- ``(2) Employment.--An applicant for asylum is not entitled to employment authorization, but such authorization may be provided under regulation by the Attorney General. An applicant who is not otherwise eligible for employment authorization shall not be granted such authorization prior to 180 days after the date of filing of the application for asylum.
- ``(3) Fees.—The Attorney General may impose fees for the consideration of an application for asylum, for employment authorization under this section, and for adjustment of status under section 209(b). Such fees shall not exceed the Attorney General's costs in adjudicating the applications. The Attorney General may provide for the assessment and payment of such fees over a period of time or by installments. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require the Attorney General to charge fees for adjudication services provided to asylum applicants, or to limit the authority of the Attorney General to set adjudication and naturalization fees in accordance with section  $286 \, (\text{m})$ .
- ``(4) Notice of privilege of counsel and consequences of frivolous application.—At the time of filing an application for asylum, the Attorney General shall—
  - ``(A) advise the alien of the privilege of being represented by counsel and of the consequences, under paragraph (6), of knowingly filing a frivolous application for asylum; and
  - ``(B) provide the alien a list of persons (updated not less often than quarterly) who have indicated their availability to represent aliens in asylum proceedings on a pro bono basis.
  - ``(5) Consideration of asylum applications.--
    - ``(A) Procedures.--The procedure established under paragraph (1) shall provide that--  $\,$ 
      - ``(i) asylum cannot be granted until the identity of the applicant has been checked against all appropriate records or databases maintained by the Attorney General and by the Secretary of State, including the Automated Visa Lookout System, to determine any grounds on which the alien may be inadmissible to

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or deportable from the United States, or ineligible to apply for or be granted asylum; ``(ii) in the absence of exceptional circumstances, the initial interview or hearing on the asylum application shall commence not later than 45 days after the date an application is filed;

``(iii) in the absence of exceptional circumstances, final administrative adjudication of the asylum application, not including administrative appeal, shall be completed within 180 days after the date an application is filed; ``(iv) any administrative appeal shall be filed within 30 days of a decision granting or denying

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asylum, or within 30 days of the completion of
                        removal proceedings before an immigration judge
                        under section 240, whichever is later; and
                            \dot{} (v) in the case of an applicant for asylum who
                        fails without prior authorization or in the
                        absence of exceptional circumstances to appear for
                        an interview or hearing, including a hearing under
                        section 240, the application may be dismissed or
                        the applicant may be otherwise sanctioned for such
                    ``(B) Additional regulatory conditions.--The Attorney
                 General may provide by regulation for any other
                 conditions or limitations on the consideration of an
                 application for asylum not inconsistent with this Act.
           ``(6) Frivolous applications.--If the Attorney General
        determines that an alien has knowingly made a frivolous
         application for asylum and the alien has received the notice
        under paragraph (4)(A), the alien shall be permanently
        ineligible for any benefits under this Act, effective as of the date of a final determination on such application.
             (7) No private right of action. -- Nothing in this subsection
         shall be construed to create any substantive or procedural right
         or benefit that is legally enforceable by any party against the
         United States or its agencies or officers or any other
        person.''
       (b) Conforming and Clerical Amendments .--
           (1) The item in the table of contents relating to section 208
         is amended to read as follows:
``Sec. 208. Asylum.''.
           (2) Section 104(d)(1)(A) of the Immigration Act of 1990
        (Public Law 101-649) %lt;%lt;%lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1159 note.>> is amended by striking ``208(b)'' and inserting ``208''.
       (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1158 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendment
made by subsection (a) shall apply to applications for asylum filed on
or after the first day of the first month beginning more than 180 days
after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 605. INCREASE IN ASYLUM OFFICERS.
      Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Attorney
General shall provide for an increase in the number of asylum officers
to at least 600 asylum officers by fiscal year 1997.
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SEC. 606. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255 note.&gt;&gt; CONDITIONAL REPEAL OF CUBAN
             ADJUSTMENT ACT.
       (a) In General.--Public Law 89-732 is repealed effective only upon
a determination by the President under section 203(c)(3) of the Cuban
Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (Public Law
104-114) that a democratically elected government in Cuba is in power
      (b) Limitation.--Subsection (a) shall not apply to aliens for whom
an application for adjustment of status is pending on such effective
date.
Subtitle B--Miscellaneous Amendments to the Immigration and Nationality
                                      Act.
SEC. 621. ALIEN WITNESS COOPERATION.
      Section 214(j)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1184(j)(1)) (as added by section
130003(b)(2) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of
1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 2025)) (relating to numerical
limitations on the number of aliens who may be provided a visa as
nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15)(S) of the Immigration and
Nationality Act) is amended --
           (1) by striking `100.'' and inserting `200.''; and (2) by striking `25.'' and inserting `50.''.
SEC. 622. WAIVER OF FOREIGN COUNTRY RESIDENCE REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT
             TO INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL GRADUATES.
       (a) Extension of Waiver Program. -- Section 220(c) of the
Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 (8 U.S.C. 1182 note) is amended by striking ``1996.'' and inserting ``2002.''.
(b) Conditions on Federally Requested Waivers.--Section 212(e) (8 U.S.C. 1182(e)) is amended by inserting after ``except that in the case
of a waiver requested by a State Department of Public Health, or its equivalent' the following: ``, or in the case of a waiver requested by
an interested United States Government agency on behalf of an alien
described in clause (iii),''
      (c) Restrictions on Federally Requested Waivers.--Section 214(k)
(8 U.S.C. 1184(k)) (as added by section 220(b) of the Immigration and
Nationality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-416; 108
Stat. 4319)) is amended to read as follows:
        `(k)(1) In the case of a request by an interested State agency,
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or by an interested Federal agency, for a waiver of the 2-year foreign
residence requirement under section 212(e) on behalf of an alien
described in clause (iii) of such section, the Attorney General shall
not grant such waiver unless--
            `(A) in the case of an alien who is otherwise contractually
        obligated to return to a foreign country, the government of such country furnishes the Director of the United States Information
        Agency with a statement in writing that it has no objection to
        such waiver;
            `(B) in the case of a request by an interested State agency,
        the grant of such waiver would not cause the number of waivers
        allotted for that State for that fiscal year to exceed 20;
           `(C) in the case of a request by an interested Federal agency
        or by an interested State agency--
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                  full-time employment at a health facility or health care
                organization, which employment has been determined by
                the Attorney General to be in the public interest; and ``(ii) the alien agrees to begin employment with the
                health facility or health care organization within 90
                days of receiving such waiver, and agrees to continue to
                work for a total of not less than 3 years (unless the
                Attorney General determines that extenuating
                circumstances exist, such as closure of the facility or
                hardship to the alien, which would justify a lesser
                period of employment at such health facility or health
                care organization, in which case the alien must
                demonstrate another bona fide offer of employment at a
                health facility or health care organization for the
                remainder of such 3-year period); and
          ``(D) in the case of a request by an interested Federal agency
        (other than a request by an interested Federal agency to employ
        the alien full-time in medical research or training) or by an
        interested State agency, the alien agrees to practice medicine
        in accordance with paragraph (2) for a total of not less than 3
        years only in the geographic area or areas which are designated
        by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as having a
        shortage of health care professionals.
            \dot{(2)}(A) Notwithstanding section 248(2), the Attorney General
        may change the status of an alien who qualifies under this
        subsection and section 212(e) to that of an alien described in
        section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b).
           ``(B) No person who has obtained a change of status under
        subparagraph (A) and who has failed to fulfill the terms of the
        contract with the health facility or health care organization
        named in the waiver application shall be eligible to apply for
        an immigrant visa, for permanent residence, or for any other
        change of nonimmigrant status, until it is established that such
        person has resided and been physically present in the country of
        his nationality or his last residence for an aggregate of at
        least 2 years following departure from the United States.
          ``(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection,
        the 2-year foreign residence requirement under section 212(e)
        shall apply with respect to an alien described in clause (iii)
        of such section, who has not otherwise been accorded status
        under section 101(a)(27)(H), if-
                      (A) at any time the alien ceases to comply with
                any agreement entered into under subparagraph (C) or (D)
                of paragraph (1); or
                     `(B) the alien's employment ceases to benefit the
                public interest at any time during the 3-year period
                described in paragraph (1)(C).''.
SEC. 623. USE OF LEGALIZATION AND SPECIAL AGRICULTURAL WORKER
            INFORMATION.
  (a) Confidentiality of Information. -- Section 245A(c)(5) (8 U.S.C.
1255a(c)(5)) is amended to read as follows:
    ``(5) Confidentiality of information.--
                      `(A) In general.--Except as provided in this
                paragraph, neither the Attorney General, nor any other
                official
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                or employee of the Department of Justice, or bureau or
                agency thereof, may--
``(i) use the information furnished by the
                      applicant pursuant to an application filed under
                      this section for any purpose other than to make a
                      determination on the application, for enforcement
                      of paragraph (6), or for the preparation of
                      reports to Congress under section 404 of the
                      Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986;
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`(ii) make any publication whereby the

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information furnished by any particular applicant
can be identified; or
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- `(iii) permit anyone other than the sworn officers and employees of the Department or bureau or agency or, with respect to applications filed with a designated entity, that designated entity, to examine individual applications.
- ``(B) Required disclosures.--The Attorney General shall provide the information furnished under this section, and any other information derived from such furnished information, to a duly recognized law enforcement entity in connection with a criminal investigation or prosecution, when such information is requested in writing by such entity, or to an official coroner for purposes of affirmatively identifying a deceased individual (whether or not such individual is deceased as a result of a crime).
- (C) Authorized disclosures. -- The Attorney General may provide, in the Attorney General's discretion, for the furnishing of information furnished under this section in the same manner and circumstances as census information may be disclosed by the Secretary of Commerce under section 8 of title 13, United States Code.
  (D) Construction.--

- `(i) In general. -- Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the use, or release, for immigration enforcement purposes or law enforcement purposes of information contained in files or records of the Service pertaining to an application filed under this section, other than information furnished by an applicant pursuant to the application, or any other information derived from the application, that is not available from any other source.
   ``(ii) Criminal convictions.--Information
- concerning whether the applicant has at any time been convicted of a crime may be used or released for immigration enforcement or law enforcement purposes.
- `(E) Crime.--Whoever knowingly uses, publishes, or permits information to be examined in violation of this paragraph shall be fined not more than \$10,000.''.
- (b) Special Agricultural Workers. -- Section 210(b)(6) (8 U.S.C. 1160(b)(6)) is amended to read as follows:
  ``(6) Confidentiality of information.--

``(A) In general.--Except as provided in this paragraph, neither the Attorney General, nor any other official or employee of the Department of Justice, or bureau or agency

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- ``(i) use the information furnished by the applicant pursuant to an application filed under this section for any purpose other than to make a determination on the application, including a determination under subsection (a)(3)(B), or for enforcement of paragraph (7);
- `(ii) make any publication whereby the information furnished by any particular individual can be identified; or
- `(iii) permit anyone other than the sworn officers and employees of the Department or bureau or agency or, with respect to applications filed with a designated entity, that designated entity, to examine individual applications.
- ``(B) Required disclosures.--The Attorney General shall provide information furnished under this section, and any other information derived from such furnished information, to a duly recognized law enforcement entity in connection with a criminal investigation or prosecution, when such information is requested in writing by such entity, or to an official coroner for purposes of affirmatively identifying a deceased individual (whether or not such individual is deceased as a result of a crime).

(C) Construction. --

`(i) In general.--Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the use, or release, for immigration enforcement purposes or law enforcement purposes of information contained in files or records of the Service pertaining to an application filed under this section, other than information furnished by an applicant pursuant to the application, or any other information derived from the application, that is not available from any other source.

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``(ii) Criminal convictions.--Information
                       concerning whether the applicant has at any time
                       been convicted of a crime may be used or released
                       for immigration enforcement or law enforcement
                       purposes.
                       `(D) Crime.--Whoever knowingly uses, publishes, or
                 permits information to be examined in violation of this
                 paragraph shall be fined not more than $10,000.
SEC. 624. CONTINUED VALIDITY OF LABOR CERTIFICATIONS AND CLASSIFICATION
            PETITIONS FOR PROFESSIONAL ATHLETES.
    (a) Labor Certification. -- Section 212(a)(5)(A) (8 U.S.C.
1182(a)(5)(A)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
                             (iii) Professional athletes.--
                                        `(I) In general.--A certification
                                  made under clause (i) with respect to a
                                  professional athlete shall remain valid
                                  with respect to the athlete after the
                                  athlete changes employer, if the new
                                  employer is a team in the same sport as
                                  the team which employed the athlete when
                                  the athlete first applied for the
                                  certification.
                                      ``(II) Definition. -- For purposes of
                                  subclause (I), the term `professional
                                  athlete' means an individual who is
                                  employed as an athlete by--
[[Page 110 STAT. 3009-699]]
                                               ``(aa) a team that is a
                                          member of an association of 6 or
                                          more professional sports teams
                                          whose total combined revenues
                                          exceed $10,000,000 per year, if
                                          the association governs the
                                          conduct of its members and
                                          regulates the contests and
                                          exhibitions in which its member
                                          teams regularly engage; or
                                                 (bb) any minor league team
                                          that is affiliated with such an
                                          association.''.
    (b) Classification Petitions. -- Section 204 (8 U.S.C. 1154) is
amended by adding at the end the following:
    ``(i) Professional Athletes.-
              `(1) In general.--A petition under subsection (a)(4)(D) for
        classification of a professional athlete shall remain valid for
        the athlete after the athlete changes employers, if the new
        employer is a team in the same sport as the team which was the
        employer who filed the petition.
         ``(2) Definition.--For purposes of paragraph (1), the term `professional athlete' means an individual who is employed as an
        athlete by--
                     ``(A) a team that is a member of an association of \ensuremath{\text{6}}
                 or more professional sports teams whose total combined
                 revenues exceed $10,000,000 per year, if the association
                 governs the conduct of its members and regulates the
                 contests and exhibitions in which its member teams
                 regularly engage; or
                      ``(B) any minor league team that is affiliated with
                 such an association.''.
SEC. 625. FOREIGN STUDENTS.
    (a) Limitations .--
            (1) In general. -- Section 214 (8 U.S.C. 1184) is amended by
        adding at the end the following new subsection:
    ``(1)(1) An alien may not be accorded status as a nonimmigrant under
section 101(a)(15)(F)(i) in order to pursue a course of study-
             ``(A) at a public elementary school or in a publicly funded
        adult education program; or
              `(B) at a public secondary school unless--
    ``(i) the aggregate period of such status at such a
                school does not exceed 12 months with respect to any alien, and (ii) the alien demonstrates that the alien
                 has reimbursed the local educational agency that
                 administers the school for the full, unsubsidized per
                 capita cost of providing education at such school for
                 the period of the alien's attendance.
    \cdot (2) An alien who obtains the status of a nonimmigrant under
section 101(a)(15)(F)(i) in order to pursue a course of study at a
private elementary or secondary school or in a language training program
that is not publicly funded shall be considered to have violated such
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status, and the alien's visa under section 101(a)(15)(F) shall be void, if the alien terminates or abandons such course of study at such a school and undertakes a course of study at a public elementary school, in a publicly funded adult education program, in a publicly funded adult education language training program, or at a public secondary school (unless the requirements of paragraph (1)(B) are met).''.

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- (2) Conforming amendment.--Section 101(a)(15)(F) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(F)) is amended by inserting `consistent with section 214(1)'' after ``such a course of study''.
- (b) Reference to New Ground of Exclusion for Student Visa Abusers.—For addition of ground of inadmissibility for certain nonimmigrant student abusers, see section 347 of this division.
- (c) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; Effective Date.--The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to individuals who obtain the status of a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(F) of the Immigration and Nationality Act after the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, including aliens whose status as such a nonimmigrant is extended after the end of such period.
- SEC. 626. SERVICES TO FAMILY MEMBERS OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND AGENTS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.
  - (a) In General.--Title II, as amended by section 205(a) of this division, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
- ``Sec. 295. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1363b.&gt;&gt; (a) In General.--To the extent provided in appropriation Acts, when an immigration officer or border patrol agent is killed in the line of duty, the Attorney General may pay from appropriations available for the activity in which the officer or agent was engaged--
  - "(1) the actual and necessary expenses of transportation of the remains of the officer or agent to a place of burial located in any State, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, or the Republic of Palau; "(2) travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, of the decedent's spouse and minor children to and from such site at rates not greater than those established for official government travel under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code; and "(3) any other memorial service authorized by the Attorney
  - General.
- ``(b) Prepayment.--The Attorney General may prepay any expense authorized to be paid under this section.''.
- (b) Clerical Amendment.--The table of contents, as amended by section 205(b) of this division, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 294 the following new item:
- ``Sec. 295. Transportation of remains of immigration officers and border patrol agents killed in the line of duty.''.

Subtitle C--Provisions Relating to Visa Processing and Consular  ${\tt Efficiency}$ 

SEC. 631. VALIDITY OF PERIOD OF VISAS.

(a) Extension of Validity of Immigrant Visas to 6 Months.--Section 221(c) (8 U.S.C. 1201(c)) is amended by striking ``four months'' and inserting ``six months''.

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- (b) Authorizing Application of Reciprocity Rule for Nonimmigrant Visa in Case of Refugees and Permanent Residents.—Such section is further amended by inserting before the period at the end of the third sentence the following: ``; except that in the case of aliens who are nationals of a foreign country and who either are granted refugee status and firmly resettled in another foreign country or are granted permanent residence and residing in another foreign country, the Secretary of State may prescribe the period of validity of such a visa based upon the treatment granted by that other foreign country to alien refugees and permanent residents, respectively, in the United States''.
- SEC. 632. ELIMINATION OF CONSULATE SHOPPING FOR VISA OVERSTAYS.
- (a) In General.--Section 222 (8 U.S.C. 1202) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- ``(g)(1) In the case of an alien who has been admitted on the basis of a nonimmigrant visa and remained in the United States beyond the period of stay authorized by the Attorney General, such visa shall be void beginning after the conclusion of such period of stay.
  - ``(2) An alien described in paragraph (1) shall be ineligible to be

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readmitted to the United States as a nonimmigrant, except--
               `(A) on the basis of a visa (other than the visa described
         in paragraph (1)) issued in a consular office located in the
         country of the alien's nationality (or, if there is no office in
         such country, in such other consular office as the Secretary of
         State shall specify); or ``(B) where extraordinary circumstances are found by the
         Secretary of State to exist.''.
    (b) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1202 note.&gt;&gt; Applicability.-
             (1) Visas. -- Section 222(g)(1) of the Immigration and
         Nationality Act, as added by subsection (a), shall apply to a
         visa issued before, on, or after the date of the enactment of
         this Act.
              (2) Aliens seeking readmission. -- Section 222(g)(2) of the
         Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subsection (a),
         shall apply to any alien applying for readmission to the United States after the date of the enactment of this {\tt Act}, except an
         alien applying for readmission on the basis on a visa that--
                       (A) was issued before such date; and
                       (B) is not void through the application of section
                   222(g)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as
                  added by subsection (a).
SEC. 633. AUTHORITY TO DETERMINE VISA PROCESSING PROCEDURES.
    Section 202(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1152(a)(1)) is amended--
(1) by inserting ``(A)'' after ``Nondiscrimination.--''; and
(2) by adding at the end the following:
                `(B) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit
         the authority of the Secretary of State to determine the
         procedures for the processing of immigrant visa applications or
         the locations where such applications will be processed.''.
SEC. 634. CHANGES REGARDING VISA APPLICATION PROCESS.
     (a) Nonimmigrant Applications. -- Section 222(c) (8 U.S.C. 1202(c)) is
amended--
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              (1) by striking ``personal description'' through ``marks of
         identification); '';
             (2) by striking `applicant'' and inserting `applicant, the
         determination of his eligibility for a nonimmigrant visa,''; and

(3) by adding at the end the following: ``At the discretion
         of the Secretary of State, application forms for the various
         classes of nonimmigrant admissions described in section
         101(a)(15) may vary according to the class of visa being
         requested.''.
    (b) Disposition of Applications. -- Section 222(e) (8 U.S.C. 1202(e))
is amended --
         (1) in the first sentence, by striking ``required by this section'' and inserting ``for an immigrant visa''; and
              (2) in the fourth sentence--
                       (A) by striking ``stamp'' and inserting ``stamp, or
                  other
                       (B) by striking ``by the consular officer''.
SEC. 635. VISA WAIVER PROGRAM.
     (a) Elimination of Joint Action Requirement. -- Section 217 (8 U.S.C.
1187) is amended--
         (1) in subsection (a), by striking ``Attorney General and the Secretary of State, acting jointly' and inserting
           `Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of
         State'';
             (2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking `Attorney General and
         the Secretary of State acting jointly' and inserting "Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State,''; and
         (3) in subsection (d), by striking "Attorney General and the Secretary of State, acting jointly,' and inserting
          ``Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of
         State,''.
(b) Extension of Program.--Section 217(f) (8 U.S.C. 1187(f)) is amended by striking ``1996'' and inserting ``1997.''.
    (c) Duration and Termination of Designation of Pilot Program
Countries. --
             (1) In general. -- Section 217(g) (8 U.S.C. 1187(g)) is
         amended to read as follows:
    ``(g) Duration and Termination of Designation.--
              ``(1) In general.--
                          (A) Determination and notification of
                  disqualification rate.--Upon determination by the
                  Attorney General that a pilot program country's
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disqualification rate is 2 percent or more, the Attorney
                General shall notify the Secretary of State.
                      `(B) Probationary status.--If the program country's
                disqualification rate is greater than 2 percent but less
                than 3.5 percent, the Attorney General shall place the
                program country in probationary status for a period not to exceed 2 full fiscal years following the year in
                which the determination under subparagraph (A) is made.
                      `(C) Termination of designation. -- Subject to
                paragraph (3), if the program country's disqualification
                rate is 3.5 percent or more, the Attorney General shall
                terminate the country's designation as a pilot program
                country effective at the beginning of the second fiscal
                year following the fiscal year in which the
                determination under subparagraph (A) is made.
             ``(2) Termination of probationary status.--
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                     ``(A) In general.--If the Attorney General
                determines at the end of the probationary period
                described in paragraph (1)(B) that the program country
                placed in probationary status under such paragraph has
                 failed to develop a machine-readable passport program as
                required by section (c)(2)(C), or has a disqualification
                rate of 2 percent or more, the Attorney General shall
                terminate the designation of the country as a pilot
                program country. If the Attorney General determines that
                the program country has developed a machine-readable
                passport program and has a disqualification rate of less
                than 2 percent, the Attorney General shall redesignate
                the country as a pilot program country.
                     ``(B) Effective date.--A termination of the
                designation of a country under subparagraph (A) shall
                take effect on the first day of the first fiscal year
                 following the fiscal year in which the determination
                under such subparagraph is made. Until such date,
                nationals of the country shall remain eligible for a
                waiver under subsection (a).
             ``(3) Nonapplicability of certain provisions.--Paragraph
        (1)(C) shall not apply unless the total number of nationals of a pilot program country described in paragraph (4)(A) exceeds 100.
              `(4) Definition.--For purposes of this subsection, the term
        `disqualification rate' means the percentage which--
                      `(A) the total number of nationals of the pilot
                program country who were--
                           ``(i) excluded from admission or withdrew
                       their application for admission during the most
                       recent fiscal year for which data are available;
                       and ``(ii) admitted as nonimmigrant visitors
                       during such fiscal year and who violated the terms
                       of such admission; bears to
                     ``(B) the total number of nationals of such country
                who applied for admission as nonimmigrant visitors
            during such fiscal year.''.
(2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1187 note.&gt;&gt; Transition.--A country
        designated as a pilot program country with probationary status
        under section 217(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as
        in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this
        Act) shall be considered to be designated as a pilot program
        country on and after such date, subject to placement in
        probationary status or termination of such designation under
        such section (as amended by paragraph (1)).
        (3) Conforming amendment.--Section 217(a)(2)(B) (8 U.S.C. 1187(a)(2)(B)) is amended by striking ``or is'' through
         `subsection (g).'' and inserting a period.
SEC. 636. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1153 note.&gt;&gt; FEE FOR DIVERSITY IMMIGRANT
            LOTTERY.
    The Secretary of State may establish a fee to be paid by each
applicant for an immigrant visa described in section 203(c) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act. Such fee may be set at a level that
will ensure recovery of the cost to the Department of State of
allocating visas under such section, including the cost of processing
all applications thereunder. All fees collected under this section shall
be used for providing consular services. All fees collected under this
section shall be deposited as an offsetting
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collection to any Department of State appropriation and shall remain
available for obligations until expended. The provisions of the Act of
August 18, 1856 (11 Stat. 58; 22 U.S.C. 4212-4214), concerning
accounting for consular fees, shall not apply to fees collected under
this section.
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- SEC. 637. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1153 note. &gt; &gt; ELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS FOR CERTAIN POLISH APPLICANTS FOR THE 1995 DIVERSITY IMMIGRANT PROGRAM.
- (a) In General.--The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall include among the aliens selected for diversity immigrant visas for fiscal year 1997 pursuant to section 203(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act any alien who, on or before September 30, 1995--
  - (1) was selected as a diversity immigrant under such section for fiscal year 1995;
  - (2) applied for adjustment of status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence pursuant to section 245 of such Act during fiscal year 1995, and whose application, and any associated fees, were accepted by the Attorney General, in accordance with applicable regulations;
  - (3) was not determined by the Attorney General to be excludable under section 212 of such Act or ineligible under section 203(c)(2) of such Act; and
  - (4) did not become an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence during fiscal year 1995.
- (b) Priority.--The aliens selected under subsection (a) shall be considered to have been selected for diversity immigrant visas for fiscal year 1997 prior to any alien selected under any other provision of law.
- (c) Reduction of Immigrant Visa Number.--For purposes of applying the numerical limitations in sections 201 and 203(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, aliens selected under subsection (a) who are granted an immigrant visa shall be treated as aliens granted a visa under section 203(c) of such Act.

## Subtitle D--Other Provisions

- SEC. 641. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1372.&gt; &gt; PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMATION RELATING
  TO NONIMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS AND OTHER EXCHANGE PROGRAM
  PARTICIPANTS
  - (a) In General. --
    - (1) Program.--The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Education, shall develop and conduct a program to collect from approved institutions of higher education and designated exchange visitor programs in the United States the information described in subsection (c) with respect to aliens who--
      - (A) have the status, or are applying for the status, of nonimmigrants under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
      - (B) are nationals of the countries designated under subsection (b).
    - (2) Deadline.--The program shall commence not later than January 1, 1998.

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- (b) Covered Countries.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall designate countries for purposes of subsection (a)(1)(B). The Attorney General shall initially designate not less than 5 countries and may designate additional countries at any time while the program is being conducted.
  - (c) Information To Be Collected .--
    - (1) In general.--The information for collection under subsection (a) with respect to an alien consists of--
      - (A) the identity and current address in the United States of the alien;
      - (B) the nonimmigrant classification of the alien and the date on which a visa under the classification was issued or extended or the date on which a change to such classification was approved by the Attorney General;
      - (C) in the case of a student at an approved institution of higher education, the current academic status of the alien, including whether the alien is maintaining status as a full-time student or, in the case of a participant in a designated exchange visitor program, whether the alien is satisfying the terms and conditions of such program; and
      - (D) in the case of a student at an approved institution of higher education, any disciplinary action taken by the institution against the alien as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime or, in the case of a participant in a designated exchange visitor program, any change in the alien's participation as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime.
    - (2) FERPA.--The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 shall not apply to aliens described in subsection (a) to the extent that the Attorney General determines necessary to carry out the program under subsection (a).
      - (3) Electronic collection. -- The information described in

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paragraph (1) shall be collected electronically, where practicable.
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(4) Computer software. --

(A) Collecting institutions.--To the extent practicable, the Attorney General shall design the program in a manner that permits approved institutions of higher education and designated exchange visitor programs to use existing software for the collection, storage, and data processing of information described in paragraph (1).

(B) Attorney general.—To the extent practicable, the Attorney General shall use or enhance existing software for the collection, storage, and data processing of information described in paragraph (1).

- (d) Participation by Institutions of Higher Education and Exchange Visitor Programs.--
  - (1) Condition.--The information described in subsection (c) shall be provided by as a condition of--
    - (A) in the case of an approved institution of higher education, the continued approval of the institution under subparagraph (F) or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
    - (B) in the case of an approved institution of higher education or a designated exchange visitor program, the

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granting of authority to issue documents to an alien demonstrating the alien's eligibility for a visa under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of such Act.

- (2) Effect of failure to provide information.--If an approved institution of higher education or a designated exchange visitor program fails to provide the specified information, such approvals and such issuance of visas shall be revoked or denied.
- (e) Funding.--
  - (1) In general.--Beginning on April 1, 1997, an approved institution of higher education and a designated exchange visitor program shall impose on, and collect from, each alien described in paragraph (3), with respect to whom the institution or program is required by subsection (a) to collect information, a fee established by the Attorney General under paragraph (4) at the time--
    - (A) when the alien first registers with the institution or program after entering the United States;
    - (B) in a case where a registration under subparagraph (A) does not exist, when the alien first commences activities in the United States with the institution or program.
- (2) Remittance.--An approved institution of higher education and a designated exchange visitor program shall remit the fees collected under paragraph (1) to the Attorney General pursuant to a schedule established by the Attorney General.
  - (3) Aliens described.—An alien referred to in paragraph (1) is an alien who has nonimmigrant status under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (other than a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(J) of such Act who has come to the United States as a participant in a program sponsored by the Federal Government). (4) Amount and use of fees.—
    - (A) Establishment of amount.--The Attorney General shall establish the amount of the fee to be imposed on, and collected from, an alien under paragraph (1). Except as provided in subsection (g)(2), the fee imposed on any individual may not exceed \$100. The amount of the fee shall be based on the Attorney General's estimate of the cost per alien of conducting the information collection program described in this section.
    - (B) Use.--Fees collected under paragraph (1) shall be deposited as offsetting receipts into the Immigration Examinations Fee Account (established under section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) and shall remain available until expended for the Attorney General to reimburse any appropriation the amount paid out of which is for expenses in carrying out this section.
- (f) Joint Report.--Not later than 4 years after the commencement of the program established under subsection (a), the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Education shall jointly submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the operations of the program and the feasibility of expanding the program to cover the nationals of all countries.
  - (g) Worldwide Applicability of the Program. --

(1) Expansion of program . --

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- (A) In general.--Not later than 6 months after the submission of the report required by subsection (f), the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Education, shall commence expansion of the program to cover the nationals of all countries.
- (B) Deadline.--Such expansion shall be completed not later than 1 year after the date of the submission of the report referred to in subsection (f).
- (2) Revision of fee.—After the program has been expanded, as provided in paragraph (1), the Attorney General may, on a periodic basis, revise the amount of the fee imposed and collected under subsection (e) in order to take into account changes in the cost of carrying out the program.
- (h) Definitions. -- As used in this section:
  - (1) Approved institution of higher education.—The term ``approved institution of higher education'' means a college or university approved by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
  - (2) Designated exchange visitor program.--The term ``designated exchange visitor program'' means a program that has been--
    - (A) designated by the Director of the United States Information Agency for purposes of section 101(a)(15)(J) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
    - $\ensuremath{(B)}$  selected by the Attorney General for purposes of the program under this section.
- SEC. 642. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1373.&gt; &gt; COMMUNICATION BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE.
- (a) In General.--Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, a Federal, State, or local government entity or official may not prohibit, or in any way restrict, any government entity or official from sending to, or receiving from, the Immigration and Naturalization Service information regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual.
- (b) Additional Authority of Government Entities.—Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, no person or agency may prohibit, or in any way restrict, a Federal, State, or local government entity from doing any of the following with respect to information regarding the immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual:
  - (1) Sending such information to, or requesting or receiving such information from, the Immigration and Naturalization Service.
    - (2) Maintaining such information.
  - (3) Exchanging such information with any other Federal, State, or local government entity.
- (c) Obligation to Respond to Inquiries.--The Immigration and Naturalization Service shall respond to an inquiry by a Federal, State, or local government agency, seeking to verify or ascertain the citizenship or immigration status of any individual within the jurisdiction of the agency for any purpose authorized by law, by providing the requested verification or status information.

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SEC. 643. < &lt; NOTE: 48 USC 1901 note. &gt; &gt; REGULATIONS REGARDING HABITUAL RESIDENCE.

Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall issue regulations governing rights of ``habitual residence'' in the United States under the terms of the following:

- (1) The Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia (48 U.S.C. 1901 note).
- (2) The Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Government of Palau (48 U.S.C. 1931 note).
- SEC. 644. < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1374. &gt; &gt; INFORMATION REGARDING FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION.
- (a) Provision of Information Regarding Female Genital Mutilation.—The Immigration and Naturalization Service (in cooperation with the Department of State) shall make available for all aliens who are issued immigrant or nonimmigrant visas, prior to or at the time of entry into the United States, the following information:

- (1) Information on the severe harm to physical and psychological health caused by female genital mutilation which is compiled and presented in a manner which is limited to the practice itself and respectful to the cultural values of the societies in which such practice takes place.
- (2) Information concerning potential legal consequences in the United States for (A) performing female genital mutilation. or (B) allowing a child under his or her care to be subjected to female genital mutilation, under criminal or child protection statutes or as a form of child abuse.
- (b) Limitation.--In consultation with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall identify those countries in which female genital mutilation is commonly practiced and, to the extent practicable, limit the provision of information under subsection (a) to aliens from such countries.
- (c) Definition.--For purposes of this section, the term ``female genital mutilation'' means the removal or infibulation (or both) of the whole or part of the clitoris, the labia minora, or labia majora.
- SEC. 645. CRIMINALIZATION OF FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION.
  - (a) <&lt;NOTE: 18 USC 116 note.&gt;&gt; Findings.--The Congress finds that--(1) the practice of female genital mutilation is carried out by members of certain cultural and religious groups within the
    - (2) the practice of female genital mutilation often results in the occurrence of physical and psychological health effects that harm the women involved;
    - (3) such mutilation infringes upon the guarantees of rights secured by Federal and State law, both statutory and constitutional;
    - (4) the unique circumstances surrounding the practice of female genital mutilation place it beyond the ability of any single State or local jurisdiction to control;
    - (5) the practice of female genital mutilation can be prohibited without abridging the exercise of any rights guaranteed
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  - under the first amendment to the Constitution or under any other law; and
  - (6) Congress has the affirmative power under section 8 of article I, the necessary and proper clause, section 5 of the fourteenth Amendment, as well as under the treaty clause, to the Constitution to enact such legislation.
  - (b) Crime. --
    - (1) In general. -- Chapter 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- ``Sec. 116. Female genital mutilation
- ``(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), whoever knowingly circumcises, excises, or infibulates the whole or any part of the labia majora or labia minora or clitoris of another person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- `(b) A surgical operation is not a violation of this section if the
- operation is-``(1) necessary to the health of the person on whom it is performed, and is performed by a person licensed in the place of its performance as a medical practitioner; or
  - birth and is performed for medical purposes connected with that labor or birth by a person licensed in the place it is performed as a medical practitioner, midwife, or person in training to become such a practitioner or midwife.
- ``(c) In applying subsection (b)(1), no account shall be taken of the effect on the person on whom the operation is to be performed of any belief on the part of that person, or any other person, that the operation is required as a matter of custom or ritual.''
  - (2) Conforming amendment. -- The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
- ``116. Female genital mutilation.''.
- (c) < &lt; NOTE: 18 USC 116 note. &qt; &qt; Effective Date. -- The amendments made by subsection (b) shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 646. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255 note.&gt;&gt; ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS FOR CERTAIN POLISH AND HUNGARIAN PAROLEES.
  - (a) In General.--The Attorney General shall adjust the status of an

alien described in subsection (b) to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence if the alien--

- (1) applies for such adjustment;
- (2) has been physically present in the United States for at least 1 year and is physically present in the United States on
- the date the application for such adjustment is filed;
  (3) is admissible to the United States as an immigrant, except as provided in subsection (c); and
- (4) pays a fee (determined by the Attorney General) for the processing of such application.
- (b) Aliens Eligible for Adjustment of Status. -- The benefits provided in subsection (a) shall only apply to an alien who-
  - (1) was a national of Poland or Hungary; and

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- (2) was inspected and granted parole into the United States during the period beginning on November 1, 1989, and ending on December 31, 1991, after being denied refugee status.
- (c) Waiver of Certain Grounds for Inadmissibility. -- The provisions of paragraphs (4), (5), and (7)(A) of section 212(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall not apply to adjustment of status under this section and the Attorney General may waive any other provision of such section (other than paragraph (2)(C) and subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), or (E) of paragraph (3)) with respect to such an adjustment for humanitarian purposes, to assure family unity, or when it is otherwise in the public interest.
- (d) Date of Approval.--Upon the approval of such an application for adjustment of status, the Attorney General shall create a record of the alien's admission as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as of the date of the alien's inspection and parole described in subsection (b)(2).
- (e) No Offset in Number of Visas Available.--When an alien is granted the status of having been lawfully admitted for permanent residence under this section, the Secretary of State shall not be required to reduce the number of immigrant visas authorized to be issued under the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- SEC. 647. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1448 note.&qt;&qt; SUPPORT OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.
- (a) In General. -- The Attorney General shall make available funds under this section, in each of fiscal years 1997 through 2001, to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization or to other public or private nonprofit entities to support demonstration projects under this section at 10 sites throughout the United States. Each such project shall be designed to provide for the administration of the oath of allegiance under section 337(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act on a business day around Independence Day to approximately 500 people whose application for naturalization has been approved. Each project shall provide for appropriate outreach and ceremonial and celebratory activities.
- (b) Selection of Sites .-- The Attorney General shall, in the Attorney General's discretion, select diverse locations for sites on the basis of the number of naturalization applicants living in proximity to each site and the degree of local community participation and support in the project to be held at the site. Not more than 2 sites may be located in the same State. The Attorney General shall consider changing the sites selected from year to year.
  - (c) Amounts Available; Use of Funds. --
    - (1) Amount. -- The amount made available under this section with respect to any single site for a year shall not exceed \$5,000.
    - (2) Use. -- Funds made available under this section may be used only to cover expenses incurred in carrying out oath administration ceremonies at the demonstration sites under subsection (a), including expenses for--
      - (A) cost of personnel of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (including travel and overtime expenses);
        - (B) rental of space; and
      - (C) costs of printing appropriate brochures and other information about the ceremonies.

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- (3) Availability of funds. -- Funds that are otherwise available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service to carry out naturalization activities shall be available, to the extent provided in appropriation Acts, to carry out this section.
- (d) Application. -- In the case of an entity other than the Immigration and Naturalization Service seeking to conduct a demonstration project under this section, no amounts may be made available to the entity under this section unless an appropriate application has been made to, and approved by, the Attorney General, in a form and manner specified by the Attorney General.

- SEC. 648. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note.&gt;&gt; SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING AMERICAN-MADE PRODUCTS; REQUIREMENTS REGARDING NOTICE.
- (a) Purchase of American-Made Equipment and Products.--It is the sense of the Congress that, to the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with funds made available under this division should be American-made.
- (b) Notice to Recipients of Grants .-- In providing grants under this division, the Attorney General, to the greatest extent practicable, shall provide to each recipient of a grant a notice describing the statement made in subsection (a) by the Congress.
- SEC 649 VESSEL MOVEMENT CONTROLS DURING IMMIGRATION EMERGENCY

Section 1 of the Act of June 15, 1917 (50 U.S.C. 191) is amended in the first sentence by inserting ``or whenever the Attorney General determines that an actual or anticipated mass migration of aliens en route to, or arriving off the coast of, the United States presents urgent circumstances requiring an immediate Federal response,' `United States,'' the first place such term appears.

SEC. 650. REVIEW OF PRACTICES OF TESTING ENTITIES.

- (a) In General. -- The Attorney General shall investigate, and submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate regarding, the practices of entities authorized to administer standardized citizenship tests pursuant to section 312.3(a) of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations. The report shall include any findings of fraudulent practices by such entities.
- (b) Preliminary and Final Reports .-- Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a preliminary report on the investigation conducted under subsection (a). The Attorney General shall submit to such Committees a final report on such investigation not later than 275 days after the submission of the preliminary report.
- SEC. 651. DESIGNATION OF A UNITED STATES CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDING.
- (a) Designation. -- The United States Customs Administrative Building at the Ysleta/Zaragosa Port of Entry located at 797 South Zaragosa Road in El Paso, Texas, is designated as the ``Timothy C. McCaghren Customs Administrative Building''.
- (b) Legal References .-- Any reference in any law, regulation, document, record, map, or other paper of the United States to the building referred to in subsection (a) is deemed to be a reference to `Timothy C. McCaghren Customs Administrative Building''.

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SEC. 652. <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1375.&gt;&gt; MAIL-ORDER BRIDE BUSINESS.

- the United States. With approximately 200 companies in the United States, an estimated 2,000 to 3,500 men in the United States find wives through mail-order bride catalogs each year. However, there are no official statistics available on the number of mail-order brides entering the United States each
  - (2) The companies engaged in the mail-order bride business earn substantial profits.
  - (3) Although many of these mail-order marriages work out, in many other cases, anecdotal evidence suggests that mail-order brides find themselves in abusive relationships. There is also evidence to suggest that a substantial number of mail-order marriages are fraudulent under United States law.
  - (4) Many mail-order brides come to the United States unaware or ignorant of United States immigration law. Mail-order brides who are battered often think that if they

flee an abusive marriage, they will be deported. Often the citizen spouse threatens to have them deported if they report the abuse.

- (5) The Immigration and Naturalization Service estimates that the rate of marriage fraud between foreign nationals and United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence is 8 percent. It is unclear what percentage of these marriage fraud cases originate as mail-order marriages.
- (b) Information Dissemination .--
  - (1) Requirement. -- Each international matchmaking organization doing business in the United States shall disseminate to recruits, upon recruitment, such immigration and naturalization information as the Immigration and Naturalization Service deems appropriate, in the recruit's native language, including information regarding conditional permanent residence status and the battered spouse waiver under such status,

permanent resident status, marriage fraud penalties, the unregulated nature of the business engaged in by such organizations, and the study required under subsection (c).

(2) Civil penalty.--

- (A) Violation.--Any international matchmaking organization that the Attorney General determines has violated subsection (b) shall be subject, in addition to any other penalties that may be prescribed by law, to a civil money penalty of not more than \$20,000 for each such violation.
- (B) Procedures for imposition of penalty.--Any penalty under subparagraph (A) may be imposed only after notice and opportunity for an agency hearing on the record in accordance with sections 554 through 557 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) Study.--The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization and the Director of the Violence Against Women Initiative of the Department of Justice, shall conduct a study of mail-order marriages to determine, among other things--
  - (1) the number of such marriages;

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- (2) the extent of marriage fraud in such marriages, including an estimate of the extent of marriage fraud arising from the services provided by international matchmaking organizations;
- (3) the extent to which mail-order spouses utilize section 244(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (providing for suspension of deportation in certain cases involving abuse), or section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of such Act (providing for certain aliens who have been abused to file a classification petition on their own behalf);
- (4) the extent of domestic abuse in mail-order marriages;
- (5) the need for continued or expanded regulation and education to implement the objectives of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 and the Immigration Marriage Fraud Amendments of 1986 with respect to mail-order marriages.
- (d) Report.--Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate setting forth the results of the study conducted under subsection (c)
  - (e) Definitions.--As used in this section:
    - - (i) an exchange of names, telephone numbers, addresses, or statistics;
      - (ii) selection of photographs; or (iii) a social environment provided by the organization in a country other than the United
    - (B) Exception. -- Such term does not include a traditional matchmaking organization of a religious nature that otherwise operates in compliance with the laws of the countries of the recruits of such organization and the laws of the United States.
      (2) Recruit. -- The term ``recruit'' means a noncitizen,
    - (2) Recruit.--The term ``recruit'' means a noncitizen, nonresident person, recruited by the international matchmaking organization for the purpose of providing dating, matrimonial, or social referral services to United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence.
- SEC. 653. REVIEW AND REPORT ON H-2A NONIMMIGRANT WORKERS PROGRAM.
- (a) Sense of the Congress.--It is the sense of the Congress that the H2-A nonimmigrant worker program should be reviewed and may need improvement in order to meet the need of producers of labor-intensive agricultural commodities and livestock in the United States for an adequate workforce.
- (b) Review.--The Comptroller General shall review the effectiveness of the H-2A nonimmigrant worker program to ensure that the program provides a sufficient supply of agricultural labor

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in the event of future shortages of domestic workers after the enactment of this Act. Among other things, the Comptroller General shall review the H-2A nonimmigrant worker program to determine--

- (1) whether the program ensures that an adequate supply of qualified United States workers is available at the time and place needed for employers seeking such workers after the date of enactment of this Act;
- (2) whether the program ensures that there is timely approval of applications for temporary foreign workers under the program in the event of shortages of United States workers after the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (3) whether the program ensures that implementation of the program is not displacing United States agricultural workers or diminishing the terms and conditions of employment of United States agricultural workers;
- (4) if, and to what extent, the program is contributing to the problem of illegal immigration; and
- (5) that the program adequately meets the needs of agricultural employers for all types of temporary foreign agricultural workers, including higher-skilled workers in occupations which require a level of specific vocational preparation of 4 or higher (as described in the 4th edition of the Dictionary of Occupational Title, published by the Department of Labor).
- (c) Report.--Not later than December 31, 1996, or 3 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever occurs earlier, the Comptroller General shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the Congress setting forth the conclusions of the Comptroller General from the review conducted under subsection (b).

  - (d) Definitions.--As used in this section: (1) The term ``Comptroller General'' means the Comptroller General of the United States.
    - (2) The term ``H-2A nonimmigrant worker program'' means the program for the admission of nonimmigrant aliens described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality
- SEC. 654. REPORT ON ALLEGATIONS OF HARASSMENT BY CANADIAN CUSTOMS AGENTS.
  - (a) Study and Review .--
    - (1) In general. -- Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of the United States Customs Service shall initiate a study of harassment by Canadian customs agents allegedly undertaken for the purpose of deterring cross-border commercial activity along the United States-New Brunswick border. Such study shall include a review of the possible connection between any incidents of harassment and the discriminatory imposition of the New Brunswick provincial sales tax on goods purchased in the United States by New Brunswick residents, and with any other actions taken by the Canadian provincial governments to deter cross-border commercial activities.
    - (2) Consultation. -- In conducting the study under paragraph (1), the Commissioner of the United States Customs Service shall consult with representatives of the State of Maine,

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local governments, local businesses, and any other knowledgeable persons who the Commissioner considers to be important to the completion of the study.

- (b) Report.--Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of the United States Customs Service shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of the Senate a report on the study and review conducted under subsection (a). The report shall include recommendations for steps that the United States Government can take to help end any harassment by Canadian customs agents that is found to have occurred.
- SEC. 655. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DISCRIMINATORY APPLICATION OF NEW BRUNSWICK PROVINCIAL SALES TAX.
  - (a) Findings.--The Congress finds as follows:
    - (1) In July 1993, Canadian customs officers began collecting an 11 percent New Brunswick provincial sales tax on goods purchased in the United States by New Brunswick residents, an action that has caused severe economic harm to United States businesses located in proximity to the

border with New Brunswick. (2) This impediment to cross-border trade compounds the damage already done from the Canadian Government's imposition

percent tax on all goods bought by Canadians in the United States. (3) Collection of the

New Brunswick is effected only along the United States-Canadian border, not along New Brunswick's borders with other Canadian provinces; the tax is thus being administered by Canadian authorities in a manner uniquely discriminatory to Canadians shopping in the United States. (4) In February 1994, the United States Trade Representative publicly stated an intention to seek redress from the discriminatory application of the New Brunswick provincial sales tax under the dispute resolution process in chapter 20 of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), but the United States Government has still not made such a claim under NAFTA procedures. (5) Initially, the United States Trade Representative argued that filing a New Brunswick provincial sales tax claim was delayed only because the dispute mechanism under NAFTA had not yet been finalized, but more than a year after such mechanism has been put in place, the claim has still not been put forward by the United States Trade Representative. (b) Sense of Congress.--It is the sense of the Congress that -- (1) provincial sales tax levied by the Canadian province of New Brunswick on Canadian citizens of that province who purchase goods in the United States -- (A) raises questions about a possible violation of the North American Free Trade Agreement in the discriminatory application of the tax to cross-border trade with the United States; and (B) damages good relations between the United States and Canada; and (2) the United States Trade Representative should move forward without further delay in seeking redress under the [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-716]] dispute resolution process in chapter 20 of the North American Free Trade Agreement for the violation. SEC. 656. <&lt;NOTE: 5 USC 301 note.&qt;&qt; IMPROVEMENTS IN IDENTIFICATION-RELATED DOCUMENTS. (a) Birth Certificates. -- (1) Standards for acceptance by federal agencies .--(A) In general.-- (i) General rule. -- Subject to clause (ii), a Federal agency may not accept for any official purpose a certificate of birth, unless the certificate-- (I) is a birth certificate (as defined in paragraph (3)); and (II) conforms to the standards set forth in the regulation promulgated under subparagraph (B). (ii) Applicability.--Clause (i) shall apply only to a certificate of birth issued after the day that is 3 years after the date of the promulgation of a final regulation under subparagraph (B). Clause (i) shall not be construed to prevent a Federal agency from accepting for official purposes any certificate of birth issued on or before such day.  $\begin{tabular}{ll} (B) & Regulation.-- (i) \\ Consultation & with government agencies.-- The President shall select \\ \end{tabular}$ 1 or more Federal agencies to consult with State vital statistics offices, and with other appropriate Federal agencies designated by the President, for the purpose of developing appropriate standards for birth certificates that may be accepted for official purposes by Federal agencies, as provided in subparagraph (A). (ii) Selection of lead agency. -- Of the Federal agencies selected under clause (i), the President

New Brunswick provincial sales tax on goods purchased outside of

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shall select 1 agency to
                      promulgate, upon
the conclusion of the consultation conducted under such clause,
                      a regulation establishing standards of the type described
                      in
such clause. (iii) Deadline.--The agency selected under clause (ii)
shall promulgate a final regulation under such clause not later
                      than
the date that is 1 year after the date
                     of
the enactment of this Act. (iv)
Minimum requirements.--The standards established under this subparagraph--
(I) at a minimum.
shall require certification of the birth certificate by
   the State or local custodian of
             record that issued the certificate, and
        shall require the use of safety paper, the
seal of the issuing custodian of record, and other features
                      designed to limit tampering,
counterfeiting, and photocopying, or otherwise duplicating, the birth certificate
                      for fraudulent purposes; (II) may
                      not require a
single design to which birth certificates issued by all States must
                      conform; and (III) shall accommodate
the differences between the States in the manner and form in [[Page 110 \,
                      STAT. 3009-717]] which birth records are stored
and birth certificates are produced from such records. (2) Grants
                      to states.-
(A) Assistance in meeting federal standards.-- (i) In general.--Beginning on
the date a final regulation is promulgated under paragraph
(1)(B), the Secretary of Health and Human Services,
                      acting through the
Director of the National Center
                  for Health Statistics and
after consulting with the head of any
other agency designated by the President, shall make grants
to States to assist them in issuing birth certificates
                      that conform to
the standards set forth in the regulation. (ii)
Allocation of grants. -- The Secretary shall provide
grants to States under this subparagraph
in proportion to the populations of the States
applying to receive a grant and in an amount
                      needed
to provide a substantial incentive for States to
                      issue birth certificates that conform to
                      the
standards described in clause (i).
(B) Assistance in matching birth and
death records.-- (i) In general.--The Secretary of
Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the National
                      Center for Health Statistics and after
                      consulting with the head of
any other agency designated by the President, shall make
                      grants to States to assist them
      in developing the capability to match birth and
death records, within each State and among the
States, and to note
the fact of death on the birth certificates of deceased
                      persons. In developing the capability described in
                      the preceding sentence, a State
that receives a grant under this subparagraph
                      shall
focus first on individuals born after 1950. (ii) Allocation
                      and
amount of grants.--The Secretary shall provide grants to States under
                     this subparagraph in
proportion to the populations of the States applying
to receive a grant and in an amount needed to provide a substantial incentive for States to
develop the capability described in clause (i). (C)
                      Demonstration projects. -- The Secretary
of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the
                      National
Center for Health Statistics, shall make grants to States for
                      a project in each of 5 States
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demonstrate the feasibility of a system under which persons
                     otherwise required to report the
death of individuals to a State would be
     required to provide to the State's office of
vital statistics sufficient information to establish
the fact of death of every individual dying
in the State within 24 hours of acquiring the
                     information.
(3) Birth certificate.--As used in this subsection, the term
 `birth certificate'' means a
                  certificate of birth-- (A)
of-- (i) an individual born
in the United States;
                    or (ii) an
individual born abroad-- (I) who is
a citizen or national of the United
States at birth; and [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-718]] (II) whose birth
registered in the United
States; and (B) that-- (i) is a
copy, issued by a State or
local authorized custodian of record, of
an original certificate of birth issued by such
custodian of record; or (ii) was
issued by a State or local authorized custodian
of record and was produced from birth
records maintained by such custodian of record. (b)
                      State-Issued
Drivers Licenses and Comparable
Identification Documents.-- (1) Standards for acceptance by federal agencies.-- (A)
In general.--A Federal agency may not accept
for any identification-related purpose a driver's license, or other comparable
identification document, issued by a State, unless the license
                      or document
satisfies the following requirements: (i) Application process. -- The application process for the license
                      or document shall include the
                      presentation
of such evidence of identity as is
        required by regulations promulgated by the
  Secretary of Transportation after consultation with the
American Association of Motor Vehicle
Administrators. (ii) Social security number.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B),
the license or document shall contain a social
security account number that can be
read visually or
       by electronic means. (iii) Form. -- The license or
document otherwise shall be in a form consistent with
                      requirements set
forth in regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Transportation after
                      consultation
with the American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators. The form
                      shall contain security features
                      designed
to limit tampering, counterfeiting, photocopying, or otherwise duplicating, the license or
document for fraudulent purposes and to limit use
                     of
the license or document
       by impostors. (B) Exception. -- The requirement
in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not apply with respect to
                      a driver's license
             or other comparable identification document issued
 by a State, if the State-- (i) does not
require the license or document to contain a social
                      security account number;
and (ii) requires-- (I) every applicant for a driver's license,
                     or other comparable
identification document, to submit the applicant's social security account number;
                     and (II)
an agency of the State to verify with the
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Social Security Administration
that such account number is valid. (C) Deadline.--The Secretary
                       of Transportation shall promulgate the regulations referred
                       to in clauses (i) and
(iii) of subparagraph (A)
not later than 1 year after the date of the
                       enactment of this Act.
                       (2)
Grants to states.--Beginning on the date final regulations are
                       promulgated under paragraph (1), the
                       Secretary
of [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-719]] Transportation shall make
                       grants
to States to assist them in issuing driver's licenses and
                       other comparable identification documents that satisfy the requirements
                       under such paragraph. (3)
Effective dates.-- (A) In general.--Except as otherwise provided in
                       this paragraph, this subsection
                    shall take effect on
the date of the enactment
                    of this Act. (B)
Prohibition on federal agencies.--Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of
paragraph (1) shall take effect beginning on October 1, 2000,
but shall apply only to licenses or documents issued to an individual for the first
                       time and to replacement or renewal licenses
                       or documents issued according to State
                       law. (c) Report. -- Not later than
                  1 year after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the
                       Secretary of Health and Human Services
                       shall submit a report to the Congress on
                       ways to
reduce the fraudulent obtaining and the fraudulent use of
                      birth certificates,
including any such use to obtain a social security
                       account number
or a State or Federal document related
to identification or
                     immigration. (d) Federal
Agency Defined. -- For purposes of
this section, the term ``Federal agency'' means any of the following: (1) An Executive agency (as
defined in section 105 of title 5, United States
                      Code), (2)
A military department (as defined in section 102
                      of such title).
                       (3)
An agency in the legislative branch of the
Government of the
                     United States. (4)
An agency in the
judicial branch of the Government of the
United States. SEC. 657.
<&lt;NOTE: 42 USC
405 note.>> DEVELOPMENT
                   OF PROTOTYPE OF
                COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT SOCIAL SECURITY CARD. (a)
Development. -- (1) In general. -- The Commissioner of Social Security
(in this section referred to as the ``Commissioner'') shall,
in accordance with the provisions of this section, develop
                      a prototype
of a counterfeit-resistant social
security card. Such prototype card-- (A)
shall be made of a durable, tamper-resistant material
such as plastic or polyester; (B) shall employ
that provide security features, such
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as magnetic stripes, holograms, and integrated circuits; and (C)
                       shall be developed so as
to provide individuals with reliable proof of citizenship or
                       legal
resident alien status. (2) Assistance by attorney general. -- The
                       Attorney General shall provide
                       such
information and assistance as
the Commissioner deems necessary to achieve the purposes of this
                       section. (b) Studies and Reports. -- (1) In
    general.--The Comptroller General and the Commissioner of Social
shall each conduct a study, and issue
a report to the Congress, that examines different methods
of improving the social security card application process. [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-720]] (2) Elements of
studies .-- The studies shall include evaluations
of the cost and work load implications
of issuing a counterfeit-resistant social security card for all individuals
                       over a 3, 5, and
                       10 year period.
The studies shall also evaluate the feasibility and cost
                       implications of
imposing a user fee for replacement cards and
                       cards issued to individuals
who apply for such a card
prior to the scheduled 3, 5, and
10 year phase-in options. (3) Distribution of
reports. -- Copies of the reports
described in this subsection, along with facsimiles of the prototype
                       cards
as described in subsection (a), shall
be submitted to the Committees on Ways and
                       Means and Judiciary
of the House of Representatives and the Committees
on Finance and Judiciary of the Senate not
later than 1 year after the date of the
                       enactment
of this Act. SEC. 658.
BORDER PATROL MUSEUM. (a) Authority .-- Notwithstanding section 203 of the Federal
Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484)
                       or
any other provision of law, the Attorney General is authorized
                       to transfer and convey
to the Border Patrol Museum and
Memorial Library Foundation, incorporated in the State of
                       Texas, such
equipment, artifacts, and memorabilia held by the Immigration and Naturalization Service as the Attorney General may \frac{1}{2}
                       determine is necessary to
further the purposes of the Museum and Foundation. (b) Technical
                       Assistance. -- The Attorney General
                     is authorized to
provide technical assistance, through the
    detail of personnel of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, to
the Border Patrol Museum and Memorial Library Foundation for the purpose of
demonstrating the use of the items transferred under subsection (a).
SEC. 659. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE MISSION OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE. It is the sense of
 the Congress that the mission statement of the Immigration
                         and Naturalization Service
              should include a statement that it
is the responsibility of the Service to detect,
    apprehend, and remove those aliens unlawfully present in the
United States, particularly those aliens involved in drug trafficking or other criminal activity.
SEC. 660. AUTHORITY FOR NATIONAL GUARD TO ASSIST IN TRANSPORTATION OF CERTAIN
ALIENS. Section 112(d)(1) of title 32, United States Code,
is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: ``The
plan as approved by the
Secretary may provide for the use of personnel and equipment of the National Guard of that State to
assist the Immigration and
Naturalization Service in the transportation of aliens who have violated a Federal or
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State law prohibiting or regulating the possession, use, or distribution of a
controlled substance.''. Subtitle E--Technical Corrections SEC. 671. MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL
    CORRECTIONS. (a) Amendments Relating to Public Law 103-322 (Violent
Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994).-- [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-721]] (1) Section 60024(1)(F) of the Violent Crime
Control and Law Enforcement Act of < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1324. &gt; &gt; 1994 (Public Law 103- 322) (in this subsection referred to as ``VCCLEA'') is amended by
inserting ``United States Code,'' after ``title 18,''. (2) Section 130003(b)(3)
of
     VCCLEA <&lt;NOTE: 8
              USC 1258.>> is amended by striking ``Naturalization'' and
          inserting ``Nationality''. (3)(A) Section 214 (8 U.S.C. 1184) is amended
         by redesignating the subsection (j), added by section 130003(b)(2) of VCCLEA
          (108 Stat. 2025), and the subsection (k), as amended by section
          622(c) of this division, as subsections (k) and (l), respectively.
         (B) Section 101(a)(15)(S) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(S)) is amended by striking ``214(j)'' and inserting ``214(k)''. (4)(A) Section 245 (8 U.S.C. 1255) is amended
         by redesignating the subsection (i) added by section 130003(c)(1)
         of VCCLEA as subsection (j). (B) Section 241(a)(2)(A)(i)(I) (8
         \hbox{U.s.c. 1251(a)(2)(A)(i)(I)), as amended by section 130003(d) of VCCLEA and}\\
         before redesignation by section 305(a)(2) of this division, is
          amended by striking ``245(i)'' and inserting ``245(j)''.
          (5) Section 245(j)(3),
              as added by section 130003(c)(1) of VCCLEA <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255.&gt;&gt;
          and as redesignated by paragraph (4)(A), is amended by striking ``paragraphs (1) or (2)'' and inserting ``paragraph (1) or (2)''. (6)
         Section 130007(a) of VCCLEA & lt; & lt; NOTE: 8
                   USC 1252 note.&gt.> is amended by striking ``242A(d)'' and inserting ``242A(a)(3)''. (7) <&lt;NOTE:
                        8 USC 1101 note.>> The amendments made by this
subsection shall be effective as if included in the enactment of the
    VCCLEA. (b) Amendments Relating to Immigration and Nationality Technical
Corrections Act of 1994.-- (1) Section 101(d) of the
Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1401 note.&gt;&gt; Act
of 1994 (Public Law 103-416) (in this subsection referred to as
``INTCA'') is amended-- (A) by striking ``Application'' and all that follows through ``This'' and inserting ``Applicability of Transmission Requirements.--This''; (B) by
     striking ``any residency or other retention requirements for'' and inserting `
application of any provision
              of law relating to residence or physical presence
         in the United States for purposes of transmitting United States''; and (C) by striking ``as in effect'' and all that follows through the end and inserting ``to any person whose
          claim is based on the amendment made by subsection (a)
         or through whom such a claim
               is derived.''. (2) Section 102 <&lt;NOTE: 8
         USC 1433 note.>> of INTCA is amended by adding at the end the following: ``(e) Transition.--In applying the
          amendment made by subsection (a) to children born before November
         14, 1986, any reference in the matter inserted by
         such amendment to `five years, at least
         two of which' is deemed
a reference to `10
              years, at least 5 of which'.''.
          (3) Section 351(a) (8 U.S.C. 1483(a)), as amended
         by section 105(a)(2)(A) of INTCA, is amended by striking the comma after ``nationality''. (4) Section 207(2) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255b.&gt;&gt;
          of INTCA is amended by inserting a comma after ``specified''.
              110 STAT. 3009-722]] (5) Section 101(a)(43)
          (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(43)) is amended in subparagraph (K)(ii), by striking the
          comma after ``1588''. (6) Section 273(b) (8
         U.S.C. 1323(b)), as amended by section
    209(a) of INTCA, is amended by striking ``remain'' and inserting
``remains''. (7) Section 209(a)(1) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1323.&gt;&gt; of INTCA is amended by striking ``$3000'' and inserting ``$3,000''. (8) Section 209(b)
<&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1323 note.&gt;&gt; of INTCA is amended
    by striking ``subsection'' and
               inserting ``section''. (9) Section 219(cc) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255a
                       note.>> of INTCA is amended by striking
                    `year 1993 the first place it appears' and inserting `` `year 1993' the fi
                                             'year 1993' the first place
    it appears''. (10) Section 219(ee) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1161 note.&gt;&gt; of
INTCA is amended by adding at the end the following: ``(3) The
amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date of
the enactment of this Act.''. (11) Paragraphs (4) and (6) of section
286(r) (8 U.S.C. 1356(r)) are amended by inserting ``the'' before ``Fund'' each place it appears. (12) Section 221 <&lt;NOTE:
8 USC 1101 note.>> of INTCA is amended-- (A) by striking each semicolon and inserting a comma, (B) by striking ``disasters.'' and inserting ``disasters,''; and (C) by striking ``The official''
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and inserting ``the official''. (13) Section 242A (8 U.S.C. 1252a), as added
by section 224(a) of INTCA and before redesignation as section 238
by section 308(b)(5) of this division, is amended
by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c). (14) < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1101 note. &gt; &gt;
Except
as otherwise provided in this subsection, the amendments made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of \ 
                INTCA. (c) Amendments Relating to Public
           Law 104-132 (Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act
           of 1996).-- (1) Section 219 (8
U.S.C. 1189), as added by section 302(a) of Antiterrorism and Effective
     Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132) (in this subsection referred
to as ``AEDPA''), is amended by striking the heading and all that follows through ``(a)'' and inserting the following: ``Sec. 219. (a)''. (2) Section 302(b) of AEDPA
is amended by striking ``, relating to terrorism,''. (3) Section 106(a) (8 U.S.C. 1105a(a)), as amended by sections 401(e) and 440(a) of
AEDPA, is amended--
(A) by striking ``and'' at the end of
     paragraph (8); (B) by striking the period at the
end of paragraph (9) and inserting `; and''; and (C) in paragraph (10), by striking ``Any'' and inserting ``any''. (4) Section 440(a) of the AEDPA is amended by striking ``Section 106 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105a(a)(10)) is
amended to read as
follows: '' and inserting ``Section 106(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1105a(a)) is amended by < &lt; NOTE: 8 USC 1252a. &gt; &gt; adding
at the end the following: '' (5) Section 440(g)(1)(A)
     of AEDPA is amended -- [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-723]]
           (A) by striking `of this title''; and (B) by striking the period after `241(a)(2)(A)(i)''. (6) Section 440(g) of AEDPA is
           amended by striking paragraph (2). (7) The <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1189 note.&gt;&gt; amendments
           made
                by this subsection shall take effect as if included in
           the enactment of subtitle A of title IV of AEPDA. (d) Striking
           References to Section 210A .--
(1)(A) Section 201(b)(1)(C) (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(1)(C)) is
     amended by striking ``, 210A,''. (B) Section 274B(a)(3)(B) (8
                U.S.C. 1324b(a)(3)(B)) is amended by striking ``, 210A(a),''. (C)
           Section 241(a)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1251(a)(1))
                before redesignation by section 305(a)(2) of this division,
     is amended by striking subparagraph (F). (2) Sections 204(c)(1)(D)(i) and 204(j)(4)
of Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1255a note.&gt;&gt; are each amended by striking ``, 210A,''. (e) Miscellaneous Changes in the Immigration and Nationality Act.-- (1) Before being amended by section 308(a)(2)
           of this division, the item
          in the table of contents relating to section 242A is amended to read as follows: ``Sec. 242A. Expedited deportation of aliens convicted
           of committing aggravated felonies.''.
(2) Section 101(c)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1101(c)(1)) is amended by striking ``, 321, and 322'' and inserting ``and 321''. (3) Section 212(d)(11) (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(11)) is amended by inserting a comma after ``(4) thereof)''. (4)
Pursuant to section 6(b) of Public Law 103-272 (108 Stat. 1378)-- (A)
section 214(f)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1184(f)(1)) is amended by striking 'section 101(3) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958' and inserting 'section
40102(a)(2) of title 49, United States Code''; and (B) section 258(b)(2)
      (8 U.S.C. 1288(b)(2)) is amended by striking ``section 105 or 106
of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. App. 1804, 1805)'' and inserting
 `section 5103(b), 5104, 5106, 5107, or 5110 of title 49, United
States Code''. (5) Section 286(h)(1)(A) (8 U.S.C. 1356(h)(1)(A)) is
amended by inserting a period after ``expended''. (6) Section 286(h)(2)(A) (8
     1356(h)(2)(A)) is amended-- (A) by striking ``and'' at the end
of clause (iv); (B) by moving clauses (v) and (vi) 2
ems to the left; (C) by striking ``; and'' in clauses
(v) and (vi) and inserting ``and for''; (D) by striking the
colons in clauses (v) and (vi); and (E) by striking
the period at the end of clause (v) and inserting
     and''. (7) Section 412(b) (8
                U.S.C. 1522(b)) is amended by striking the comma after ``is authorized''
           in paragraph (3) and after `The Secretary' in paragraph (4). [[Page 110 STAT. 3009-724]] (f) Miscellaneous Change in the Immigration Act
           of 1990.--Section 161(c)(3) <&lt;NOTE: 8
                USC 1101
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note.>> of the Immigration Act of 1990 is amended by striking ``an an'' and inserting ``of an''.

(g) Miscellaneous Changes in Other Acts.-- (1) Section 506(a) of the

Intelligence Authorization Act, Fiscal

Year 1990 (Public Law 101-193) <&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1430 note.&gt;&gt; is amended by striking ``this section'' and inserting ``such section''. (2) Section 140 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995, as amended by section 505(2) of Public &lt;&lt;NOTE: 8 USC 1182 note.&gt;&gt; Law 103-317, is amended-- (A) by moving the indentation of subsections (f) and (g) 2 ems to the left; and (B) in subsection (g), by striking

``(g)'' and all that follows through ``shall'' and inserting ``(g) Subsections (d) and (e) shall''.
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